BY JAMES W. BELLER. The "SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON" is published every Tuesday Morning, at \$2 in advance—\$2.50 if paid within the year—or \$3 if not paid until after the expiration of the year.

g-ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of \$1 per square, for the first three insertions, and 25cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manuscript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and CHARGED ACCORDINGLY.

THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA FIRE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Will issue Policies on all kinds of Property. Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates. Capital \$100,000, with power to increase the same to \$200,000.

THE attention of the citizens of Virginia is especially invited to this Company as a Home Institution, based upon ample capital, and guaranteed by the best of references; and conducted on the strictest principles of th

ity, justice, and economy. HOME OFFICE-WINCHESTER, VA. JOS. S. CARSON, President. C. S. FUNK, Secretary. O. F. BRESEE, Actuary.

James H. Burgess, Lloyd Logan, John Kerr,

B. W. HERBERT, Agent for Jefferson county
[r.r.] August 2, 1853-17

Testimonials. Winchester, May 27, 1853.

We, the undersigned, being solicited to give our opinion as to the character and standing of the Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia, have no hesitation in saying that we have the utmost confidence in the ability and integrity of the President and Directors of that Company.

The fact that we have insured our own property in the Company, is perhaps the strongest evidence we can give as to our opinion of its merits.

J. H. Sherrard, Cash. Farmer's Bank of Va. Hon. J. M. Mason, U. S. Senator.

Jacob Senseny, Esq., Merchant, Winchester.

T. A. Tidball, Prest. of Bank of Valley of Va. WINCHESTER, MAY 27, 1853.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM-HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. Incorporated 1810.--Charter Perpetual. Capital \$150,000, with power of increasing it to \$250,000. PUBLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills, Machine-ry, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Merchandise, House-hold Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port, &c., will be insured at rates as low as the risk will

Applications for Insurance may be made of B. W. HERBERT, In the absence of the Agent from Charlestown, to J. P. Brown, Esq., who will attend to them promptly.

Percons at a distance address through the mail.

N. B. On all Church Buildings and Clergymen's personal property the Agent will present his commissions in reducing the amount of premiums on the risks

thus arising. July 13, 1852-1y PHŒNIX MARBLE WORKS. A. GADDESS Corner Sharp and German Streets.

BALTIMORE, MD.

CASH FOR NEGROES. I AM desirous to purchase a large number of NE-GROES for the southern markets, men, women boys, girls and families, for which I will give the highest cash prices. Persons having slaves to sell will please inform me personally, or by letter at Winchester, which will receive prompt attention; or B. M. & W. L. Campbell, No. 242, West Pratt street, Baltimore.

ELIJAH McDOWELL,

Agent of B. M. & W. L. Campbell.

September 20, 1853-1y

Winchester, July 7, 1851-1y AGENCY.

PANY OF THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA, at Winchester, and HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Connecticut, will receive applications and regulate Premiums on all risks in the former Company, and Insure Property and deliver Policy on the preverty insured arroon as premiums are paid in the heaver company.

SUBSCRIPTIONS received for the following Newspapers and Periodicals: Daily, tri-weekly and weekly National Intelligencer. Baltimore American.

Da. da. do. Baltimo Weekly Episcopal Recorder. Do. Littells' Living Ages. Monthly Boys' and Girls' Magazine. Da , Youths Cabinet and Mentor B. W. HERBERT.

December 28, 1852-1y UNITED STATES HOTEL,

Harpers-Ferry. Va. Harpers-Ferry, Va.

FOR Passengers in the new Accommodation Trains of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and Winchester and Potomae Railroad, Broakfast will always be prepared and on the table at this Hotel, adjoining the Depot, on the arrival of the cars from Winchester, to connect with the Train to Baltimore and Washington, Leaving here at 7, o'clock, A. M. DiNNER, as usual, at 2; o'clock, on the arrival of the train from Wheeling. SUPPER always upon the Table on the arrival of the Winchester and Baltimore Cars.

Persons on business or pleasure can remain in Persons on husiness or pleasure can remain in Harpers-Ferry from 7 A. M. to 3 P. M. and leave in

he evening train for Baltimore and Washington.
August 33, 1853. M. CARRELI M. CARRELL. "For what is Money, but convenience?" "HO! YE LOVERS OF THE WEED!"

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TOBACCO, CIGAR AND SNUFF STORE,
Opposite the U.S. Hotel, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and the Valley generally that he has just opened a large and well selected assortment of the best brands of TOBACCO, CIGARS, AND SNUFFS, of all grades as to quality and price, adapted to please the taste and pocket of the most fas-titious, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest market price. He would ask a call from the merchants and citizens, and feels assured that he will be able to give general satisfaction to all who may give him a call. His Stock embraces all articles in the above named N. B. He has hands employed in manufacturing [May 24, 1853.

GENERAL AGENCY,

Washington, D. C.

THE subscriber offers his services to the public in the prosecution of Claims before Congress, or any of the Departments of the Government. Some years experience as disbursing agent of the Indian Department, with a general knowledge of the mode of transacting business in the various offices of the Government, enables him to promise satisfaction to all who may entrust business of this character to his care.

He will also give special attention to the collection of claims against parties residing in the District of Columbia or its vicinity, negotiating loans as well as the purchase or sale of Stocks, Real Estate, Land Warrants, &c., &c., or furnish information to correspondents residing at a distance in regard to any busi-Washington, D. C. pondents residing at a distance in regard to any business which may interest them at the seat of Govern-

His Office is over the Banking House of Selden, JAMES J. MILLER. TO TRAVELLERS.

Superior and Economical!
New Line between HarpersFerry and Washington. THE well-known, safe and comfortable Steam-Pac ket, Capt. VOLNEY PURCELL, running in con nection with the Cars at Harpers-Ferry, leaving Har-pers-Ferry at 6 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Washpers-Ferry at 6 o'clock, A. M., and arrive at Washington city at 6 o'clock, P. M. The same Packet will leave Washington city, for the First Trip, on the 11th of July, running up one day and down the next regularly, (except Sunday,) making three trips a week. Passengers by this favorable and economical route are Passengers by this favorable and economical route are offered an opportunity of enjoying the beautiful scene-ry of the Potomac by daylight. Fare from Harpers-Ferry to Washington, \$2.

May 24, 1853.

NEW JEWELRY STORE. THE subscriber begs leave to return his sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage he has received during the last two years he has been engaged in repairing WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c., in in repairing WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c., in Charlestown, From the many solicitations of his friends and customers he has at last met their wishes by offering them a good assortment of Gold and Silver WATCHES AND JEWELRY, of every description, and will continue to keep on hand every thing pertaining to the Jewelry line. He has arrangements made in such a way that he will be able to fill any order in a few days that shall offer, at rates

to suit the times.
WATCHES AND JEWELRY, of every description, carefully repaired as usual.
W. T. McDONALD,

Charlestown, May 24, 1853. J. R. THOMPSON & CO.,

Merchant Tailors,

PENNSYLVANIA Avenue, between 3d and 41 sts., two doors east of the United States Hotel, desires to call the attention of their old customers, members of Congress, strangers, and the public generally, to their importation of French, English and American CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS, which they will make up in their usual style of ele-gance, and at prices as reasonable as any other esta-blishment in the District of Columbia. February 22, 1853—tf

FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST. HAVING rented the Brick Warehouse, at Shepherdstown, and made arrangements I am prepared to pay the highest Cash Prices for WHEAT, CORN, &c., upon delivery.

I will also keep constantly on hand PLASTER, FISH, SALT, &c., in exchange for Country Produce, or sell at low cash prices, and I will forward any produce to the District or Alexandria at the usual prices. August 23, 1853—if

C. W. LUCAS.

CHARLES B. HARDING, WILL Practice in the Inferior and Superior Courts
of Jefferson, Clarke and Loudoun. Office, Nc.
1, Shenandoah street, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia.

ORANGES AND LEMONS, just received by Aug. 2. H. L. EBY & SON. HERRING AND MACKEREL.

A FRESH supply of Herring and Mackerel just received and for sale R. H BROWN. OBACCO AND CIGARS.--A prime lot of Tobacco and Cigars, just received and for sale by use 21.

# CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1853.

No. 44

Poetry.

BY GEO. D. PRENTICE.

'Tis morn-the sea breeze seems to bring Joy, health and freshness on its wing; Bright flowers, to me all strange and new. Are glittering in the early dew, And perfumes rise from every grove An incense to the clouds that move Like spirits o'er yon welkin clear; But I am sad—thou art not here!

'Tis noon—a calm, unbroken sleep Is on the blue wave of the deep; A soft haze, like a fairy dream, Is floating over wood and stream And many a broad magnolia flower, Within its shadowy woodland bower, Is gleaming like a lonely star; But I am sad-thou art afar!

Are printing their own Eden dies; The stars come down, and trembling, glow Like blossoms on the wave below, And like an unseen spirit, the breeze Seems lingering 'mid the orange trees Breathing its music round the spot; But I am sad-I see thee not!

'Tis midnight-with a soothing spell The far off tones of ocean swell-Soft as the mother's cadence mild, Low bending o'er her sleeping child; And on each wandering breeze are heard The rich notes of the mocking bird, In many a wild and wondrous lay; But I am sad-thou art away!

I sink in dreams-low, sweet and clear, Thine own dear voice is in my ear; Around my cheek their tresses twine-Thine own loved hand is clasped in mine, Thine own soft lips to mine are pressed, Thy head is pillowed on my breast; Oh! I have all my heart holds dear, And I am happy—thou art here.

[From the N. Y. National Democrat.]

SIGNS OF THE FALL. The curious wind comes arching through the street, With bodings bitter, Whirling around the quick pedestrian's feet Whole heaps of litter.

The charcoalman has donned his thicker coat And gloves of leather. And Chilly strains, that frembling gush, denote He's 'neath the weather. The shopkeepers withdraw their fragile stock Of lace and muslins,

Under these to stand the stalwart shock Of autumn's bustlings. Delaines and Thibets float upon the air In tempting manner, And Bay State plaids are floating everywhere,

Like many a banner. And winter furs come on us unperceived-Of fitch and sable-And sposa and the girls, their cloaks achieved.

And little Billy takes his winter boots From where he's thrown them; Alas! he tries and finds that neither suits, For he has outgrown them. The vine looks sickly on the trellis high-The leaves all curling,
And every breeze that hastens rudely by Sets them a whirling.

The old spout hanging by a single nail Doth sigh and mutter, As if in meek remonstrance with the gale. That threats doth utter. The summer birds have left their breezy haunt Among our branches, And moving upon their regular annual jaunt

To warmer ranches. Huge beaps of coal defile the sidewalk way, And we, confound 'em, Must o'er their slippery heights a path essay, Or travel around 'en

And many balls thrust in their leech like length . With items fearful, Testing the purse whose corresponding strength Is never near full.

And white hats fade like flakes of falling snow In spring's warm weather, And fashion's votaries take another bow, Or higher feather.

The biting airs the shrinking flesh appal And every thing proclaims the approach of fall,

## Miscellaneous.

## A BEAUTIFUL THOUGHT.

I AM LIKE THAT LEAF.-Nature has been called the first and great instructor of man; it is so, and it is well that it is. There are many that can be reached only through the phenomena of nature, and therefore, He "who doeth all things well," hath bidden them to speak, though voiceless. From the dew that gently distills, to the gorgeous leaf of autumn that falls in many a circling eddy, all are harmoniously joined in teaching man what Time has labored to destroy. Yet, all unmoved we calmly note them down, or idly pass them by, and thus neglect what Time hath spared.

"I am like that leaf." How many times I have thought to use the expression, it is so lifelike! The Spring time of the year has passed. the Summer is gone, the harvest done, and now Autumn is here, shedding her tears on the ephemeral and with the hours of summer are time of life soon passes, aye is already gone, summer, with its flowers is seen nor heard again; the harvest of worldly gain and manly applause is ended; the falling tears as so many

leaf to its parent stem, a wind, a zephyr may snap it, and forgotten I shall moulder on the the grave entomb us.

"I am like that leaf." It may have been beautiful but it will soon fade entirely; it has | strictly defensive condition, men must naturally, fallen and no one knows or cares where it lies. | take the opposite line, that of attack; other-So with man; he may for a time adorn the wise if both parties held aloof, there would be world, then he passes away, and no one knows | no more marriages; and the hosts would die in where he lies, or if they know they speedily | their respective inaction, without ever coming forget, and the place that once knew him shall know him no more, forever. Leaves have their | dies will not, the men must take the offensive. time to fall, and, though death knows so sea- I, for my part have made in the course of my son, yet we have our time to die; the very life, at least a score of chivalrous attacks upon hour and its agonies were known in heaven before time began. The common lot of mortals is to sleep in Lethe's waves and it is sad to see the lights of beauty wear away, to behold the limbs losing their roundness and shrivelling up; sadder to know that the lines where beauty has lingered, the eyes where leve has dwelt, the mind where hope has thrived are all to be swept away by "dreary's effacing fingers."

The New York Sun says of the intemperance of that city: "Without exaggerating, we may estimate that each liquor store open on Sunday has on an average, six customers, which would make a total for the 5000 places, reported, of thirty thousand patrons. Half of this number drink until reason reels; so that fifteen thousand of the population of New York, are in a state of intemperance or drankenness on the day set apart in all Christian countries for the worship of that Creator who gave to man reason and an immortal soul Many will regard this estimate as too moderate; but we do not think the argument to be deduced from the fact would be strengthened by a dopting the extreme."

MURDER IN DINWIDDIE. - The Petersburg Express gives the particulars of an affray in Dinwiddle county last Monday in which Thomas Lewis shot and killed Edward Lewis, his cousin. Cause, fam-

Bridge bergegen at het det de touten

focal point for all the adventurers of the earth, and where stern necessity compels us all to be hard-hearted, or at least to withhold a thousand things which elsewhere would be granted freely. We are all a set of drudges, striving to gain daily what the farmer possesses in

is here omnipotent, and plays strange pranks among us.

Et perrumpere amat saxa, potentius, ! Ictu fulmineo."

In the country all is different. The farmer try, poverty is stripped of almost all her horrors, and absolute want a thing unknown.

A correspondent of the Placer Herald is re

"A marriage took place on the night of the 15th ult., at the Nevada Hotel-a lady not unknown to the California public, to a gentleman from Kentucky, now a citizen of this State, he being the fifth upon whom she had conferred Hymenial honors, and the third whose heads are yet above the sod. By a strange concatenation of circumstances, her two last husbands, between whom and herself all marital duties had ceased to exist by the operation of the divorce law, and put up at the Nevada House on the same evening, ignorant of the fact that their former cara sposa had rested under the same roof with themselves, and also that they had both in former years been wedded to the same

which produced their separation, the cause being traceable to a too free indulgence in intox-

icating liquors. fare of her former husbands."

Can any man lay his hand upon his waistcoat and conscientiously say, "Uutil I saw the present Mrs. Jones, I never was in love in my by as feeble a thread as that which binds that | taching themselves to any mortal except their ground. Or if it is spared for even three score admires you hugely, and is heir to two thousand ten days yet they are all speedily passed, and a year!" They never begin the attack, as and then must come the fall, the decay. We I have heard; but their young hearts wait like may smile now, flowers may bloom around us, like so many fortresses, to be attacked and carall may be attractive, yet the chilling winds | ried after a proper peried of seige-by blockwill blow, the cold, damp air enshroud us, and ade, or by bribery, or by capitulation, or by fiery escalade.

to a battle. Thus it is evident that as the laseveral strongly fortified hearts. Sometimes l of the citadel-ah, that I should say it-a sudden panic has struck me, and I have run like the British out of Carthagenia!

..., Dr. Cox, speaking of persons who profess to do a great deal for religion, without really professing any, says they resemble Noah's carpenters, who built a ship in which other people were saved, although they were drown-

.... The Arabians have a saying, "It is not good to jest with God, Death or the Devil, for the first neither can nor will be mocked, the second mocks all one time or another, and the third puts an eternal sarcasm on those that are familiar with him,

THE SPEECH OF LOVE.

You ask me love, to sing to you, Dear heart! but what and why? Songs are but skilful-woven words, That tinkle unto certain chords, And are but born to die!

Words cannot show my burning love, My spirit's secret fire; I try to speak, and make it plain About my pleasure and my pain: But speech and song expire!

There is more cloquence in looks,
More poesy in signs,
Than ever yet in speech was framed,
Or any song of poet famed,
Though lit at ladies eyes.

Then bid me sing of love no more, But let me silent be;
For silence is the speech of love,
The music of the spheres above,
That best befitteth thee! [Knickerbocker Magazine. A COMPLETE REFUTATION.

(From the Norfolk Argus.)

Gen. Pierce can proudly point to his public life for an earnest of his devotion to the rights of the States. His course on this subject has been as even, as regular, and as utterly above reproach as his own unsullied career as a private citizen. From the time that Abolitionism first raised its Gorgon head, he saw its object he anticipated its dangers, and he grappled with its champions. The journals of Congress prove all this, and prove it completely. There is no politician who can present a longer, a stronger, or a more exemplary record—no man whish is so safe on that question which so nearly concerns our common welfare, and which is now, and will hereafter be, constantly agitated by the banded foes of the Constitution. His great and only crime consists, in the estimation of Southern Whigs, that he frowns down every attempt to re-open a question, the adjustment of which a few years since, convulsed this Union to its centre. In entering upon the duties of his office, he proclaimed to the world his determination in respect to this subject .-Here is his emphatic declaration, and thus far he has adhered most scrupulously to it. If he has deviated from it a single iota, we should

like to be furnished with the proof: "I believe that involuntary servitude, as it exists in different States of this Confederacy, is recognized by the Constitution, I believe that it stands like any other admitted right, and that the States where it exists are entitled to efficient remedies to enforce the constitutional provisions. I hold that the laws of 1850, commonly called the compromise measures, are strictly constitutional, and ought to be unlesitatingly carried into effect.

"I b lieve that the constituted authorities of this Republic are bound to regard the rights of the South in this respect, as they would view any other legal and constitutional right, and that the laws to enforce them should be respected and obeyed, not with a reluctance encouraged by abstract opinions as to their propriety in a different state of society, but cheerfully and according to the decisions of the tribunal to which their exposition belongs.

"Such have been and are my convictions, and upon them I shall act. I fervently hope that the question is at rest, and that no sectional, or ambitious, or fanatical excitement may again threaten the durability of our institulions or obscure the light of our prosperity. But let not the foundation of our hope rest upon man's wisdom." This is the man whom Southern Whigs con-

tinue to denounce as giving encouragement to free soilers and having abolition proclivities .-His last act repels this unjust and groundless imputation. It is found in the decided letter which we give below, from the Secretary of the Interior, in the case of the fugitive slave claimed by Isham Keith, of this State, where the most unbending resolution to enforce the Fugitive Slave Law is indicated: DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. )

Washington, Oct. 4, 1853. Sir :- Yours of the 3d inst. has been received, and I have telegraphed you to consult the District Attorney, employ counsel, if necessary, and use all reasonable means for the enforce ment of the law. This department is determined that the Fugitive Slave Law shall, so far as it depends upon it, be executed in good faith. and that the officers legitimately employed in carrying it into effect, shall be sustained .-They need not fear any difficulty here so long as they discharge their duties efficiently and

faithfully. I am, sir, &c., R. McCLELLAND, Sec'v. Col. Francis M. Wynkoop, Marshal, Eastern District, Pennsylvania.

## THE WASHINGTON GLOBE.

The prospectus of the "Daily Globe" and the "Congressional Globe" is published in the Wasl ington papers, under the signature of John C. Rives The Congressional Globe and its Appendix, containing, a perfect record of the proceedings and debates of Congress, executive communications, &c., are printed in quarto form, at \$6 per year, and by a special law of Congress, are-carried in the mail throughout the Union free of cost, The Daily Glot e will be issued at \$5.00 a year. It will be as large as the Intelligencer or Union, and beautifully print-

ed. Mr. Rives says: "I will have a corps of sixteen Reporters in Congress; each in succession will take notes during five minutes, then retire, prepare them for the Press, put them slip by slip in the hands of compositors, and thus, while a debate is going on in Congress, it will be put in type, and in a few minutes after it is ended it will be in print;" and "thus the accurate debates of Congress will reach the cities two hundred and fifty miles from the Capitol before their daily morning papers are in circulation."

"The miscellaneous news I shall be careful to gather from remote sections of the country by telegraph. I will obtain from the Executive Departments the matters of moment transacted in them, and, all the city news of consequence, in sufficient time to be put into the Globe and mailed in the Express Mail trains."

BEAUTY.

True beauty resides in the soul. It is the form of goodness. How charmingly is this expressed in the following: "Spiritual beauty, and the sweet youthfulness which cleaves to it, unlike the fading beauty of the body, never deticipating in the nature of angels, and is often loveliest as the moment when the temple it has inhabited falls away from it ruined and dismanteled. The better it is known, the more ardently is it loved; and hence it is that at the end of a long life, the woman who is possessed of it, though the rose leaves be all scattered charms her husband even more than at first."

CARPET FOR THE PRESIDENT'S HOUSE .- It is stated that a gorgeous carpet has just been finished at Glasgow, Scotland, for the White House at Washington It measures 80 feet long by 40 feet broad; the portion woven in the loom without a seam being 72 feet by 31 feet; and the remainder consists of a handsome border sewn on. The filling in of the carpet is a ruby and crimson damask, with three tasteful medaltions in the centre, and a rich corner. piece to correspond. The medallions are filled up with boquets of flowers, designed and executed with magnificent taste. The entire place weighs upwards of a ton and is valued at \$2,500. [Baltimore Sun.

A MINISTER DIVORCED.—They had a divorce case decided up at Ashland last week. Rev. L. S. Everell, a few weeks since, applied to the court for a divorce from his wife, the late widow Hoyt, of Buffalo. The application was refused by the County Judge of Leraine. He then removed the venue to Ashland county, where he was successful, and last week was married to Miss Wright, a niece of the rejected wife.—Cincinnali Enquirer.

.... I would not answer for the conduct of was so conceited of his own abilities as to be dictive in due degree with our own doubts of the chance of finding forgiveness. above advice.

WINCHESTER AND POTOMAC RAIL-ROAD MEETING.

The annual meeting of the above Company took place in the Court-House on Saturday last. The report made by the President, W. L. CLARK, Esq., exhibits a more substantially encouraging state of affairs than existed at any former period.

The increase over last year in the passenger re-

A dividend of four per cent, was paid to the stockholders on the 18th of May last, and another of six per cent, has been declared, as announced in the proper columns of to day's paper, payable on the 1st proximo. Pesides this, there has been paid during the year, on account of the loss and damage arising from the flood, the sum of \$10,455 30; and the floa ing debt has been reduced from \$33,198 92 to \$23,994 64. Withal, the works of the company are improved to the extent of new bridges and trestle work at the Ferry; and the road-way and rolling-stock are "in good condition and abundantly

sufficient for all the purposes of our trade.

The quantity of flour transported during the year was 250 289 barrels against 216,750 last year, and more than ever before; and this, the president remarks, "notwithstanding a large portion of our distant supplies has sought other markets." The trade in this item he says, is just dou le what it was in 1843, ten years since, when the quantity brought from a distance was as great as, if not greater than, now; thus proving what has been done in the country immediately and necessarily tributary to the road by means of improved farming, and the enterprise and good faith of our merchants and millers. The singular fact is mentioned that

part passu, by the other principal articles of traffic moving both eastward and westward. No very serious reverse to the success of the road up whatever Manassa may abstract; and contribu- denied the position which is essential to the exfine country, so long associated commercially with Winchester, cannot now, by any accession to its wealth and prosperity, be wholly dissevered from her. Its interests must grow sufficiently to reach both Alexandria and Winchester, directly or indirectly .- Winchester Virginian.

"The slanderous woman poisons the atmos the sanctities of a thousand homes with a sinly as infectious as the yellow fever." There is more truith than poetry in the above. Pass it round. Preserve it, and when-

ever you hear one of these veteran gossips beginning their " they say," read the above aloud.

A writer in the Christian Herald cites the in a religious lecture room, Montgomery, Alabama. It is not a bad illustration in the way of an admonition:

"My bredren, God bless your souls, 'ligion is like the Alabama river! In spring comes fresh, an bring in all de ole logs, sleds, an sticks dat hab been lyin' on de bank, and carry dem down in de current. Bymeby de water go down-den a log cotch on disisland, den a slab get cotched on de shore, and de sticks on de bushes-an dare dey lie, witherin' an divin' till come 'nother fresh. Jus' so dar come 'vival ob 'ligion-dis ole sinner bro't in, dat ole backslider bro't back, an all de folks seem comin', an mighty good times. But bredren, God bless your soles, bymeby 'vival's gone-den dis ole sinner is stuck on his own sin afore on jus' such a rock; den one arter 'noder, dat had got 'ligion, lies all along de shore, and dare dey lie till 'noder 'vival. Belubed bredren, God bless your souls, keep in de current."

STRANGE CUSTOM. if he can pay her the price to her father.

## A LICK BACK.

For lawyers practiced in the Carolina—their names were Hilmon, Swine Dews, and Dodge. While the last named was making a speech in a cause, the first three wrote on a strip of paper an epitaph, and cast it directly before Mr. Dodge where he must necessarily see it, as follows:

Here lies Dodge, who dodg'd all good
And he dodg'd a deal of evil;
Who, after dodging all he could,
He could not dodge the devil. He raised the paper-read it and instantly composed Here lies a Hilmon and a swain

also as certainly make them oppressive bur-dens' which would sink the most hopeful soul into the deepest perdition. ....The amiable is a duty most certianly, but must not be exercised at the expense of any of the virtues. He who seeks to do the amia-

....It is easier to forgive an ancient enemy than the friend we have offended. Our resentthe ablest man in the world if I knew that he | ment grows with our undesert, and we feel vin-

## Mariety.

.... The moment that a man begins to rise

above his fellows, he becomes a mark for their missiles. The already superior regard him as a probable competitor, and those below, or equal, as an impediment to their own progress. They make common cause, accordingly, for his distruction. But this, if he be of the right moral stuff, will rather help than hurt him. If he be truly superior, the roughening process to which the strife objects him, endows him with the most beneficial hardihood; and he continues to ascend, until he ceases to be within the control of either. As soon as they discover that their missiles no longer reach the object, they gather them up and make of them a monument in his honor, equally emulous in wor-ship of the genius which they failed to victim-ize. So far he is safe; but then he is required to be doubly circumspect, and his shield must be one of the most crystalline propriety. While he strugled up the ascent, they would probably have preferred to see him weak and vicious. But once upon the eminence, his adamant must be of more proof than ever. His former fame is now his foe, and the exactions of his station are more dangerous than all the missiles of his ancient enemies. Let him falter in his place-let him touch the earth for an instant, and show his stains-and the clamour and the assault are always more formidable from the superior elevation of the victim. We see spots on the sun and moon, which we should never regard on a housewall or a hillock.

.... We are quite too apt to confound vanty with self-esteem. The former is always a weakness, though sometimes an amiable one. The latter is significant of strength, though its exhibition is quite too often at the expense of its neighbours. Vanity may be likened to the smooth-skinned and velvet-footed mouse, nibbling about forever in expectation of a crumb; while self-esteem is to apt too take the likeness of the huge butcher's dog, who carries off your steaks, and growls at you as he goes.

.... He is a freeman, whose social condition is in no respect inferior to the claims of his moral nature and his intellect. He is no slave no matter what his condition, when that condition continues to improve in intellectual and moral respects. He, alone is the slave, who is ercise of his proper faculties, and the fit development of his natural powers. - Ho cannot but be a tyrant, whom society has lifted into a condition superior to his capacities.

to prove that we are incapable of a proper sentiment of gratitude. To receive favors from the unworthy, is simply to admit that our selfiishness is superior to our pride. Most men re-member obligations, but not often to be grateful for them. The proud are made sour by the remembrance, and the vain silent. "Ah, doctaw, does the choleraw awfect the higher awdaw ." asked an exquisite of a celebra-

.... To feel oppressdd by obligation, is only

the M. D.; "but it's death on fools, and you'd better leave the city immediately, if not sooner." The fellow sloped. .... That audacity, which is one of the esentials of genius, has always laughed at what the conventional would describe as decorum. Genius is discovery. How should it submit the training of its eyes to those by whom no

discoveries have yet been made. A FEMALE LAWYER .- The Cleveland plaindealer says that Mrs. R. Coe has been pursuing a course of legal studies, for the purpose of qualifying herself for the practice of such a profession. What Jury could withstand the eloquence of such a special pleader?

....Knowledge is not wisdom. A person may know much, and yet have no claim to be called wise. Wisdom is the practical application of knowledge.

.... She who can tell a frightful story to her child, or allow one to be told, ought to have a guardian appointed over herself.

.... I have always preferred cheerfulness to mirth. The latter I consider as an art, the former as a habit of mind. Mirth is short and transient, cheerfulness fixed and permanent.

... A man of talent is lost, if he do not join to talent energy of character. With the lantern of Diogenes you should also have his

.... Health comes of itself; but we are of great pains to get our diseases. Health comes from a simple life of nature; disease from the artificial life of nature.

Those who climb heights move slower than those who cross the plain. .... The only correct idea of social liberty is, that each person should be suffered to occu-py his proper place, according to his natural

.... The effect of character is always to command consideration. We sport, and toy, and laugh, with men and women who have none; but we never confide in them. .... Many persons fancy themselves friendly when they are only officious. They counsel,

not so much that you should become wise, as that they should be recognised as teachers of ....Justice is the great, but simple principle, and the whole secret of success, in all gov-

ernment; as absolutely essential to the training of an infant, as the control of a mighty nation. .... The worldly mind fancies that judge ment is implied chiefly in the capacity to censure; and yet there is no judgment so exquisite

as that which knows properly how to approve. .... Vanity is so constantly solicitous of self, | bon, at \$350. that, even where its own claims are not interested, it indirectly seeks the aliment which it loves, by showing how little is deserved by No. 17-A Ewe, by M. M. Clay, of Bourothers.

RAILROAD TO ALEXANDRIA .- On Tuesday, the committee, appointed at a meeting of citizens of Washington, we learn from the Sentinel, had a full Washington, we learn from the Sentiner, had a full conference with the President, Engineer, and two Directors of the Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire Railroad Company, in relation to a branch railway from Washington to Alexandria. It is supposed that the work can be constructed for about two hundred thousand dollars.

.... How my neighbor thinks, is scarcely of so much importance to me as how he feelr .-That he is a heretic, may be a very bad thing; but that is not properly a coucern of mine, so long as his faith never effects his conduct. I see no heresy in the bunch of flowers that he so frequently sends for my toilet; and the green pres from his garden are among the first of the

.... Temperance puts wood on the fire, flour in the barrel, vigor in the body, intelligence in the brain, and spirit in the whole composition

....Wife, (complainingly:)—"I haven't more than a third of the bed."
Husband, (triumphantly:)—" Well, that's all the law allows you."

# OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CARDS, EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DESPATCH AT THE OFFICE OF SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON,

REAT SALE OF BLOODED STOCK BY THE NORTH KENTUCKY CATTLE IMPORTING COM-PANY.

(From the Lexington Observer and Reporter.) Agreeably to their published notice, the North Kentucky Cattle Improving Company sold at public sale the whole of their stock, recently imported by their agents, Messrs. Dudley, Garrand and Vanmeter, on Thursday last. The sale took place on the farm of Brutus J. Clay, Esq., in Bourbon County, and brought together a larger collection of people than was ever assembled at any previous sale of property in that State. The bids, as heretofore noticed, were retricted to the citizens of Kentucky, and the purchaser was required to enter into bonds not to remove the stock from the State for twelve months.

We subjoin a list of stock sold, the price each animal brought, and the name of the purchasers. It will be seen that the purchasers were exclusively confined to the counties of Fayette, Bourbon, Clarke, Woodford, Scott and Franklin, and that the benefits of this splendid importation will thus be confined to to this immediate vicinity. We presume that we are safe in saving that

such a sale of stock, we mean at such figures, the number of head taken into conideration, never took place in the United States, if indeed it was ever equaled in the world. One bull brought upwards of six thousand dollars, a heifer upwards of three thousand dollars a buck upwards of one thousand, and a Cleveland Bay stallion-the only horse imported-twentyeight hundred dollars! The stock is of the finest description and is

an invaluable acquisition to the blood stock of the country, for the purpose of crossing with that which we now have. Indeed, it may now be safely assumed that Kentucky is unsurpassed by any portion of the Union in the character of her stock, and that she means to maintain that position is entirely clear from that which has just transpired.

To those who originally invested in this importation, the return is about 150 per cent. upon the amount of capital invested. The cost of the stock delivered here, as we understand, was about \$23,000, while the aggregate of its sales was \$55,976, a profit of \$32,976! The following list comprises the sales: BULLS.

No 1 .- Young Chilton, white, 3 years old, bought by Wm. Warfield, of Fayette, at \$3,005. No. 2 .- Diamond, roan 3 years old, bought by George M. Bedford of Bourben at

No. 3 .- The Count, roan 2 years old, bought by Strawder Goff, of Clarke, at \$2,575. old bought by A. J. Alexander, of Woodford, No- 5 .- Fusileer, roan, 2 yrs. old, bought by Robert W. Scott. of Franklin, at \$1,425.

No. 6 .- Senator, white, one year old,

bought by John Curd and Albert and John

No. 7 .- Bellville, roan, 1 yr. old, bought by Geo. W. Sutton, of Fayette, at \$1,500. No. 8 .- Challenger, roan, one year old bought by T. Goff, of Clarke, at \$4,850. No. 9 .- Fortunatus, roan, one year old, bought by I. Vanmeter, of Clarke, at \$1,800. No. 10 .- Yorkshire Maynard, dark roan,

1 year old, bought by Robert S. Taylor, of

Allen, of Fayette, two thousand dollars.

ted physcian in New Orleans. "No," replied Clarke, at \$1,000. COWS AND HEIFERS. No. 1.—Lady Stanhope, roan, 6 yrs. old, bought by B. J. Clay, of Bourbon, at \$1,500 No. 2 .- Lady Fairy, red, 5 years old, by Wm. Warfield, of Fayette, \$1,100.

No. 3 .- Roan Duchess, roan 3 years old. by Wm H. Brond, of Fayette, at \$900. No. 4-Goodness, red, 6 years old, by D. Coleman, of Fayette, at \$2,025. No. 5 .- Gem, roan, 2 years old, by S.

Vanmeter of Clarke, at \$825. No. 6.—Equity, deep red, 1 year old, by J. Waller, of Jefferson, at \$1,000. No. 7 .- Necklace, roan, 1 year old, by H. Clay, Jr., of Bourbon, at \$805.

No. 8-Bracelet, roan, twin sisters to No. 7, by M. M. Clay, of Bourbon, \$750. No. 9 .- Mazurka, dark roan, 2 years old. by A. J. Alexander, of Woodford, at \$3,050. No. 10 .- Lady Caroline, light roan, 2 years old, by B. J. Clay, of Bourbon, at \$1,-

No. 11 .- Duchess of Southerland, red. 3 years old, by Wm. H. Brand, of Fayette, at No. 12 .- Maid of Melrose, rich roan, 2 years old, by Samuel Humpheys, of wood-

ford, at \$2,200. No. 13.—Muffin, red roan, 1 year old, by Dr. W. A. Smith, of Scott, at \$535. No. 14 .- Orphan Nell, roan, 2 years old, by J. Hill, of Bourbon, at \$1,000. No. 15 .- Flattery, white, two years old by Wm. R. Duncun, of Clarke, at \$815.

STALLION. Young Lord, Cleveland Bay, by I. Wright, of Bourbon, at \$2,800.

SHEEP.—COTSWOLD. No. 1-A Buck, Bought by O. H. Bur-.... Intellectval progress resembles physical. bridge, of Bourbon. at \$710. No. 2 .- A Buck, by James S. Matson, of Bourbon, at \$1,010. No. 3 .- A Ewe, by James S. Matson, of Bourbon, at \$200. -No. 4 .- A Ewe, by H. Hedges, of Bour-

bon, at \$270.

No. 5-A Ewe, by J. S. Matson, of Bourbon, at \$105. No. 6 .- A Ewe, by H. Varnon, of Bourbon, at \$231. No. 7 .- A Ewe, by R. Ford, of Scott, at \$200. No. 8 .- A Ewe, by O. B. Burbridge, of

Bourbon, at \$140. LEICESTER. No. 9 .- A Buck, by J. G. Kinnaird, of Fayette, at \$50. No. 10 & 11-Two Ewes, by Lewis Castleman, of Fayette, at \$52 each.

SOUTHDOWN. No. 12-A Buck, by J. Kerr, at \$755. No. 13-A Buck, by Kinnaird, of Fayette and Clay, of Bourbon, at \$400. No. 14-A Buck by M. M. Clay, of Bour bon, at \$340. No. 15-A Ewe, by M. M. Clay, of Bour-

No. 16-A Ewe, by J. G. Kinnaird of Fay ette, at \$180. bon, at \$232. The stock was sold by Col. J. Delph, of this county; who is univereally conceded to be the best live stock auctioneer in the United

REMOVAL OF COLLECTOR BRONSON.—Resignation of Gen. Dix.—The Union of Monday morning announces officially the removal of Greene C. Bronson from the Collectorship of New York, and the appointment of H J. Redfield in his place—the latter promoted from the post of Naval Officer, in which he is succeeded by John R. B. dhead. John A. Dix having resigned as Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York, John J. Cisco is appointed to fill the vacancy.

A Novel Translation.— On the death of a wealthy old lady of the West End of London, who was notorious for her bad temper, and for perpetually scolding her servants, the hatchment was put up in front of her house, under which was the following motto—"Requiescat in pace." The cook inquired of the coachman the meaning of these words. He, proud of his scholarship, after pondering over them for a few moments, answered, "Oh, the motto in English is—'Rest quiet, cat, in peace."

....Better that we should err in action than wholly refuse to perform. The storm is so much better than the calm, as it declares the presence of a living principle. Stagnation is worset landeath. It is corruption also.

## COUNTRY LIFE.

The dwellers in remote districts, who only upon occasions make a holiday ride to the city. are very apt to think that we, who live here among brick and mortar, are a species of blessed creatures, who enjoy life, as a flower does sunshine, without care and without toil. Well, it is true that we have a few enjoyments not attainable in the country. Better music, a wider sphere of sociality, more excitement, mental and moral, we certainly can have. But, my dear sir, if you are inclined to envy us, we must warn you that city life is not to be compared with the tranquil existence which you enjoy at your will in the country. If perchance any neophyte becomes dazzled with the display of plate, glass and luxurious furnishments of our stores, or the gorgeous articles on every hand, of silks and gold, which are proffered to him, let him know that there is another side to the picture. Within a block-it may be within ten feet of the accumulated wealth "of Ormas or of Ind," some wretch may be dying for want of bread. The city does not expose the "secrets of the prison house." Brick and granite can hide sighs which never could be heard excepting in a city. The city is a

abundance. Gold is the god here, and each is struggling for his share, however small it may be. Gold

"Aurum per medios ire satellites,

with his broad acres under his feet, may defy a world in arms. Famine may some and pinch the city, and bring thousands to destitution, but the farmer is sure to have something for wife and girl, and "chubby boy." His work is laborious, it is true, and he bronzes his cheek in the summer sun, till he looks like a different being from the "pale faces" of the city; but then his brain is never racked with the infinite multitude of thoughts which canker the peace of every man who does business in the city.-Thrice happy are the men and women who live upon farms and plantations, with all the means of comfort around them. In the coun-

# SINGULAR COINCIDENCE

sponsible for the following:

Next morning they occupied scats at the breakfast table opposite the bridal party. Their eves met with mute, but expressive astonishment. The lady bride did not faint, but bravely informed her newly acquainted lord of her singular situation, and who their guests were. Influenced by the nobleness of his nature and the happy impulses of his heart, he summoned his predecessors to his bridal chamber, and the warmest greetings and congratulations were interchanged between the four in the most unreserved and friendly manner. The two exlords frankly declared that they ever found in the lady an excellent and faithful companion, and that they were the authors of the difficulty

The legal lord and master declared that his affection for his bride was strengthened by the coincidence, and that his happiness was in-

creased, if possible, by what had occurred. After a few presents, or specimens from their wellfilled purses, the parties separated—the two ex-husbands for the Atlantic States, with the kindest regards of the lady for the future wel-LOST LOVE.

life?" Can any man say so? He is a poor creasure if he can; and I make no doubt he has had at least forty-five first loves since he began to be capable of admiring at all. As for the ladies, them of course I put out of the quesbreast of earth. Even the grass-hoppers which | tion; they are fresh, no doubt; they never fall have so long been a burden are now gone; we in love until mamma tells them Mr. So-and-so hear no longer the hum of insects, they are is an amiable young man, and in every way eligible; they never flirt with Captain Smith at gone, and the falling leaves betoken Winter is a ball; and sigh as they lie at home in bed, and coming in the course of Time. So the Spring | think what a charming dashing fellow he is; they never hear the young curate read his sermon so sweetly, and think how lonely he must feel in his curate house, and what a noble work it would be to share the solitude, and soothe leaves, remind us all is passing never to return. the pains, and listen to the delightful doctrine "I am like that leaf." My hold upon life is of so excellent a man; they never think of atbrother, until he brings home a young friend from college, and says, "Mary, Tom Atkinson

> Whilst the ladies persist in maintaining the begin my work too late in the season, and winter suddenly came and rendered further labors impossible; sometimes I have attacked the breach madly, sword in hand, and have been plunged violently from the scaling ladder into the ditch; sometimes I have made a decent lodgment in the place, when-bang! blows up a mine, and I am scattered to the deuce! and sometimes when I have been in the very heart

The gross revenue of the company for the year ending September 30th, 1853, was \$98,32844, being \$157.63 less than the revenue of 1850-'51 and \$4,552 22 more than the revenue of last year, 1851-

ceipts is \$4,657 59, and in the number of passengers 5,856. The increase in tolls from tonnage is

wheat is brought up the road for manufacture from within six miles of Harpers-Ferry.

The progress of the flour-trade is participated in,

can now be reasonably feared. The range of the tributary country has not been narrowed more rapidly than its productiveness has increased; and it is fair to presume that such will continue to be the case. For the current year, the probability is that the business of the road will increase, notwithstanding the anticipated extension of the Manassas Gap road to Strasburg next summer. The higher prices of grain, inducing a larger export and a larger planting, will doubtless effect this result, which is moreover indicated by the returns of the present month. After the opening to Strasburg, the worst will have been done. No other source of danger is visible in the future; while, on the other hand the promise of new and most extensive assistance brightens in several quarters of the horizon. A connection with the coal mines on the west and Alexandria on the east will, with proper energy, be effected in a few years; and there are others which time will bring forward, almost equally valuable. It will not require more than a year or two to make tions to this end will come not only from the immediate vicinity, but from the upper Valley. That

## ROD FOR GOSSIPS.

The following paragraph, which we find floating in the newspapers, lay it on the gos sips with an unsparing hand:

phere of an entire neighborhood, and blasts gle breath. From a women of that class nothing is sacred; she fattens on calumny, and and upon slaughtered reputations. She is the Ghonl of Eastern storys, transfered from the Arabian Knights to the circle of the fireside .-She never asserts anything—she mereley hints and supposes, and whispers what "they say." Every neighborhood, in the city is infested by some creature of this sort, and in country towns they are very often afflicted with two or three of these Ghoul Women. One is enough to set a hunpred families by the ears, two can break up a church, three are sufficient for any kind of mischief, from the seperating of the husband from his wife, to blasting the fame of a stainless girl. A pure woman is simply an angel empodied in human shape, a slanderous woman s something worse than the cholera-certain-

ELOQUENCE BOILED DOWN. following, which he heard delivered by a slave

A most extraordinary custom prevails among the Nizrees, a powerful tribe occupying an extensive district in Caubal among the mountains between Persia and India. It is, in fact, a female prerogative that has no parallel among any other people on earth, and reverses what we are in the habit of consigering the natural order of things- the woman choose their husbands, and not the husband their wives. -If a woman be pleased with a man, she sends the drummer of the camp to pin a handker-chief to his cap, with a pin which she has used to fasten her hair. The drummer watches his opportunity, and does this in public, naming the woman, and the man is obliged to marry her,

Whose lot let no man choos They lived in sin and died in yain, And the devil got his Dews (dues.) .... Poverty is necessarily feeble; but it does not follow that riches afford strength-We may, if we please, make wings of them. which will carry us to heaven; but we may

ble always, can only be successful at the frequent expense of his manhood.



CHARLESTOWN: TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 1, 1853. OUR THANKS

Are specially due to Hon. J. M. Mason for various Public documents, and among them the Congressional Globe and Appendix, from which we hope soon to publish the speech of the honorable Senator himself, and his talented colleague, upon the Pacific rail-road question.

### CULPEPER OBSERVER.

This paper comes to us this week, considerably enlarged, (now among the very largest of the State,) printed with new type, and of uniform and beautiful appearance. Its publisher has our best wishes for success, and as he has already manifested that he deserves it, no one can doubt that even a greater measure of prosperity will attend his enterprise for the future.

### THE BANK OF BERKELEY.

At a meeting of the Stockholders of the Bank of Berkeley, held at the Court House on Monday week, the following named gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year: Wm. T. Snodgrass, A. C. Hammond, B. R. Bovd, M. S. Grantham, J. B. Hoge George Doll and J. W. Stewart. We understand the Bank will go into operation about the middle of next month.

## LOUDOUN FAIR POSTPONED.

The Fair-of the Londoun Agricultural Society has been postponed until Wednesday, the 2nd day of November. This postponement was rendered necessary by the unprecedented fall of snow on Monday last, which prevented the attendance of persons on the

### THANKSCIVING IN MARYLAND.

By a proclamation of Gov. Lowe, which we find in the Baltimore American of the 27th ult., Thursday, the 24th of November, has been fixed upon as a day of "public thanksgiving and prayer," for the observance of the people of Maryland. This day has been set apart by the Executives of the States of Connecticut, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New Hampshire. and Alabama. It is to be hoped that the remaining States of our Union will all unite upon the 24th,in. order that its observance may be rendered national

## THE BALTIMORE CATTLE SHOW.

The annual Maryland State Fair was held during the last week, and the number in attendance from our own, and the counties of Virginia contiguous. was greatly larger than at any former exhibition. In was greatly larger than at any former exhibition. In consequence of the inclement weather both before and during the continuance of the Fair, the exhibition and during the continuance of the Fair, the exhibition and during the continuance of the Fair, the exhibition and during the continuance of the Fair, the exhibition and during the continuance of the Fair, the exhibition and during the continuance of the Fair, the exhibition and their fidelity to the definition of the continuance of the Fair, the exhibition and during the continuance of the Fair, the exhibition and during the continuance of the Fair, the exhibition and during the continuance of the Fair, the exhibition and during the continuance of the Fair, the exhibition and the continuance of the fair and the continuance of the continuance of the fair and the continuance of the continu enjoyment of the occasion what was to have been hoped for. A great deal of fine stock was on exhibition, and the very best among it, the product of our own section. In Agricultural and other implements, Virginia made a most creditable display.

On slicep, Col. Ware of Clarke county, received a premium on almost every lot on exhibition. He also took several premiums for Horses, as also Mr. Joseph Entler of Shepherdstown, for his very superior horse, Whale, Mr. Hugh M. Nelson of Clarke, had on exhibition some magnificent Cattle, for all of which he received a premium, as also \$30 for a pen of the finest hogs ever shown in Baltimore. This stock, together with some of the most choice articles on exhibition from Pennsylvania, Maryland and elsewhere, has already been sent forward for exhibition at our Virginia State Fair, which will commence at Richmond on

Messrs. Zimmerman & Co. of Charlestown, received the first premium for their celebrated Thresher and Cleaner, and it was universally commended by the farmers in attendance for the simplicity of its construction, the superiority of its work, and withal its cheappess of manufacture.

We shall publish hereafter the award of premiums to all the articles on exhibition from Virginia, not having opportunity to-day to make up the list, as it is both varied and extensive.

The President of the United States visited the grounds on Thursday, and received a hearty and cordial greeting from all who were in attendance. The annual address was delivered by P. C. Hot-COMB, Esq., of Delaware, and elicited the most cordial approbation.

## ME. FAULKNER ON THE ADMINISTRATION.

The Martinsburg Republican gives a brief synopsis of Mr. C. J. Faulkner's remarks before the democratic meeting held in that place on the 10th ult. We append (says the Richmond Enquirer) that portion which will be of interest outside of Berkeley:

Mr. F. expressed his high gratification at meeting upon that occasion the democracy of Berkeley county. The assemblage was not large, owing to the prevalence of the cholera in town, but he recognised amongst those present many of the veteran and ac-knowledged standard-bearers of the party. He announced in the most emphatic language his thorough identification with the democracy of the nation; their people were his people, their God was his God.' He entered into a full vindication of the foreign and domestic policy of the present administration. Gen. Pierce, in his opinion, had come up, so far, to the full standard of a national patriotic democratic President. He defended the principle upon which the President had acted in making his appointments, as the only one which could have been assumed to give harmony and unity to the democratic party; and if it had not in all the States operated successfully, it was not from any error in the principle of Executive policy, but from causes wholly alien to it, some of which he referred to. He expressed his firm und unshaken confidence in the patriotism and ability of the President, and in the trinmph of his administration over all the elements of discontent, faction, and disorganiza ion which were so extensively arraying themselves against it."

## BALLOON ASCENSION.

We clip from the Baltimore Sun of Thursday, the following account of a balloon ascension, which, it is stated, came off in that city on the day previous, (Wednesday the 26th ult.,) in the presence of at least

a thousand people: Yesterday morning Mr. George Elliott, after two previous attempts, succeeded in making one of the most graceful and picturesque ascensions that have ever taken place in Baltimore. The balloon, nearly supplied with sufficient ascensive power on Tuesday, remained inflated during the night, and was abundantly furnished at an early hour yesterday morning with the gas requisite for the arial expedition. The gates of the enclosure had been thrown open, and free access was given to the public as a sort of equivalent for the antecedent failures. There was not, however, more than a thousand people present at the time of the ascension, which was not expected to take place until 10 o'clock. At half past nine all was ready, Mr. Elliott jumped into the car, unfurled his flags, and was released from the earth. The balloon rose almost perpendicularly, but soon inclined a little to ast of north, continuing to ascend until at the height of 2,000 feet it seemed to remain stationary. The aronaut was then seen to discharge ballast, and thus increasing his ascensive force, he rose again, while the diminishing form of the acrostat proved how rapidly he was pursuing "his trackless way along the viewless air." So long as the eye could distinguish the frail machine, it seemed to continue the same direction. The æronaut had no doubt acquired his greatest attitude during the time he was in view from the city, inasmuch as he took but four bags of sand with him, and was observed to discharge bal-

last several times. This ascension was made con amore, or perhaps it would be more proper to say, to fulfil a sort of obligation he recognized before the public. Without any expression of opinion as to the present utility of balloon ascensions, it is due to Mr. Elliott to say, that loon ascensions, it is due to Mr. Elliott to say, that the difficulties he has heretofore experienced were en-tirely beyond his control. He is a man of resolute purpose and steady nerve; and so far as ballooning pertains to the general variety of public amusements, we have no doubt it will prove as successful and interesting in his hands, as in those of his cotemporaries. Mr. Wise, the veteran aronaut, and the hero

of 160 skyward flights or more, was present on the ground and rendered his assistance during the pre-liminary operations.

A telegraphic despatch from Lancaster, Pa., informs A telegraphic despatch from Lancaster, Pa., informs us that Mr. Elliott had made a safe landing in Lancaster county, seventy-five miles from Baltimore, after a very pleasant trip of one hour and ten minutes; and was last evening at the residence of Mr. Wise, the zeronaut, in that city, Mr. Wise left Baltimore rday afternoon, by the 4 o'clock train, for home, eting to find Mr. Elliott in that vicinity.

63-Col. Thomas H. Ellis, of Richmond, Virginia has been elected President of the James River and Kanawha Company, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Jubge John Y. Moson, our new Minister to France.

VIRGINIA SYNOD, (O. S.)

This body held its annual session at Earupden Sydney, commencing on the 12th ult, and adjourned The Rev. W. B. Dutton of Charlestown was elected foderator. About 110 members were in attendance and we learn the proceedings attracted much interest. The establishment of a fourth Professorship in the Union Theological Seminary was recommended by a unanimous vote. Measures for increased effi-ciency in Missionary operations in Virginia were considered and caused an able discussion. The next neeting of the Synod will be held in the city of Almeeting of the Synod will be held in the city of Alexandria, in October, 1854.

Very large and interesting crowds attended the morning and evening preaching of each day, rnd we learn that both in the congregation of Dr. Rice and in the College, much interest and feeling is manifested on the subject of religion.—Farmville Journal.

THE LAST INVENTION.

The Cincinnatti Atlas states that two young men of that city have constructed a boiler and steam en-gine, on the same principal of the steam fire engine, which they can wheel about from one part of the city to the other, and when they receive a job to saw wood can raise steam in about ten minutes, adjust their circular saw in the mean time, and in half an hour cut a cord of wood in two or three pieces, as may be desired. The whole machienery does not weigh over five hundred pounds, and may be regarded as a neat improvement and a saving of much manual labor.

## RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

(From the Washington Sentinel.) We transfer from the columns of the Richmond Enquirer of the 25th inst., the following article in reply to the New Yerk Herald. It abounds in expressions of sympathy with the hunkers of New York. It extols them for "soundness on the slavery quartien and their fidelity to the democratic prrty." It also speaks with enthusiasm of the loyalty of Gov. Dickinson and his friends. But whilst it thus expresses inson and his friends. But whilst it thus expresses itself, it means to support the admisistration. The two things are by no means incompatible. We give way to no press in devotion fo the principles and policy to which the administration stands committed, but, at the same time, between the national democrats of New York and their opponents, we do not for a moment hesitate to choose. All our sympathies are with the former. We are led to suppose that the Enquirer has been misapprehended-a supposition most grateful to our feelings. The Enquir-

"The New York Herald misconceives or misrepre-

sents the position of this paper in respect to the feud

between the belligerent factions of the shells.

"When indications of an imminent rupture were first seen, we seized the occasion to deprecate any outside interference in the feud. Regarding the contest as an exclusively domestic concern, involving no principle and tending to no important result we suggested the propriety of permitting the combatants to wage the war after their own fashion, and to work ont whatsoever issue they might, independently of external influence. The trouble consequent on a conrary course sufficiently tests the wisdom of this policy of non-intervention. But it was not adopted.— Papers beyond the State of New-York eagerly joined in the fray, and in a short time a purely local feud became a matter of national concern.

"An attack on the character of Daniel S. Dickinson, by a journal not legitimately involved in the strife, provoked from this paper an earnest and indignant reply, and thus we became, to some extent, engaged in the conflict. It would have been base ingratitude in the southern press even silently to submit to an assault on the men of the north who had been just to the south, when the object of the assault was to build up the fortunes of our ancient enemies on the rain of our faithful allies. But our participation in the fight was strictly limited to a defence of hunkers against attacks which impugned their soundtion was by no means what was anticipated, or the an assurance of sympathy in their struggles with the of a car which accidentally took fire between Cleveharnburners of 1848, we did not venture to go in our then ignorance of the motives and purposes of the rival factions. We did not mean to enlist as a blind and violent partizan in any local feud, because we did not choose to travel beyond the sphere of duty, nor to commit ourselves to the fortunes of a faction of whose ultimate aim we had no satisfactory assurance. Indeed, we were careful to modify our partial alliance with the hunkers by distinctly protesting our approval of the policy of the administration, and our determination to part company with them in the event of their desertion to the opposition. It is true we had a perfect confidence in their fidelity, but, through abundance of caution, we made provision against the improbable contingency of their deserting to the enemy. To this extent we plead guilty to the charge of complicity in the New York feud. "No candid person will see any thing inconsistent in our course, unless an honest support of the admin-

### the chief of a Democratic administration." VIRGINIA PATENTE.

istration be incompatible with an honest admiration

of those who continue to protest their devotion to the

administration. Dickinson has been true to the

south, but not more true than Franklin Pierce; and

we mean to give to the one just precisely that sup-port which we would render to the other, if he were

Virginia still continues to claim its share of new patents. Among those issued in the Patent Office. within the last month or two, the following may be named: GEO. W. BAYNES, TROS. HINTY, and Min-TER JACESON, of Glenville, for improvement in bedstead fastenings. JOHN MOYLE, of Martinsburg, for mprovement in straw cutters. RIBHA S. SNYDER of Charlestown, additional improvement in machines for separating straw from grain. Gro. F. S. Zix-MERMAN, of Charlestown, for additional improvement in winnowers and threshers. ROBERT WASKEY, O. Mill Creek, for improvement in smut machines. Jas. H. Murrill, of Richmond, for improvement in looms for weaving coach lace. NATHAM HARRISON, and J. W. H. METCALF, of Hampshire county, for improve-ment in hill-side ploughs. Several of these were obtained through the agency of JOHN S. GALLAHER,

Mr. Gallaher is himself the holder of more than one patent. He has recently invented and is about applying for letter patents for a new agricultural machine which he calls the "Farmer's companion," and which combines the grain drill, seeding apparatus, fertalizer and harrow. It bids fair to be a valuable invention. Mr. Gallaher is, also maturing a peculiar piece of mechanism, for the purpose of making store, tobacco, and other kind of boxes, which will be a new thing under the sun. The boards are sawed, holes punched, nails driven, and the box made, entirely by machienery. Such an invention would reduce the tax now paid by merchants and others in the cities for the boxes they use for the conveyance of goods. [Winchester Republican.

## THE ENGLISH HARVESTS.

The following article, from the North British Agriculturalist, of the 5th inst, will be read with interest by the agricultural portion of our readers. Coming from the source it does, it is entitled to credit, and we cannot doubt that it is to be implicitly relied upon

RESULTS OF THE HARVEST .- With the exception of ome beans, and here and there a late piece of wheat, the harvest may be considered to be concluded; and from all accounts we have received the results are as far from satisfactory as was anticipated. Every farmer who has thrashed any wheat is disappointed with the yield, even from crops the appearance of which when standing promised well. The sheaves, however, were universally light, betokening an indifferent yield. In one instance, on an extensive farm in Essex, the wheat crop of last year yielded an average of five quarters to the acre; this year, one of the best pieces have been threshed and the yield has scarcely amounted to two and a half quarters per acre. Early in the week the price of wheat in Mark Lane rose to 4s to 5s per quarter; but subsequently the markets have been more quiet, though still advancing. Some of the best samples sold for 80s per quarter and upwards. Other prices, too, are tending upwards.—Part of the increase of price must be attributed to the threatening aspect of Eastern politics, from which a stoppage of some of our supplies is apprehended. The French buyers have also again visited our markets, That we have a short crop of wheat, is undoubted, and it is neither useful or right to deny or conceal it, for the best remedy in such case is to use as much and as early economy in consumption as practicable but we incline to think that opinion as to the deficient yield may have somewhat outrun the reality, It is stated that large purchases of wheat and flour have been made in New York for shipment to this country as well as to France, and as the American crops are extremely good, it is certain that our present prices will draw large supplies from that quarter

## G. P. R. JAMES.

We find the following paragraph in the London

Leader: "The 'perils of literature' are illustrated in this week's news, by the double attempt to burn the house of G. P. R. James, the British Consul for Virginia, who has incurred the implacable hatred of all Degrees, by the reputation of having formerly written a song in favor of emancipation. What would those people do to Clarkson or Mrs. Stowe? Mr. James has not, with us, had the character of being a very terrible antichrist, not even a formidable poet; but in Virginia, he is both."

The Leader is wrong both as regards fact and inference. No attempt has been made to burn the house of the British Consul at Norfolk. Some mischievous boys have set fire more than once to an old and nnoccupied building on his premises, but in no other way has the author of Philip Augustus been molested by the incendiary. (!) citizens of Norfolk.—
That faculty of imagination which is not deficient in the fictions of the novelist, may have developed itself with unusual power in dressing up a dreadful story of nocturnal incendiarism out of the simple incident

of a school-boy frolic.

The inference which the Leader deducts from the The inference which the Leader deducts from the story is even more fanciful than the story itself,—Some time since, a gentleman addicted to antiquarian researches, dug up from the rubbish of the dead past, an abolition ode purporting to be the production of one G. P. R. James. The poem was as a mummy, and gave offence to nobody. Yet, the Leader gravely informs the British public that a few silly verses, which scarcely a dozen people in Norfolk ever read, have excited a conspiracy against the life of Mr. G. P. R. James.—Richmond Enquirer,

AFFAIRS IN ALLEGANY COUNTY, MD.

We copy the following items of news from the Cum-

erland Telegraph:

Maryland Coal Trade.—The shipments of coal over the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal for the week ending Saturday, 22d, exhibit a decrease as compared with the week previous of 787 tons. The falling off is ow ng to the low stage of water. The number of boats paded was 37, with 2,5711 tons of coal and 72 tons of coke. The canal is now in good navigable order throughout its entire length. During the week there were transported over the Mount Savage road 5,460 tons; over the road of the Cumberland Coal and Iron Company 9,262 tons; and over the Baltimore and Ohio road, from the Westernport region, 3,226 tons; total for the week 15,053, and for the season, from the entire coal region, 420,310 tons.

Wellersburg and West Newton Plank Road.—The entire cost of this road, which is now finished, was about \$99,000. Its receipts per annum, it is estimated, will exceed \$9,000. The expense for repairs will not exceed \$10 per mile per annum, and for gate-

keepers \$1,000 per year. It is now proposed to build a plank road from Cumberland to Bedford. Strike at the Mines.—The miners in the employ of the various coal companies located in this county, struck on Monday evening last for an increase in the price of mining. They demand an advance of seven cents on the ton, making the price per ton for digging 40 cents, instead of 33 as heretofore. We have not been informed as to whether the companies will concede the demand.

Fatal Accidents.—On Saturday last a man named.

Cornelius Grady, employed as brakesman on the Mount Savage Railroad, was caught between the cars while coupling them at the mines, and so badly injured that he died in four hours afterwards. He loft relations residing in Savannah, Ga. On Monday last a brakesman on the same road, named Pa-trick Belger, attached to the ore train, was instantly killed by a car running off the track.

### WASNINGTON NEWS

The following itsms of news we copy from the Washington Star:

Threatening Aspect of the Cuba Question.—Letters from Cuba have undoubtedly been received in Wash ington, from parties who are supposed to be well a ware of all which Spain and her allies propose to de with reference to the Island, from which the conclusion is drawn that a large English and French fleet will be despatched to the Gulf as soon as the state of the Turco-Russian question will permit the two latter Powers to withdraw from thence sufficient of their vessels now in the Mediterranean. It is believed in political circles here, that the Union newspaper has ample grounds for the earnestness with which it is appealing to the country to awake to a realization of the present critical condition of the Cuba question.

American Diplomatists Going Abroad.—The new
Minister to France, the Hon. John Y. Mason, and the new Minister to China, the Hon, R. M. McLane, will go out on the 19th in the steamer Humboldt. Mr. McL. goes the overland route. The Hon. Carroll Spence, U. S. Minister to Constantinople, leaves on the 2d inst, in the naval steamer Saranac, from Nor-

The Secretary of the Treasury's Annual Report .-From signs around, we anticipate that the Secretary of the Treasury will have his report, embracing those of all the heads of the Treasury bureau, on the tables of Congress on the first day of the session. It is believed he will urge Congress to establish a Bureau of Construction in the Treasury Department, which shall be charged with the business of seeing to the building, and repairs of all the custom houses and marine hospitals of the Government. U. S. Marine Hospitals.—We understand that all but four of the new marine hospitals at Louisville. Paduch, Napoleon, (Arkansas) Pittsburg, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis and Cleveland, are nearly com-

### BURNING OF A MAIL CAR.

The Cloveland "Plaindealer" gives the following particulars of the recent loss of a portion of the Eastern Mail, while on its way westward, by the burning

"The car on which the mail was burnt was a common freight car, open only at the sides. When it was found to be on fire, it being in the night and the train in rapid motion, there was no way of communicating the fact to the conductor or the engineer except by the cry of "fire," and the noise of the cars and machinery in this case rendered that made incffectual. For miles the train sped on its fiery way amid the solitude and darkness of night, until the flames bursting out, lit up the scene around and the discovery was made by the brakeman. It did not want but a few minutes with a fire kindled in such combustibles, (there were several sacks of feathers in the car,) fanned by such a breeze as the speed of the train would naturally make, to ignite the whole contents to a glowing heat. When the train was finally stopped the flames from the burning car were some twenty feet high, lighting up the country for miles around. The flames occupied the side apertures, and there was no ingress except through the ends, which were battered in as soon as they could be, and what was left unconsumed was taken out and extinguished as soon as possible. Of the baggage, out of some sixty trunks, scarcely a whole one was found. The mail shared a similar fate. Not a mail bag, either lock or canvass, was found worth repairing. Of their contents, some eight or ten bushels of the burnt remnants have been saved, and now await, in the Gleveland Post Office, the orders of the Department. It is most of it due at Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis and other Southern offices. It came mostly from New Nork city, and included a very heavy foreign mail brought by the Atlantic. A very large portion of the New York matter consists of bills of goods, invoices, notes, drafts, acceptances, &c., the usual business paper of that large commercial city, which at this season of the year compose the larger portion of its mails West."

# APRICANIZING CUBA.

The Washington Union of Wednesday says :-"The remarks made on this subject by us, some days ago have attracted much notice and provoked some criticism. We have abundant cause in the comments made by our contemporaries to be gratified at the evidences of the prevailence of the true American spirit in regard to the interference of Great Britain with the slavery question in Cuba. We do not advert to the subject now for the purpose of enlarging upon the views already presented, or of entering into any controversy with those who yet hesitate to believe that Great Britain has embarked in so unjustifiable a crusade against our institutions. We intend soon to return to this subject; but at present we desire only to assure those of our cotemporaries who doubt the fact stated by us, that we have since received additional and stronger evidence from Havanna, which places the matter in our mind, beyond any reasonable doubt. We are so well satisfied that arrangements are actualy made for embarking largely in the importation of African apprentices, with the consent and under the sanction of Spain, France, and England, that we venture to predict that the whole scheme will be openly avowed and made public, so soon as the British and French fleets are so arranged and stationed in the neighbourhood of Cuba, as to make the avowal safe. This is our opinion from the information we have from Havana, and we state it only to giv assurance that we are neither filibustering nor dealing in idle rumors."

## ACRICULTURAL PRODUCTIONS.

It is now, we believe, a conceded fact, that the agricultural capacities of California are equal to those of any part of the world. The geniality of her climate is only equalled by the fertility of her soil, and its extraordinary adaptation to nearly every variety of vegetable and farinaceous production. Every day develops some evidence of the fact that even with partial and unscientific culture, this State can now produce a larger bulk of vegetable materials, in like space than any country now known. There is now growing in the garden of Mr. Cromwell, says an interior paper, at the mouth of Granite Creek, one and a half miles below Coloma, a mammoth squash, measuring seven feet in circumference, 23; inches in diameter, 16; inches in depth, and weighing 110 pounds. From the same vine, was pulled another squash neasuring five feet four inches in circumference, 21 inches in diameter, fifteen inches in depth, and weight seventy-three pounds. There are also seven others now upon the same vine, weighing from fifty to 65 pounds.

## MR. BUCHANAN IN EN GLAND.

unconnected with public affairs, knows what is going on around him, writes to the Washington Star irchages of wheat and flour | It seems likely Mr. Lawrence, the son of the late minister, will continue his connection with the legation, to which the minister regards him as a great acquisition indeed; knowing every body and every thing around him, and cheerfully according the benefit of his experience in London and in American public affairs there to his father's successor. Mr. BUCHANan's presentation to the Queen took place at Osborne, in the Isle of Wight, without pomp or parade. Prince Albert and Lord Clarendon being alone present.— Mr. B. has not yet settled himself at housekeeping, though at last accounts he was busy with arran ments to that end. He had received many kind attentions from members of the British ministry, and more especially from Lord Palmerston, between whom and himself an intimacy had sprung up which can hardly fail to greatly facilitate his official labors.

Af-We are gratified to learn that Dr. JOHN M Savora, formerly of this town, has been appointed to the highly important and responsible Chair of Surgery in the medical department of Georgetown College. Dr. S. is one among the most rising men of his profession, and we congratulate him and his friends upon the honorable distinction which has been awarded him. He has resided in Georgetown for some three years, and enjoys a reputation as practitioner and surgeon, which even the oldest of his profession might boast of.

## THE GUANO MONOPOLY.

It is stated that a powerful organized effort is in progress at Washington to induce President Pierce to undertake such vigorous measures as will break the Peruvian guano monopoly, and throw open the trade to American enterprise. Various Agricultural Societies have sent committees to visit the President for this purpose; and it is said that the President feeling the importance of the subject to our agriculturalists, has determined to open negotiations with Peru in reference to it. Perp in reference to H. -

ARMORY INVESTIGATION.

The Commission, after a session of eighty-three ays, has closed its labors at Springfield, and adourned to meet at Washington, from whence they will proceed to Harpers-Ferry, and be at the latter place about the 1st of December next, when the exmination into the comparative merits of the two systems will be resumed. No information has yet reached the public of the opinion of the Board upon the interesting enquiry submitted to it, and yet no one, we should think, who has taken the trouble to read the voluminous testimony elicited by its protracted session, can come to any other conclusion. than that the report must be adverse to the military, and favorable to the civil system of superintendency. The Springfield Republican, a paper in the interests of the military pasty, thinks there will be two reports-if so, the Board will probably stand five to one, in favor of the civil system.

We copy from the Springfield Republican the proceedings of the 21st of October, from which it will appear that two of the Commissioners, Gov. STRELL, of New Hampshire, and Mr. Smith, of Connecticut have deemed it proper to spread upon the record some important facts within their own knowledge. This might be regarded by some as indelicate upon the part of those gentlemen, considering the position which they occupy in the Board. We do not think so. They testify to facts. They give no opinions. It is a very common occurrence in our courts of justica, to summon a juror from the bench to testify as to facts in the very case on which he is aworn to render a verdict:

### PUBLIC MEARING PEFORE THE ARMOST COM-MISSION-OFFICIAL REPORT

Friday, October 21st.—The following statements were presented to and received by the Board, and or-dered to be published with the testimony—

SPRINGFIELD ARMORY, Oct. 17, 1853. Statement of H. D. Smith, one of the Commission ers, in reference to improvements in machinery— I have been familiar with the rise and progress of machinery, as applied to gun making, from the time of its first introduction, having been personally employed in making contract arms for more than 25 years. Milling machinery, so termed, was first started at the establishment of Simeon North, at Middle town, Ct., about the year 1818, or 1819, he being then engaged in making arms for the United States by contract. The operations then performed by machinery were few, and the machines rude in the extreme; but from them have grown into use all the important milling, and other machine operations now so extensively carried on in all gun making establishments I can trace these improvements, with a good degree of accuracy, from their commencement to the present time, but I do not deem it important. Previous to 1826, however, they were somewhat local-confined principally to the workmen employed by the several contractors, then making arms for the United States. at Middletown. Since that time such improvements have not been confined to any particular locality, nor have they been the work of any class, or set of machines, but rather the result of a general spirit of progress which seems to know no limit. A generous spirit of reciprocity has always existed between the contractors at the private armories and the managers of the national armories, and when useful inventions or improvements have been introduced

by either of them, such improvements have usually been copied by all the rest During my recent visits to several private armories, as commissioner, I have endeavored to form a just and critical comparison between them and the national armory at Springfield, both in reference to machinery and management. The machinery in the armory at Springfield is well adapted to the work required to be performed, and its external finish superior to any other that I have seen-extra labor having been bestowed upon it, and very properly so, when taken in connect ing department is carried to a very high state of perfection, both as to design and workmanship. The machinery in all of the other departments is good, and well adapted to the work to be performed. As to general management, I discover nothing superior to other well conducted establishments. Important machinery is now extensively used in the manufacture of other machinery; and the most useful machine for this purpose is the planing machine, for planing iron. I have observed several of

them in operation at the Springfield armory, and their use very much facilitates the process of external finish to other machinery. The planing machine is in general use at this time wherever machinery is made to any considerable extent. The gun making establishment of Robbins & Lawrence, or Windsor, Vermont, is conducted in a superior manner, and their machinery is equal to that in the Springfield armory, in all essential requisites. Less attention has been paid to external finish, but no important part has been overlooked or neglected. They have several new and important machines which have not yet been introduced into the armory at Springfield. Prominent among these machines is their new index milling machine. The cost of this machine is five hundred dollars. It is so arranged as to enable the operator to cut all kinds of small gearing, angles, bevels, and circles of every descrip tion. This improved machine is used in several other private establishments which I have visited. The establishment of the Sharpe Rifle Manufactur ing Company at Hartford, Connecticut, is not yet in

full operation, but so far as it has been perfected, it ranks high, both as to machinery and management, among rival establishments. Cott's Pistol Factory at Hartford, Connecticut, i the most extensive of any one visited. The amount of machinery there is very great and various, and performs its work in an admirable manner. Some of it is new in design, and exhibits unusual mechanical skill in its construction. Nearly five hundred workmen are employed there, the personal appearance and general deportment of whom indicate a high state of intelligence and respectability. The general management of this establishment is in no respect inferior to that of the Springfield armory. town, Connecticut, where pistols are made by con-

The Pistol Factory of, ira N. Johnson, at Middle tract, for the United States, is a model establishment on a small scale. From forty to fifty workmen are employed there, and the work done by them, both in point of accuracy and finish, is of a superior quality. The business is managed by the contractor, who is himself a practical gun-smith; and the order and harmony which prevail in every department of his es-tablishment cannot fail of being admired by all intelligent men who visit it. In conclusion I will say, that the management of

all the private armories above alluded to is to all in machinery, tools and workmanship have been greater than in the National armory at Springfield. HENRY D, SMITH. HAMPDEN COUNTY, 88. Henry D. Smith being du v sworn says that the above statement is true accord ing to the best of his knowledge and belief. ELKANAH BARTON. Justice of the Peace.

## October 21st, 1853.

Springfield, October 10 ,1853. Having accompanied Col. Henry D. Smith and to gether with him examined the " several private armories" as above named, I fully concur in Mr. Smith's statements and opinion relative to the result of those

HAMPDEN COUNTY, SS. John H. Steele being duy sworn says that the above statement subscribed by him is true according to the best of his knowledge ELKANAH BARTON Justice of the Peace.

October 21st, 1853. Statement of John II Steele and Henry D. Smith n reference to the comparative quality of arms made The undersigned represent at the request of the | in May." Armory Commissioners, with whom we are associated. we took from the United States arsenal at Springfield, promiscuously, specimens of muskets made at the Springfield armory in the year 1833, 1837, 1840, 1844 and 1853, made an examination of them in reference to their comparative quality as to workman

From 1833 to 1837 there was apparently but lit-tle improvement. But from 1837 to 1840 a marked advancement had taken place. In 1840 the model was changed, and a decided improvement is apparfor all comparisons are made with the yield of last year's crop, which, though badly harvested, was year's crop, which has a c lock to that of percussion. The workmanship of those made in 1844 is much the same as on those made in 1840. The external appearance of those made in 1853 is much the same as those of 1844, with the exceptive & Co., furniture dealers, \$2,500. There are a nution of a portion of the polishing, which is not as good.
But taking them in detached parts, and submiting them to a critical examination, we find the workmanship on those made in 1853 far inferior, in many important particulars, to those made in 1840 or in

JOHN H. STEELE. HENRY D. SMITH.

Springfield, October 18, 1853. HAMPDEN COUNTY, SS. John H. Steele and Henry D. Smith being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the above statement is true according to the best of his knowledge and belief. ELKANAH BARTON. Justice of the Peace. October 21st, 1853.

Various contradictory statements having been made relative to the wishes or opinions of the workmen employed in the Springfield armory in regard to the superintendency thereof, and being assured that many of the workmen were fearful that an open that many of the workmen were fearful that an open expression of their opinions would subject them to anaxoyances, if not to oppression: acting under those circumstances a resort was had by me, to a personal application to each of the workmen, including formen and inspectors and excluding the master armorer, paymaster, master machinist, clerks, watchmen, out of door laborers, and all temporarily employed, assuring each that the result of their answers would probably be made known, but that their several answers would not.

The result is as follows: The result is as follows:

In favor of a civil superintendency, 127. Indifferent

The above result was obtained on the 5th and 6th of October, 1853, without inducement or discouragement being given or held out by me.

On looking over the pay roll for September, 1853, there appears to have been 204 workmen employed in the armory excluding the classes not enquired of, and if there was a like number employed on the 5th and 5th October, there must have been 24 workmen

Springfield, October 21st, 1853.

Hampden County, ss. John H. Steele being duly sworn, says that the above statement is true according to the best of his knowledge and belief.

ELKANAH BARTON,

### Justice of the Peace. Adjourned till Saturday morning at 8 o'clock. LATE FROM CENTRAL AMERICA.

Advices from Costa Rica to the 8th ult., state that ostilities were being carried on between Guatemala and Honduras. A party of men under one Senor Rubi had invaded the territories of Guatemaia, and sacked some towns. On the other hand, a party of three hundred men under the command of Col. Zabala had landed in the port of Omoa, belonging to Honduras: The commandant of the latter port was shut up in the Castle with his garrison, being only provis-ioned for eight days. Forces had been sent to the assistance of the garrison. An interesting account is given of the reception of Hon. Solon Borland, U. S. Minister to Central America, by the President of Nicaragua. A brutal outrage had been committed on Henry Greer, an American, by the alcade and troops of one of the Nicaragua towns. Mr. Borland had demanded the punishment of the aggressors, and the alcade had been arrested and sent to the capital

It appears the attack was made on Mr. Greer and Dr. Fanning, because they refused to give up a sum of money found on the body of an American, who was drowned. The soldiers fired upon Mr. G., and lodged a ball in his breast, which it is supposed will cause his death. He was also beaten by the soldiers with the butts of their muskets, and both of them conveyed to jail, but Mr. G. was subsequently allowed to be conveyed to the house of a friend, where he was said to be dying at the last accounts. Mr. Marcoleta, minister to the United States from Nicaragua, is to leave for Washington on the 1st of

## STEAMERS BURNT AND SNAGGED.

Three steamhoats were burnt at St. Louis on the 18th ult. Whilst the hands of the steamer Montauk were burning pitch, immediately in the rear of her boilers, for the purpose of cementing her decks, the kettle containing the pitch burst, and the contents spread over the deck, which coming in contact with the fire, was soon enveloped in flames. So rapid was their progress, that in a few minutes the steamer Robert Campbell caught fire and in a short time was a perfect sheet of flame. The steamer Lunette next took fire, and was also consumed

The Lunette had about 150 tons of freight on board for Galena and other points on the Upper Mississippi river, all of which was entirely consumed. The Mon-tank and Campbell had each about thirty tons of freight on board, and were loading for the Missouri

The St. Louis papers also record the loss of three river steamers by casualties. On the morning of the 12th ult., the steamer Golden Era struck a log at the head of Amaranth Island, four miles below Clarksville, and sunk in eight feet water. She was on her way up the river, and had a valuable cargo on board. Information was received at the same time of the sinking of the steamer R. H. Lee, on the Upper Rapids, in what is known as Campbell's Chain, and also of the sinking of the steamer Flag, at Flint Island on the Ohio river, bound for St. Louis.

### ROMANTIC WEDDING.

A marriage took place in Boston recently under the following romantic circumstances: A young clergyman of the Episcopal Church, residing in Canada, was engaged to a young lady in England. Circumstances not favoring his undertaking the voyage to his native country to meet his ladvlove, she took passage on board the Canada, to come to her future home, alone and unattended. Arrangements had been made by the gentleman to have the marriage ceremony performed in an Epis city upon the arrival of the bride, and the rector was ready to have the church open at an hour's notice .-The steamer reached East Boston about 11 o'clock on Friday night. The bridegroom was upon the wharf anxiously awaiting the appearance of his betrothed, whom he had not seen for three years. The parties soon met, and a friend was despatched to have the church opened and the clergym in at the altar. The arrangements were made after a short delay, as the Bishop and Priest who were to officiate had re tired for the night. The bridal party drove from the steamer to the church. The candles in the altar gave but a dim light, and the scene was quite peculiar. During the marriage ceremony, the clock in the church struck the mid night hour so that some confusion arose respecting the proper date to give the marriage certificate. The party in the church consisted of but five persons—the bride and bridegroom, the two clergymen of the church, and one vitness. The married clergyman took part in the religious services of two churches in this vicinity on Sunday, and left for the place of his residence in the early train yesterday morning.

WHIOGERY IN NEW YORK. The Albany State Register (the Fillmore organ) places the whig ticket at the head of its colums, but it swallows the wooly heads with a very wry face .-It says: "It will be evident, on a glance at the names of the candidates, that there is not one National Whig on the ticket, save the persons named for the Court of Appeals—that care has been taken to ex-clude them from all participation in the offices and honors to be disposed of at the coming election.\* \* \* \* The simple truth which comes home to the under standing of every man is, that no one prejudice, no single jealousy, no seed of bitterness has been removed by the action of the present Convention .-The whig party stands to-day where it did last year. The same troubles remain, the same asperities, the same discentent, the same want of harmony is evident now that has been exhibited and prevented unity of action for the last four years. Nay, the difficulties have been increased. This is the plain, simple truth; deplore or disguise it as we may, it is yet the plain, simple, melancholy truth." Such is the picture drawn by a leading Silver-Grey National Whig organ, of New York-and yet we see the Whig and the Times of that city, approving of the action of the Sewardite Convention of New York, and hugging it to their bosoms!

### Richmond Enquirer PLOUGHING AND MANUAING.

At the recent Agricultural Fair at Hampstead Long Island, Professor Mapes said : "High farming is not ornamental farming, it appearances, good; equal if not superior to that of | deep ploughing and increased manuring. This is the Springfield armory. And that the improvements | what pays the greatest profit. Who ever heard of a crop suffering from drought in fields well drained and sub-soiled, say two feet deep? The atmosphere gives out its moisture in sub-soiled land, and keeps the crops growing. Look at such land and see the results, compared with shallow ploughing. Many men have a better farm under the one they plough than that on the surface. Oats never lodge on land where they can get soluble silex to make strong straw. They cannot get it in shallow ploughed land that has been long in use. Two dollars an acre will give him plenty of soluble silex. No matter what the subsoil is, it will be benefitted if it dry by sub-soiling .-Hill tops are benefitted if it dry by sub-soiling and draining, for it lets in the air. It makes crops earlier, and thus they escape the frost. The most gravelly land is benefitted. A sub soiled meadow never runs out." There is no fear of deep ploughing grav elly lands; manures do not reach downward; that notion is a fallacy. To prove it, dig in your barnyard, and you will find it has not made the hard subsoil rich. Root crops are not appropriated as they should be. Cattle may be fattened on roots cheaper than you can feed them on hay in the Winter. One bushel of carrots, fed with oats, are worth more than oats for horses. You can raise a thousand bushels of carrots to the acre, worth fifty cents a bushel for n several different years at the Springfield armory. | feed. Carrots are equal for cows in winter to clover

## GREAT FIRE AT PROVIDENCE.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 27th .- A great fire occurred here last night, destroying the Howard Block, com-posed of ten of the finest buildings in the State, including the Museum and a number of adjoining buildings. The Howard Block cost \$80,000, and was insured for only \$40,000. The following are the principal losers and the respective amounts: Southwick, clothing dealer, \$6.000; Wm Ellis, dry goods, \$20,000; Leland mber of other smaller losses which will swell the aggregate loss to \$500,000, on which there is only a

### partial iusurance. LOSS OF A BALTIMOIE VESSEL.

From Oregon we have particulars of the wreck and total loss of the bark Oriole, of Baltimore. This accident took place as the bark was entering the Columbia river, at the same place which has been the scene of so many similar occurances. The Oriole was a fine Baltimore vessel owned by a company of Baltimoreans, who received a contract from Government for erecting light-houses on the Pacific coast, and which duty had nearly been completed when the sad accident befel the Oriole. One of the parties was Frances X. Kelly, Esq., a talented and much es teemed young member of the Baltimore bar.

# AN INTERESTING SLAVE CASE.

Sam Norris, a slave of Mr. J. N. Patton, of Va., was Sam Norris, a slave of Mr. J. N. Patton, of Va., was some five years ago, permitted by his master to go and live in Covington, Ky., provided he paid him \$100 a year out of his earnings, which was done.—
Two years ago Mr. Patton offered him his freedom within four years for \$400. Of this sum Sam paid down, at once, \$135, and \$40 or \$50 more subsequently. A few days ago, however, Mr. Patton refused to abide by the contract, and claimed Sam as his slave. The case was brought before Judge Pryor, of the Circuit Court at Covington, and a decision rendered in favor of Mr. Patton, on the ground that a slave cannot make a contract in Kentucky, and that a slave cannot be liberated in that State except by a slave cannot be liberated in that State except by will or deed of emancipation. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court.

hy-David Hadrick has been re-appointed by Gov. Johnson flour inspector of Winehester.

FORTY ACRES OF BIBLES.

The last number of the Bible Record, the useful and dred thousand Bibles and Testaments. These books it estimates, if they were spread out on plain surface and compared py square measure, would cover more than forty acres. If by solid or cubic measure they would measure more than one hundred and fifty solid cords. And these cords piled one upon another, would reach higher than the spire of the Trinity church, New York, or the falls of Niagara. The entire issues for the thirty seven years of the Society's existence, would cover more than forty acres with Bible tence, would cover more than forty acres with Bible bles and Testaments, or extend, in long measure, nearly thousand miles, or make more than eighteen hu dred and fifty solid cords. The greatness of the work yet to be done, may be inferred from the fact that, though the American Bible Society should publish four and a half millions of Bibles a year, it would require more than two hundred years to give a Bible to each of the thousand millions of the population

### of the world.-N. Y. Evan. SERIOUS ACCIDENT AT RICHMOND.

Early on Wednesday morning at Richmond, Vasix large derricks, stationed on the ship lock, erecting there for connecting the dock of the Kanaha company with the James River, gave way and fell into the lock. The timbers in falling struck eight or nine men engaged on the works, by which six were seriously wounded, one, it is supposed, fatally. The injured are as follows: Wm. McShay had his right leg proken near the knes; John Sullivan has a broken thigh; Michael Halley, one of his hips horribly crushed; Jerry Sullivan (1st) injured badly, having a limb broken; Patrick Higgins had his left arm broken; while Jerry Sullivan (2d,) Thomas Wall, Pat-

rick Donovan, and another man, were slightly in-But, worst of all, Wm. Shea, a laborer, was literally crushed to atoms. He was caught between the arm and the upright, and, in this condition, precipitated from the bank to the pit, crushing his breast and ribs, and breaking his thigh. When relieved from his perilous position he appeared to be dead, but somewhat revived, though but little hopes are entertained of his recovery. His internal injuries are severe. Mr. Mahoney, the superintendent, made a very narrow escape by jumping.

## A CHANCE FOR INVENTORS.

The New York Sun offers a prize of \$1,000 to any nventor who will contrive the mechanical means by which the paper, as prepared for printing, shall be supplied or "fed" to the press now in operation in its printing vault—"Hee's Last Fast"—at a centinuous rate of not less than 3,000 sheets per hour. It also offers ten thousand dollars for the patent right and sole and exclusive use of the invention. It says: "Our present mammoth press is capable of throw ing off impressions at the rate of 25,000 copies per hour, but human hands cannot supply the sheets to be printed at that rate. The most expert "feeders" cannot exceed from 2,000 to 2,500 per hour, continuously; so that on our present mammoth eight cylinder press the number of impressions per hour attainable by the present mode of feeding, is from 16,000 to 20,-000. Could we have the sheets "fed" to each cylinder at the rate of 3,000 per hour, we would have an impression of 24,000 per hour, and be able to print an edition of 120,000 in 5 hours."

## THE YELLOW FEVER IN BERMUDA.

Advices from Bermuda to the 4th ult., state that the yellow fever continued to prevail in certain districts—and especially among the troops with a good deal of malignity. Among the lates victims were Hon. G. V. Ellis, Lieut. Royal Artillery. and Mr. Thompson, the band master of the 56th Regiment. The epidemic had been making terrible avoc among the convicts. The total number that have died belonging to the prison-ship Thomas, since the breaking out of the fever, up to the 1st ult, had been sixty-four. There have also died, belonging to the ship, eight officers. At St. George's the disease

## was rapidly declining.

THE LATE PRIZE FIGHT. The New York Times states that the wager of \$2,-000, dependent on the issue of the recent beastly exhibition at "Beston Four Corners," was to have been settled in Philadelphia on Tuesday evening, whither the stakeholder had gone, tollowed by a numerous retinue of fancy gents, many of whom were interested in the result. The Times also says that the place where the encounter took place, was on the soil and within the jurisdiction of Massachusetts. It is rumored in New York that the Massachusetts authorities are de termined to follow up the affair, and before anothe week has elapsed, indictments will probably be found and requisition made upon Gov. Seymour for the delivery of the pugilist, and many others, who sanctioned the lawless individuals by being on the ground, and

### more or less taking an active part. SILVER CHANGE.

We learn that Collector Thomas has received letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, informing him that he has set apart \$50,000 at the Philadelphia mint, for the use of the Banks of Baltimore! It can be obtained by our banks either by sending the gold to Philadelphia, or arranging with the collector of the Port, who will give his check on the Assistant Treasurer of the Philadelphia mint. The whole amount set apart by the Secretary is \$350,000, of which \$200,000 is for New York, \$100,000 for Boston, and \$50,00 for Baltimore. The silver coin will be delivered in such descriptions as shall be desired by the Banks. The coins authorized consist of pieces

of 3, 5, 10, 25, and 50 cents. Balt. Amer. JAMES RIVER AND KANAWA CANAL COMPANY .- The annual meeting of this company was held at Richmond on Monday week. The gross receipts on the first and second divisions of the canal, for the fiscal year ending the 30th September last, were \$293,512-92; being an increase over the preceding year of \$16.-083 95. The amount of tonnage conveyed on the canal during the year is 231,032 1-10 tons; being an increase over the preceding year of 20,992 1-10 tons. The estimated value of freight transportation during the past year is estimated at \$17,435 000. The gross receipts from the productive works of the company, and from Miscellaneous sources, for the year, were \$325,311 52. And the disbursements for repairs, ordinary and extraordinary, for the same period were \$166,931. Judge Mason, the President of the company resigned his office, in order to accept the mission

# CAPT. INGRAHAM.—The Charleston Conrier of the 20th ult. says that, to the many friends and acquaintances of Capt. Ingraham in that city, it is needless to

say that the ungentlemanly language attributed to him in some of the reports relative to the Kosta af-fair was never made use of by that gentleman; but as the slander has gone forth, the Courier would state, on the authority of a letter received in Charleston, from Capt. Ingraham, dated Spezzi bay, the 20th ult. that the whole intercourse between Capt. Schwartz and himself on the brig Hussar, was of the most courteous and gentlemanly kind, and that no nupleasant word passed between them; indeed, after the affair of the 4th of July, the Hussar saluted the flag of the St. Louis, which the latter returned, and Capt, Ingraham, moreover, went on board the Hussar and thanked Capt. Schwarts for the compliment. This visit Capt, Schwartz returned, and the best personal feeling existed between both gentlemen, each thinking he had done his duty.

THE LATE SNOW STORM .- On Monday, the 24th ult. snow to the depth of one and a half inches fell about sixty-five miles above Petersburg, Va. At Hollidaysburg, Pa., the snow is reported to have fallen to a depth of one foot, and two feet deep on the mountains near that place, by four o'clock on Monday afternoon, at which hour it was still snowing. At Harrisburg, sufficient snow fell to cover the ground some six inches, had it not melted. Four or five inches of snow fell at Albany, on Monday afternoon and night. but only served to make pedestrianism disagreeable Snow also fell at Rochester and Poughkeepsie, N. Y. At Staunton, Va., it was from 12 to 45 inches deep, in many places, it is said, breaking the limbs of trees.

tenden, of Maysville, under the assumed name of C. Burton, not long since advertised in several papers that he had made a most valuable discovery, the secret of which he would disclose to any one who would forward him \$1, addressed to the aforesaid Charles Burton, box 175. Presently the mail came burdened with letters from all sections with the re quisite dollar, which Mr. C. took out and pocketed. In return he forwarded a batch of receipts imparting curious information concerning the removal of warts. ink stain, the manufacture of ink and like important matters. This quid pro quo not being satisfactory
t) some of the parties, they ferretted out the matter
and learned that Mr. Crittenden and Mr. Burton were identical. Measures are being taken to regain the money, about \$1,000 in all having been received.

[Louisville Courier.

IMPORTANT IF TRUE.—A Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Herald telegraphs the following to

The National Democratic Committee are to call a National Convention of the Democratic party at Baltimore about the time of the meeting of Congress.—
The object is to take into consideration "the state of the Union," as illustrated in the conduct of the present administration. They will determine the question whether the Baltimore platform has been propperly understood by the Cabinet, and whether their roller meets the approphetion of the people. The policy meets the approbation of the people. The Southern States will be fully represented, as will the anti-Free Soil party of the North and west.

.... A Census of Oregon has lately been taken un

der the auspices of the territorial authorities, with a view of ascertaining the population as it now stands since the new territory of Washington has been cut off. The announcement of the result is looked for off. The announcement of the result is looked for with some interest, as it is believed by many that the territory had before its division, very nearly population enough to form a State, and secure its admission into the Union. We have as yet seen only the census of Washington county, Oregon, which shows the following figures:—1207 females of all ages, 1012 males under 21 years of age, and 1278 voters. These form an aggregate \$2506 persons; whether there are any others in the county not herein included is not stated. Oregon has suffered much from the attractions of the California gold diggings, and the continual troubles with the Indian tribes.

The missioner is required to state specially any matters ho may deem pertinent or that he may be required so to state.

And it is ordered that notice of the time and place of taking said account may be published once a week for four successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in Charlestown, such publication to be equivalent to personal service of such notice upon all the parties to state.

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the newly appointed collector of New York, and Mr. Sisco, the new subtreasurer, were both on the Cass electoral ticket in 1848. Mr. Brodhead, the new na.

## ABRIVAL OF THE STEAMER ARCTI

Four Days Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30th, The steamer Arctic has ar-wed, bringing Liverpool dates of Oct. 19th and 220 odessa, Oct eth.—The Turkish declaration of war has been received here. The corps of Gen. Luders is still in this vicinity, expecting marching orders, The greatest confidence prevails in commercial circles.

The Eastean Question.—The London Times says that the Turkish manifesto is one of the strongest and most unanswerable State papers issued during the

The Post says that it is morally certain that Ruscia is already defeated, and that she will be so materially. Hostilities on the Danube, and on the shores of the Caspian, are inevitable.

A dispatch from Vienna, of the 17th, says that

Gortshakhoff had replied to the Turkish sur that he had no power to commence hostilities, make peace, or evacuate the Principalities. He therefore refuses to do either.

Russian subjects in Turkey have been placed under Austrian protection. der Austrian protection.

The Turks allow neutral flags on the Danube to

the 25th ult, but no long Austria and Prussia had recalled their subjects The Turkish service.

The Turkish declaration of war had been published in full. It is temperate but high-spirited, and lays no embargo on Russian shipe, fully protecting the

ghts of commerce. When the Czar heard of the Turkish dec of war he fell into a fury and swore he would wage a war of extermination against the Turks.

Omar Pacha had notified the Russian commender

that if he did not leave the Principalities by the 25th It is not supposed that war will commence on the Danube, but in Georgia or on the Black Sea.

Old Gen. Pasklewitch takes the command of the

Russian army in the Principalities. On the 5th of October, the combined fleets were observed preparing to advance to Constantinople.

A battle was fought Sept. 27th, between Schamps the Circassian chief, and the Russians. After heavy loss on both sides, the former retired to their moun-FRANCE.—As Prussia and Austria give indication of keeping neutral in the coming war, French and English Diplomatists consider that war will be con-fined to the Turkish frontier and not extend to Eu-

Italy was in a state of great excitement.

MARKETS. LIVERPOOL Oct. 19.—Cotton has been in good demand at rather stiffer rates, good stapled American having in some instances brought Is 10d. advance.—Sailes of the three days 21,000 bales, of which speculators took 3,500, and exporters 2,000 bales. Breadstuffs had been active at a further advance. Flour had advanced 1s. 9d. per bbl. Baltimore and Philadelphia bringing 32s 6d., and being held at 39s. Canal 34s 6d. a 35s; sour 31s, Wheat was in extensive

### quiet and unchanged. ARRIVAL OF THE OHIO.

demand at 2d. advance. Fine white 10s 5d. Corn

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.-The steamer Ohio, which left Aspinwall on the 18th, has arrived, bringing \$926,-000 in gold on freight, and \$200,000 in the hands of passengers. The Falcon sailed for New Orleans on

An accident happened on the Panama Railroad on the 1st ult. While the train which conveyed the passengers and mails by the Illinois was passing over, the locomotive came in collision with a bull just as the train was passing a bridge, throwing the train off the track, tearing up the bridge and precipitating the cars into a ravine 19 feet deep. The locomotive and five cars were smashed. An Irishman and native employed about the bridge were the only persons killed. Patrick Howard, a passenger, had both legs broken, and several others were more or less bruised. Eighteen deserters from the U.S. frigate Columbia had been arrested on the Musquito coast, where they

James Foley, a passenger by the Illinois, had been murdered at Native Ranche, near lower Cardenes. The Peruvian government has promised full satisfaction for the outrage at Chincha Islands, but Mr. Clay not being satisfied had referred the matter to Don Domingo Elias had escaped from Lima and

wall in irons.

joined Flores, in Equador, who was contemplating another expedition. President Belzus, of Bolivia, and his Minister, were at La Paz. The Revolutionists had fled to the Indians, seeking protection. The mines of Coquimbo were yielding finely. The gold excitement on the Amazon continued.

transport Fredonia had arrived on the 12th from San Francisco. There was no American flour in market but there was a good supply of provisions. Butter Dates from Melbourne, Australia, were to August 3d. There were great want of laborers, and some were receiving as high as £10 per week. The mar-

Valparaiso dates are to September 25th. The

kets showed no improvement-large stocks of goods and provisions remained on hand with little demand Liquors had greatly declined. Accounts from the diggings were favorable. At Adelaide, flour brought 21 a £22. At Melbourne

## NO MORE WOOD OR COAL FUEL.

We verly believe, says the New York Mirror, that way has been discovered of warming houses by burning gas, that will speedily do away with the use of wood and coal for all heating and culinary parposes. This will astonish old fogydom; but we have entire confidence in the success of this great discovery, and have made arrangements to have the Mirror office warmed by this process. The flame from a single gas burner, such as we now use, can be so diffused as to produce any required degree of heatat a cost for gas, and that, too, at present city rates of only about fifteen centaper day? We regard this discovery as one of the latest wonders and most use

ful achievements of the age. LIST OF LETTERS EMAINING in the Post Office at Charlestown Jef-R ferson County, V., on the 31st day of October,

Avis, John of Wm., 2; Avey, William; Black, W. W; Burk, Stephen; Barton, John; Brown, Rev. R. T.; Davis, William 2; Emory, Miss Mary Ann; Gordon, Florinda 2; Haines, Jacob; Hawn, Samuel; Hamilton, Lewis; Hicks, John A.; Hayslett F. F.; Hill, Jackson; Haines, Edward B; Jackson, Mrs., Sarah A.; Jones, John W; Keller, William N.; Loyd, H. F.; Luss, A. T.; Fassiser, Jacob, McP. H. F; Luse, A. T.; Lansinger. Jacob; McBride, Mrs. Hester; Monroc, George B; Matheny, Jonas; Mitchell, Elizabeth; Morris, John. G; Norcross, Wm. C.; Petticord. John H.; The Pedlind Saddler; Rochenhough, Thomas; Reynold, George, late Sheriff; Stribling, Miss Ann. Stewart, Bushrod W.; Shifer, E.; Wilshire, John C.; Woodly, Miss Albina; Wright, James. Underwood, Alfred J.; Young, Miss Marin.

JOHN P BROWN, P. M.

November 1 , 1853. NEW STORE AT KABLETOWN. HAVING purchased the stock of Goods belonging to Franklin Osburne at Kabletown, the undersigned respectfully announces that he is now opening and receiving a general stock of DRY GOODS, GRO-

CERIES, HARDWARE, &c., which he offers at the very lowest figure for cash, or on a limited credit to punctual dealers. It is his purpose to replenish his stock at least four times a year, which will enable him to furnish the public at all seasons with Goods fresh from the market. The stock of Goods purchased from Osburne he intends selling at reduced prices. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited, promising to give entire satisfaction in return.

Country produce of all kinds will be taken in exchange for goods, and the highest price allowed,

Nov. 1, 1853—tf [F. P.]

A. WILSON.

10,000 AGENTS WANTED. A N Agent wanted in every town and county in the United States to sell the most popular and saleable books ever published, including several new works with finely colored plates; also the works of T. S. Arthur, including "Arthur's Cottage Library." 10,000 copies of these popular series of books have been sold in the last three monhts. The largest commission paid to enterprising and industrious men, who can now have an opportunity for doing a pleasant and profitable business seldom offered

Each Agent has exclusive control of the sale of our publications for the town or county he may agree to iblications for the town or county he may agree to nvass. For particulars apply personally, or address oost paid,) J. W. BRADLEY, Publisher,

No. 48 North 4th street, Philadelphia In the Circuit Court of Jefferson Co. John Humphreys, ad. of David Hum-In Chance-

George Humphreys and others, Dfts.

N motion of Basil B. Hopkins and Robert Hull, is given them to file their petition, which is filed ac-

is given them to file their petition, which is filed accordingly.

And the cause coming on again to be heard this 25th day of October, 1853, upon the papers formerly read, and the report of the master cummissioner returned May 20th, 1852, and the exception thereto was argued by counsel, upon consideration whereof, it appearing that said report is too imperfect and incomplete to enable the Court to render a proper decree, settling the respective rights of the parties—the exception thereto for that cause is sustained—and it is adjudged, ordered, and decreed that the cause be re-committed to the same commissioner to state more fully, and complete the amounts prayed for in the bill with the following instructions, to wit:—He is to regard the testator, David Humphreys, as having died intestate, as to that part of his estate bequeathed to his wife Catharine Humphreys, the Court being of opinion that the same became lapsed legacy by the death of the said Catharine in the lifetime of the testator—noadvancements are to be brought into the amount as against the legacies bequeathed to the several children—but advancements mount as to the share in respect to which the testator died intestate as above decreed—and the said commissioner is required to state specially any matters he may deem periment or that he may be required so to state.

And it is ordered that notice of the time and place of

Denthy. In Martinsburg, on Monday, 24th ult., at the resi dence of her son, Mr. Jeremiah Gibson, Mrs. RA CHEL GIBSON, in the 73d year of her age.

# The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCT'R. 29, 1858.

REPORTED FOR THE SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON BY M. DANNER COMMISSION MERCHANT, HOWARD STREET. FLOUR AND MEAL.—The Flour market was somewhat firmer to day. Sales of 500 bbls Howard street straight brands at \$6.37\cdot per bbl: more sellers than buyers at that price. Sales of 2,000 bbls City Mills at \$6.25 and \$00 bbls do at \$6,37\cdot per bbl., on time, interest off, which is about equal to \$6.25. Rye Flour \$4.87 and Corn Meal 3.75a \$3.87\cdot per bbl.

Grain And Seed.—The supply of Grain is light. About 5,000 bushels of Wheat offered on 'change, and mostly sold at 1.25a \$1.30 for red, a slight improvement to 1.33a \$1.37 per bushel for good to prime white. No choice white, for family flour, offered. Inferior lots 3 to 10 cents per bushel below the above figures. Rye—Sales of Maryland and Virginia Rye at 77a \$0 cents per bushel. Pennsylvania Rye at 92 cents per bushel. Oats. We quote Maryland and Virginia Oats at 41a 43 cents inferior do 38a 39 cents, and Pennsylvania Oats 45a 46 cents per bushel. Seed quiet—Clover 6.25 a6 50, Timothy 3a \$3.25, Flaxseed \$1.20 per bushel.

Wool.—Sales of unwashed at 22a25 cents; washed 36a39 cents; and fine fleece 39a49 cents per lb. WHISKEY.-We quote now hhds. at 31 cents, and bbls, at 32 cents per gallon.

WINCHESTER MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 29, 1853. CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SAML. HARTLEY, AT THE DEPOT

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 28, 1853 FAMILY FLOUR, per bbl. \$7 00 a 7 50 SUPERFINE FLOUR, per bbl. 6 00 a 6 12 WHEAT, (red) per bushel 1 33 a 1 36 Do. (white) do 1 43 a 1 46 RYE, per bushel 0 76 a 6 80 COPN (white) 0 75 a 0 00 CORN MEAL 0.80 a 0.00
BUTTER, (roll) 0.16 a 0.18
Do. (firkin) 0.20 a 0.22
BACON, (hog round) 0.00 a 9.00
LARD 0.1½ a 0.1½
CLOVERSEED 6.75 a 7.00
TIMOTHY SEED 4.25 a 4.50 TIMOTHY SEED ...... 4 25 a 4 50 

GEORGETOWN MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCT'R. 28, 1953. 

OFFERS his professional services to the Citizens of Chalestown and its vicinity.

He will be found at I. N. Carter's Hotel, or at his · November 1-tf ·

MANTUAMAKING.

MISS M. KING respectfully informs the ladies of Charlestown and its vicinity that she has just rereived her FALL and WINTER FASHIONS from the North. She carnestly solicits a call from her friends and the ladies generally, feeling fully satisfied that she cannot fail to please all who may favor her with their custom. All work entrusted to her care will be cxecuted with neatness and despatch. Charlestown, Nov. 1, 1853—tf

MASONIC NOTICE. TIME CORNER STONE of the Methodist Eniscopal

Virginia, will be laid on Wednesday, the 2d day of November, by Dallas and Triluminer Lodges, according to Masonic usage and custom. Rev. Brother F. Israel will deliver an address on the occasion. Neighboring Lodges and all Masons in good standing are earnestly invited to be present, and unite with Dallas and Triluminer Lodges in the interesting ceremonies.

W. G. HARDESTY, Com.

Nov. 1—1w DAVID FRY,

SOLOMON HEFFLEBOWER is no longer my Agent, and all claims against the distillery," while he was my Agent in that business, must come properly authenticated, as for no others will I be responsible.

JACOB HEFLEBOWER.

MILANERY.

MRS. MARIA E. JONES respectfully informs her friends and Customers, that she has just returned from Baltimore, with the latest EALL & WINTER FASHIONS. Her stock comprises a handsome collection of Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Laces and Embroideries.

She desires that her PATTERN BONNETS be inspected, as they are all that could be desired.

Mrs. Jones returns her sincere thanks to the Ladies for past patronage; and hopes by strict attention to merit a continuance of the same.

AGRICULTURAL FAIR POSTPONED. By reason of the inclomency of the weather, the Exhibition of the Loudoun Agricultural Society has been postponed until WEDNESDAY, 2nd day of November, 1853, when the Fair will be open for pub-lic Exhibition in the COURT-HOUSE YARD. All stock and every article designed for exhibition is required to be placed within the enclosure on the previous day by eleven o'clock, at which time all members of committees, and exhibitors of stock, &c., are requested to be present, as the merits of the article will be decided upon that day, and the report of the Judges made on the following day. By order of the EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

NOTICE TO FARMERS. THE subscriber is now largely engaged in manufacturing Leavitt's Patent Corn and Cob Grinder, Corn Sheller, and Corn Meal Grinder, at Messrs. Snapp & Coonts's Foundry, Winchester, Va., where all letters (post paid) will receive immediate attention, addressed to the undersigued, who will also furnish Bills, giving full descriptions of the Mill. As this Mill was fully exhibited at the Fair of the Valley Agricultural Society, and the first premium awarded to it, further recommendation is unnecessary.

Nov. 1, 1853—3m

R. McLAGAN.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES! I HAVE an extensive assortment of PARLOR, OF-FICE, HALL and COOK STOVES, FURNACES, COAL GRATES, &c., which will be sold, delivered and set up on the most accommodating terms.

All persons in want of any Apparatus for heating.

Houses, or for Cooking, are respectfully solicited to call at the Charlestown Tin-ware and Stove House, before purchasing elsewhere, as great inducements will there be offered, both in variety of style, and extended law prices. tremely low prices. Nov. 1, 1853

THOMAS D. PARKER. NOTICE-TO THE PUBLIC. Circulation-Ten Thousand! Five Thousand! Three Thousand!

tractive style.

The first issue will be Ten Thousand; the second Five Thousand; and no subsequent issue less than Three Thousand. The subscriber has at command the names of Twenty Thousand persons living in all sections of the State.

To insure the reception of the paper by those to whom it will be sent, the postage will be paid on all papers sent out of the city.

The first number will appear on TUESDAY, the 1st of November, the day of the opening of the State Agricultural Fair, and will be published regularly every Wednesday thereafter.

Subscription (per year, in advance)
Clubs of 5, \$5-10, \$8-15, \$12-20, \$15
Advertising—For a square of 15 lines, first
insertion,

insertion,

Each subsequent insertion,

N. B.—To annual advertisers a liberal discount
made.

E. A. GALLAHER,

Publisher.

PHŒNIX MARBLE WORKS.



Corner Sharp and German Streets, September 20, 1853—ly Baltimone, Mi MILLINERY AND MANTUAMAKING! MISS A. R. GARDNER would respectfully form the Ladies of Charlestown and vicinity

THE OFFICIAL PAPER OF CONGRESS. AND NEWSPAPER FOR THE PROPLE.

AND NEWSPAPER FOR THE PROPLE.

It will be seen by the annexed extract from a letter of Gen. Washington to David Stewart, dated New York, March 17th, 1790, that the idea of such a paper as I propose to make the Globe, originated in the mind of the Father of his Country. He said:

"It is to be lamented that the editors of the different Gazettes in the Union do not more generally and more correctly (instead of stuffling their papers with scurrility and nonsensical declamation, which few would read if they were apprised of the contents) publish the debates in Congress on all great national questions.—
The principles upon which the difference of opinion arises, as well as the decisions, would then come fully before the public, and afford the best data for its judgment "—Sparks's writings of Washington, vol. 10, p. 84.

THE DAILY GLOBE

AND

The Congressional Globe.

In surrendering my interest in the organ of a great political party, I cherished the purpose of continuing the Congressional Globe, and, if possible, in time, to perfect it into a full history of the action of Congress, giving the debates accurately and fully with the proceedings—all stamped with the verity of an official record. From the passage in the letter of General Washington, which I have quoted, it will be perceived that he thought this office might be combined with that of a regular newspaper; and it is certain that the avidity of the public for news of the less important kind greatly contributes to give wings to the weightier matter which may be called Congressional news. Having succeeded in my purpose of perfecting the reports of the debates in Congress, and giving them the official stamp, I now propose to send them abroad, in connection with the news of the day, in such haste as shall outstrip full and accurate intelligence sent in connection with the news of the day, in such haste as shall outstrip full and accurate intelligence sent from the seat of government in any other form whatever. It will even anticipate the scraps of news forwarded to cities within two hundred and fifty miles of Washington by telegraph. Before the events thus transmitted are published in the morning papers (for instance, of the city of New York) the Globe containing them will have reached the post office of that city by the Express Mail of the previous night. The process by which this will be effected I now lay before the public.

public.

I will have a corps of 16 Reporters in Congress; each in succession will take notes during five minutes, then retire, prepare them for the press, put them slip by slip in the hands of compositors, and thus, while a debate is going on in Congress, it will be put in type, and in a few minutes after it is ended, it will be in print. I shall by this means be enabled to send it by the Express Mail of five o'clock, p. m., for the East, West and North, and by that of 9 o'clock, p. m., for the South, all the proceedings of Congress up to the ordinary hour of adjournment. Thus the debates of Congress will reach the cities two hundred and fifty miles from the Capitol before their morning papers

are in circulation.

The miscellaneous news I shall be careful to gather The miscellaneous news I shall be careful to gather from remote sections of the country by telegraph. I will obtain from the Executive Departments, through official sources, the matters of moment transacted in them, and, through agents employed for the purpose, all the city news of consequence in sufficient time to be put into the Globe and mailed in the Express Mailtrams. In this way I hope to create a new era in the dissemination of news from Washington. Hitherto no newspaper has attempted to give authentic accounts of things done in Washington before the public mind at a distance had received its first impressions from irresponsible telegraphic dispatches, or by leffrom irresponsible telegraphic dispatches, or by let-ter-writers biased by peculiar views. Washington has now become so great a centre of

collected by them even during the recess of Congress

them a large number of copies.

The installation of a new Administration and a new Congress portends much change in the course of pub-lic affairs as the result of the next session. Many vast interests which were brought up in the last Congress were laid over by the Democratic majority to await the action of a Democratic Executive. The new modeling of the tariff; the new land system; the question of giving homesteads, and making every man a free-holder who may choose to become one; the approximation of the Atlautic and Pacific occans by a national railroad across the territory of the Union; reform in the Army, Navy, and civil offices—all these great questions, with a thousand minor ones, deeply affect-ing multitudes of men and every State in the Union, will, now being matured by public opinion, come up for the Government's decision. These newissues, co-operating with old ones, coming up to be disposed of by new actors on the scenes at Washington, will be

by new actors on the scenes at Washington, will be apt to modify greatly, if not alter essentially, the party organizations of the country.

To these elements of interest another is likely to be introduced by the interposition of the agitations of Europe. After nearly forty years of peace in Europe there is an evident restlessness that now seems fraught with tendencies threatening war; and if war comes, in all likelihood there will follow such universal change that the United States can scarcely hope to escape its vortex. Indeed, from late events it is apparent that our Government is already drawn into European difficulties. These circumstances are calculated to draw the public mind towards the next Congress with much

The Daily Globe will be printed on fine paper, double royal size, with small type, (brevier and non-pareil) at five dollars a year.

The Congressional Globe will also be printed on a double royal sheet, in book form, royal quarto size, each number containing sixteen pages. The Congressional Globe proper will be made up of the proceedings of Congress and the running debates as given by the Reporters. The speeches which members may choose to write out themselves will, together with the messages of the President of the United States, the reports of the Executive Departments, and the laws passed by Congress, be added in an Appendix. Formerly I received subscriptions for the Congressional Globe and Appendix separately. But this has not been found satisfactory, inasmuch as it gave an oncomplete view of the transactions in Congress; and therefore I have concluded not to sell them apart, con-

Joint resolution providing for the distribution of the
Laws of Congress and the Debates thereon.
With a view to the cheap circulation of the laws of
Congress and the debates contributing to the true interpretation thereof, and to make free the communi-

APPENDIX is sold for half the cost of so much composition, press-work, and paper. This I can afford to do, inasmuch as the subscriptiou of Congress almost covers the cost of composition, and this enables me to sell for little more than the cost of press-work and paper. It requires the sale of about 9,000 copies to remburse expenses. If 500 only were sold, the cost of each copy would be about \$104! The detacts in the English Parliament cost about eleven times as much as I charge subscribers for the debates in Congress, equal in quantity, and as well reported and printed.

The next session of Congress will be a long one; and it is believed the Congressional Globe for it will reach 4,000 royal quarto pages, as the last long session made 3,342; and the long one before that made 3,901 royal quarto pages—four large volumes each session. If subscribers will be careful to file all the numbers received by them, I will supply any that may miscarry

their original subscription price.

The subscription price for the Congressional Globe (including the Appendix and the laws) is six dollars.

Complete indexes will be made out and forwarded to subscribers for the Daily should have their money here by the 5th, and for the Congressional Globe by the 15th of December. The money must accompany an order for either the Daily or the Congressional Globe. Bank notes current where a subscriber resides will be received at par. JOHN C. RIVES, Washington, October 12, 1853.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS! THE subscriber having made arrangements for publishing a WEEKLY LITERARY AND FAMILY

NEWSPAPER

IN THE CITY OF RICHMOND,
Offers to the Business men of the city unequalled advantages in the way of Advertising
To the Literary and Family Paper will be appended an advertising medium prepared in the most attractive style.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

COLLER'S Shakespeare; Headley's History of the World, illustrated; Eastman's Aboriginal Port Folio; Sloan's Carpenter's Guide; Shaw's English Literature; Webster's Unabridged Dictionary; do Royal Octavo do; Prose Writers of America; Female Poets of America; School-craft's Thirty Years with the Indians; Hearts and Homes, by Mrs. Ellis; Sparks' Life of Washington; Pope's Works, 2 vol., fine edition; Memoirs of Monstrelet, 2 vols.; Tytler's History, 2 vols.; Pigeon's Traditions of De-coo-tah; Stearn's Notes on Uncle Tom's Cabin; California illustrated; Waverly in 12 vols.—a fine edition bound in calf; British Poets, illustrated, 3 vols.; Spenser's Works. Also, a large lot of Juvenile Works, Miscellaneous Books, &c., for sale

low by October 25, 1853 L. M. SMITH. POTASH, PURLASH, SODA, &c.—A quantity of Crude Potash for sale low to close the lot; also, Pur-lash, Saleratus, Bread Soda and Sal Soda, for sale by

Linseed oil, Whiting, Hibernian Green, green and yellow; White Lead, ground and dry; Venitian Red, Whiting; Copal and Japan Varnish; also, Hibernian Green, a new article of Green Paint, superior to Ground Verdigris, and much cheaper. Call and examine.

L. M. SMITH

October 25; 1853 TO SPORTSMEN!—A superior lot of Powder Flasks, Shot Bags, Bird Bags, Drinking Flasks, for sale low by
October 25, 1853

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the public that they are now prepared to fill orders for anything in their line, such as Pickles, Preserves, Catsup, Sauces—Fruits and Vegetables preserved in their natural state. Brandy Fruits; Pie Fruits preserved; fresh cooked, spiced and pickled Oysters; fresh Meats, Fish Soups, &c., all of which are of superior quality. Particular attention is given to supplying of raw Oysters; having arrangements with the different Express and Railroad lines, we are enabled to deliver them in good condition to any section of the country. A portion of public patronage is solicited.

MANN & DUKE,
Nos. 127 and 129, McEldry's Wharf,

Nos. 127 and 129, McEldry's Wharf, October 25, 1853—tf Baltimore, Md. 50 EMPTY WHISKEY BARRELS for sale by JOHN L HOOFF BETWEEN Carter's Hotel and Hiram O'Bannon's shop, on Monday morning, October 24th, a RED PORTE-MONIE, containing some where about one hundred pollars. The finder will receive a liberal reward by leaving it at this office, or delivering it to the owner.

October 25 1852 4f

ESTRAYED ROM a lot of Cattle at Joseph Strider's, near Harpers-Ferry, one fat COW, red and white; rathermore white than red. Any information that will lead to the recovery of said Cow will be thankfully received, also a liberal reward will be paid.

Oct. 25, 1853—3w

DAVID FRY.

A CARD. THOUGH averse to a Newspaper controversy, yet the advertisement over the signature of T. F. Nelson, Esq., requires a passing notice. The peculiarities of the communication alluded to, seem rather to have been prompted by an arrogant disposition of defiance, or a desire to coerce measures, than from any

fiance, or a desire to coerce measures, than from any principles of fairness.

As Mr. Nelson appears to feel himself peculiarly situated under existing circumstances, we doubt not, if he does not imagine himself properly included in that category of individuals to whom is applicable a good old common-place, and well known proverb.—And, as the Caps probably bears heavily upon him, we think it may, with propriety, be inferred that this accounts for Mr. Nelson's way of understanding the merits of his cause,—else why should he volunteer to be a witness against himself and so thoughtlessly admit to the public at large, what we could have so much desired?

We believe our Caution to the Public implicated no one specifically,—and now that Mr. N. feels so ill at case within himself, he is hereby informed, that ere long we will comply with his invitation to test the merits of our cause, through the virtue of Law, in a "directuay," if not availing ourselves of an "immediate opportunity" further informing Mr. N. that we presume the privilege as much ours to Caution the Public against infringing on what actually and virtually belongs to us, as that of Mr. N. or any other individual is entitled to put forth cautionary notices or forewarning against violating rights to individual, property, chattels, etc., etc., is at least sanctioned by common sense equity.

Probably Mr. Nelson may gather some useful hints from a careful perusal of the 7th Section, lines 7th, 8th and 14th of the Patent Laws of 4th July, 1836. relating to priority, use, &c., &c. This reference, it not a direct reply to the question, if "a pending Patent bars use," must at least develop one startling fact that a Pending application of a known and practically tested Invention, having priority of existence, will necessarily vitiate (any) title and claim advanced for a Patent, for any unitation or subsequent similar Invantion.

lar Invention.

Before closing, we ask that the readers attention be directed to the fact, that notwithstanding Mr. Nelson asserts a claim, he fails entirely to show fairly, publicly, and descriptively the principles and construction of his alleged Guano Attachment. Nor does he date the origin of his Invention; whilst we have fully described our apparatus, and again refer to the advertisement of Messrs. O'Pannon, Henson & Henr, in the year 1852 to which is appended a certificate of a highly creditable and well known gentleman, and a practical farmer. gentleman, and a practical farmer.

In conclusion, we must say, that we l'ave no desire for, nor do we purpose any further controversy upon the subject in question, feeling satisfied that whatever our respondent may choose to put forth hereafter, will be more for the benefit of the querulous in feeling than edifying to the intelligent and discriminating reader; and whilst we respectfully decline any further challenge to engage in Newspaper Warfare, we will nevertheless quietly listen to any thing in any form or manner of speech that it may please our formidable and arrogant adversary to present to the Public;—fearing nothing, believing our cause a just one, and that it will stand upon its own merits. HENSON & ROHR.

October 18, 1853-3t. ZIMMERMAN'S THRESHER AND CLEANER.

From the Illinois Central Times. TO THE FARMERS AND MECHANICS. Our farmers are particularly requested to read a communication, with annexed certificates, from W. A. M. Arney and others, in relation to a new and improved Threshing Machine, entitled, "Zimmerman's Virginia Thresher, Seperator and Cleaner." We were called on some time since to witness the practical operation of this Machine, and have no hesitation in threshing, cleanliness of the grain when threshed, and the amount of power required to work the same, it stands unrivalled by any machine that has ever be-As an evidence of its speed, we would just say, that

fore come under our notice. it threshed 10 bushels of oats in 8 minutes, by the watch. This may look to some of our farmers, who are in the habit of cleaning their grain in "the good old way," like a hard yarn, but it is nevertheless true We are authorized to say that the right to make and vend said machines in this State is for sale. Mechanics, look to your interest-they are bound

For the Times. Mr. EDITOR:—It is a great advantage to a Farmer, after he has labored to raise a crop of grain, to have the facilities for threshing, cleaning and preparing it for market. A valuable invention for the purpose has been lately introduced in the States of Maryland Pennsylvania and Virginia, by G. F. S. Zimmerman, of Charlestown, Va. This Machine received the first premium at the Maryland State Agricultural Fair in 1852, over the Pitt Cleaner, from New York, and several others that were present, Mr. Zimmerman desires to bring his Machine into use in our Prairie State, and for this purpose he has forwarded one of them here, which will be exhibited at the State Fair at Springfield, next month. I have threshed my crop of grain, about 1400 bushels, with it, and find it to be the best I have ever used. It threshes fast, cleans the grain perfectly, and with less waste than any ma-chine I have threshed with; and in consequence of the simplicity of its construction, it can be manuface tured for about one half the cost of any other cleaner, consequently can be sold at a reduced price, thus leaving no chance for competition. Mr. Zimmerman will sell the right of this machine for this State, as he wishes others to receive some of the benefits from so

CERTIFICATES. This is to certify that we assisted W. F. M. Arney to thresh his crop of grain this season with Zimmer-man's Virginia Thresher, Separator and Cleaner, and we recommend said machine for simplicity of its arrangement, the perfect manner in which it separates the wheat from the straw, without the least waste, and bagging the grain for market cleaner than any other machine we have ever worked with. J. PILCHRR, G. W. SKIDMORE,

N. R. YOUNG. N. N. CHAIN, T. M. PILCHER, A. M. CHAIN G. HANSON, J. Y. YOUNG. This is to certify that we saw Zimmerman's Thresher, Cleaner, and Bagger in operation, while it was used in threshing the grain of Mr. W. F. M. Arney, of our county. It threshed perfectly clean, worked easy to the horses, and with less waste than any machine we have ever used. B. Wheeler, John Wheeler, of Haven Grove; H. Havens, Jesse Wheeler, Edwin Smith, Wm. Clark, of Bloomington; A. B. McClung, of Hudson.
McLean county, Ill., 1853. [Oct. 25-3t]

CASH FOR NEGROES. WANTED for the New Orleans market, men, women, boys, girls and families, for which I will pay the highest cash prices. Persons having Slaves for sale, will find it to their interest to call on the before dealing, as I will pay the highest cash prices. Address letters to me at Martinsburg, Berkeley co., Va., and they will nearly different attention. and they will meet with prompt attention.

A. P. STRAYER

October 25, 1353-3m [Martinsburg Gazette copy MILLINERY. MRS, MARY E. DAVIS tenders her thanks to the ladies of Charlestown and vicinity for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended towards her, and respectfully gives notice that she has just returned from Baltimore with the FALL & WINTER FASH-10NS for all descriptions of Millinery Work. She has also several beautiful PATTERN BONNETS of the latest style and fashion, to which she invites the attention of her old friends and the public generally, as she will endeavor, by renewed efforts to please, to render satisfaction to all who may favor her with their custom. She can be found at her residence, 3 doors

east of David Howell's, on Water street. October 25, 1853. Is hereby given, that the Notes given at the sale of George Roberts, will be due on the 1st day of January next. They are in the hands of the undersigned, and the money will be expected when due.

JOHN MARSHALL Areast JOHN MARSHALL, Agent.

October 25, 1853-3 DRUGS, PAINTS, &c. A LARGE and general assortment of Drugs, Paints,
Oils, Perfumery, &c., is now being received.—
The public may be assured, that a finer assortment of
these articles has never been opened in this market.

NEW GOODS. JOHN L. HOOFF is now receiving a large and well selected stock of Fall and Winter Goods, to which he invites the attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

THE PEOPLE'S FAIR! THE great exhibition of Cheap Dry Goods and Clothing will commence at 8 o'clock this morning. The highest Premiums will be awarded to those buying the largest amount of Goods. Admission free.—Children half price. ISAAC ROSE'S Oct 18 Cheap Store on Main Street.

OVERSEERS OF THE POOR.

A MEETING of the Overseers of the Poor of Jefferson county will be held at the Court-house in Charlestown on Friday, the 18th of November next.

A Superintendent of the Poor will be appointed at that time, who will be required to furnish suitable houses for the Poor, with gardens, fire-wood—stoves if required—servants to cook, wash and nurse; pasturage and rough food for a cow, &c.

A Contractor will also be appointed to furnish Pork, Corn, Flour, Salt, &c.

A punctual attendance of the members of the Board is requested. By order of the President,

Oct. 25, 1853—tm SAM'L STONE, Clerk. GUN!—A very superior Double-barrel Gun (war ranted) for sale by J L HOOFF

Special Motices.

OFA Protracted Meeting will be held at the White House Church, Jefferson Circuit, to com-mence on Saturday morning next, November 5th. Nov. 1, 1853—1w [F. P.] (by-The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper ill be administered by the Pastor of the Presbyterian hurch, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Proctor, in the U-ion Church, Smithfield, on Sunday next, the 6th day

of November. Religious services will commence or Friday preceding, at 3 o'clock, P. M., and continue on Saturday, at 11 o'clock, A. M Martinsburg, Nov. 1, 1853—1w 63- The Pew Rents of the Episcopal Church, Charlestown, are now due.
Oct. 11, 1853.
L. BOTTS Collector., &- The Pew Rents of the Presbyterian hurch are now due. Payment can be made to Oct. 4. S. H. STEWART, Collector.

\$\( \frac{1}{2} \) Obituary notices, exceeding six lines in length, are only inserted as Advertisements.

stubborn cases.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LININGST. The five Express Companies of New York city, certify that they have entirely abandoned the use of any other Liniment for the cure of sores, galls, sprains and rheumatic pains among their horses or men.

If you have any ugly, painful Corns upon your feet, get a bottle of Mustang Liniment and apply it twice a day for cleven days and the trouble will be gone positively.

Extract from a letter dated Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, October 5th, 1852:

Another circumstance which I noticed in Ohio a few days ago, I thought spoke highly of the virtues of the Mustang. Being in the office of a Physician of high standing, I noticed as he opened a door of his bookcase, several bottles of Mustang, along side of which was an EMPTY Mustang bottle, and a two-ounce vial FILLED WITH MUSTANG LINIMENT, on which was the following directions: "Rub the throat well night and morning with the Liniment, and wrap a woolen cloth around it."

J. P. FLEMING.

The Liniment is put up in three sizes and retails for 25 cts., 50 cts. and \$1—the 50 cts. and \$1 sizes contains three and six times as much as the 25 cts. size, and is nuch cheaper.

and 's much cheaper.

A. G. BRAGG & CO., sole proprietors, 304 Broadway, New York, and corner of 3d and Market streets, St. Louis. Missouri. For sale by all Drucgists.

13-L. M. SMITH, Charlestown, T. D. HAMMOND and A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry, Agents.

WESTERN VIRGINIA LAND AGENCY THE Subscribers are Agents for the sale of large quantities of land in that part of Western Virginia, through which the Central Railroad is in process of construction. This land, considered in reference to soil, climate, mineral resources, accessibility, and the character of the population now "settling" in that part of the State, will generally commend itself on ination, as very desirable for investment and residence, at the low prices and easy terms at which it is offered for sale. Full and particular information will be furnished to persons desiring to purchase, by

evidence, at the Cloth House of Charlestown, Oct 13 HARRIS & RIDENOUR. SHAWLS.—Some very handsome, (low prices.)
Oct 18 HARRIS & RIDENOUR. Oct. 18.

Oct. 18.

Oct. 18.

Oct. 18.

Oct. 18.

Oct. 18.

Oct. 18. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. HATS AND CAPS.—2 cases fashionable Hats,
19 dozen fancy do., 10 dozen men and boys' cloth
Caps, which we will sell very cheap.
October 18. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. DOMESTICS.—New York Mill Shirting, Lousdale do. do., 2 and 2 do. do., one bale heavy brown, twill and plain Cotton Flannels, at as low prices as have been sold in the last 12 months.

Oct 18

HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

F 50 cents to \$3 50; Swiss and cambric Under-sleeves, do to Spencers, do do Edgings, do do Insert-ings. The ladies will find the most select stock of the oct 18 HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

ALL persons having Claims against the estate of Samuel Cameron, dec'd, are requested to present them to the undersigned properly authenticated for settlement, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, as it is his wish to close up the business of the estate as speedily as possible.

THOS. RUTHERFORD, Adm'r,
Oct. 11, 1853.

of Saml. Cameron, dec'd.

RESH GROCERIES.—The undersigned respectfully announces to his friends and the public generally, that he is now receiving and opening a general assortment of Groceries, Queensware, &c., to which he invites the attention of the public.

Oct. 18

R. H. BROWN.

ceived and for sale by

FRESH PORTER just received and for sale by R. H. BROWN. LaDIES' DRESS GOODS.—French Merinoes, all colors; English do., all prices; Persian Cloths, Plaids from 50 cents to \$150 per yard, plain and figured Monshaines, Silks, (very handsome.) with many other very fine dress goods, selected with great care and of the latest and best styles, to suit the taste of our Jefferson ladies. Will they favor us with their presence? [Oct 18] HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

ANTHRACITE COAL. WE will fill all orders for Anthracite Coal from the District market at the lowest cash prices, with the transportation added. Oct. 18, 1853—3t. R. S. BLACKBURN & CO. [F.P.] NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

WE are receiving our supplies of GOODS for the HARRIS & RIDENOUR. LADIES DRESS GOODS.—All Wool de Laines, Printed Parish de Lainess, Merinos, Alpacas, Sack Flannel of all colors. J L HOOFF.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c. WE would ask a call from the gentlemen to look through our stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Stocks, Shirt Collars, Gloves, &c.
Oct. 25 SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

ESTRAY HOG. TAKEN up on the land of the subscriber, in February last, an estray Hog, a stag, recently altered, hole in the right ear and cropped. Color, black, with three white feet; appraised at \$8 00.

Oct 25, 1853—3w EPHRAIM WATSON. FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

The Best Invention of the Day.

The undersigned has purchased the right for Jefferson County, and is now having manufactured at his establishment in Charlestown, the great labor and grain-saving Invention, known as the TIMO-THY and CLOVER SEED SOWER. He proposes to furnish the farmers at such times as they may desire, this article, which has proven itself as to economy of labor, and regularity in sowing, on such terms that none can hesitate as to purchasing. Those who have tried, say they would not be without one for ten times its cost. Any orders left with Mr. Charles Barrett, or application to the undersigned, will be punctually complied with.

Oct. 11, 1853—3t.

F. P. The Best Invention of the Day. Oct. 11, 1853—3t. F. P.

CHEAP CLOTHING in Charlestown. THE subscriber is opening and daily receiving during the season, an assortment of fashionable Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, equal if not superior to any in the Valley of Virginia. Much of the Clothing was ordered by him several months ago, expressly for this market; and is superior to any Clothing generally kept in Clothing Stores, and will be sold at those low figures, the Establishment is celebrated for. All in want of Overcoats, Business Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Woolen Undershirts and Drawers, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Gloves and Comforts, will find those articles in the greatest variety, and at the very lowest prices at ISAAC ROSE'S Cheap Store on Main Street.

Oct. 11.

MILLINERY AND MANTUA-MAKING. MISS E. L. KERCHIVAL, having returned from Baltimore with all the various Fashions of the day, is prepared to execute all orders in her line. She has PATTERN BONNETS, and TRIMMINGS, PLAID RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c., which she will be glad to dispose of on as reasonable terms as they can be had elsewhere, and solicita share of public patronage. [Oct. 11, 1853—3t. SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

IT is requested of the School Commissioners of the County, to have the Tuition Bills of their different Districts made out to the 1st of October, and give them to the Clerk with a list. Each Com. is also requested to have prepared a statement of the condition of his School, the number of pupils, their attendance, &c., as required by law, and forwarded to the Clerk by the 25th of October. Oct. 4, 1853. WM. C. WORTHINGTON, Clerk CHEAP DRY GOODS in Charlestown.

THE subscriber having purchased a magnificent assortment of Dry Goods and Fancy Articles, is now able to offer inducements never before met with in this place. He bought of those houses only, who did not know anything about Goods being higher, consequenty he can and will sell cheap as ever. Particulars in landbills to be distributed in a few days. October 11. ISAAC ROSE. PUBLIC SALE. HAVING sold Shannon Hill in Jefferson county, Va., I will offer at Public Sale,

On Tuesday, 15th of November, 1853, PERSONAL PROPERTY, excepting my Servants—House and Farm Hands, which will be for hire for 12 months on and after January 1st, 1854.

The Stock of Horses, including a pair of Desirable CARRIAGE HORSES, young, strong and safe, (after 12 months trial), with three CARRIAGES, Single and Double Harness complete for each, and "Old John," a Saddle Horse. The Stock of Cattle,

of the Durham and Devon breeds; the EWES and BUCKS of the finest Cotswold breed, and HOGS well improved—comprise the largest and best stock ever offered on any one farm in the Valley of Virginia. The Farming Implements comprise all that is required on a Large Farm in the Valley of Virginia.

The HOUSE, one of the largest in Jefferson, is furn-shed from cellars to garrets with comforts and con-

veniences selected during the past nine years, from the Home and Northern Markets, without regard to price, and all in good order.

The sale will include CORN, HAY, LIQUORS, &c., &c., and will be continued from day to day till sold. Terms of Sale .- On all sums of and under \$10 cash; over \$10 a credit of nine months secured by notes satisfactorily endorsed, to be cancelled on prompt payment without, interest. On failure of prompt payment interest to be charged from day of sale till paid.
Oct. 4, 1853—ts. GEORGE W PETER. BARGAINS.

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS. THE undersigned has just returned from the East with a large and general assortment of Goods, which has been purchased as low as any Goods in the Valley of Virginia, for cash. The assortment consists in part of the following articles, viz:

Super Black Cloths and Cassimeres;
Super Fancy Cassinetts, at very low prices;
Silk Velvets, Satins, and Fig'd. Silk Vestings;
Plain Black, Changeable, Plaid, Striped and
Figured Silks;
Illusions, Tarltons and Sarcenets; Swiss, Plain and Figured Muslins; Cambric and Jacont do.; Super Curtain Muslins, of various patterns; Gin hams and Calicoes, all patterns and prices;

Ladies Super Linen Handkerchiefs; Gents Linen and Silk do.; Colored and Elack Cravats; Crape, Cashmere and Woolen Shawls, of various Figured and Plain Bobfnets: A large assortment of Dress Trimmings; Silk Laces and Fringes; French worked Collars; Ladies Kid, Silk, and Lisle Thread Gloves; Gentlemen's Kid and Silk do.; LadiesSilk, Cashmer, Lambs-woolandCottonHose Gentlemen's do do Super White, Red and Yellow Flannels;

Domestics, of every description and color; Fine 11-4 and 12-4 Twilled Blankets; Servants Blankets; Canton Flannels; Silk and Fancy Bonnets: A large assortment of Fancy and Plain Ribbons; Artificial Flowers, Combs and Brushes; and al-most every article in the fancy way. China and Queensware.

Among which are several handsome Tea Sets. A good assortment of Hardware; Cuttlery, Carpenters Tools, &c.; Waiters, Looking Glasses and Groceries.

I have a large stock of Groceries, all of which are of the best quality.

Also, a large lot of Ladies, Misses, and Children's Shoes; Silk, Kossuth and Wool Hats; Caps of every description. Those who desire to get good bargains, are respectfully invited to call soon and judge for themselves.

Harners Ferry Oct 4 1853 Harpers-Ferry, Oct.4, 1853. CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Public are fore-warned against using any Grain Drill or Seeding Apparatus, purporting to have a COMPOST or GUANO ATTACHMENT, with a Revoling Shaft, having series of double obliquely arranged beaters, or spiruly acting agitators, used in a Compost Hopper, or Fertilizing Chamber, as the oame will be a direct infringement upon our invention, which has long been in the public beaters. invention, which has long been in use, and for which a Patent is now pending. The utmost extent of the Law will be enforced against all using said attachment without our consent. HENSON 5. POHP without our consent. HENSON & ROHR. Charlestown, Oct.4, 1353-3t.

MR. EDITOR: THE communication of Messrs. Henson & Rohr, in the Free Press of yesterday, with regard to the Guano Attachment to the Wheat Drill, calls for a brief notice from me. I will merely state that a direct and immediate opportunity of enforcing the law to its utmost extent against persons using the above mentioned fixture without their consent, is now afforded them; as I am using and intend to continue to use two of S. M. Pennocks Wheat Drills, with Guano Attachment to each one; such Attachment having been affixed by my direction, and being my own invention. Iny direction, and being my own invention.

I presume the question of right between Messrs.

Henson & Rohr, and myself, will be decided at the proper tribunal, the Patent Office. If a pending Patent bars use, how do Messrs, Henson & Rohr sell Guano Attachments whilst my patent is pending? Attachments whiles my pacete is penalty.

In conclusion allow me to express my sincere hope, that all who adopt this Attachment with the Drills of Messrs. Henson & Rohr, S. M. Pennock &c. may have their expectations of benefit therefrom fully realized. Sept. 30, 1853.

T. F. NELSON.

Editors who publish the Card of Caution of Messrs. Henson & Rohr, will please append the above to said Card, whenever it is inserted, and forward bills to this Office for payment. October 4, 1853. BOOTS AND SHOES. WE have on hand and ready for sale a large assortment of Eastern-made Boots and Shoes. Also, the most extensive stock of Domestic Make we have ever offered, and

are prepared to manufacture with promptness, every description of Boots, Shoes &c., ordered. We are selling the best Servants Boots for \$3.50 a pair. Ordets sent in soon. LADIES SHOES.

WE have on hand the best and most fashionable manufacture of Philadelphia and Baltimore LADIES SHOES, as follows. as follows: Best Full and Half Gaiters, Lasting; Do Morocco and Kid Gaiters; do Slippers;
do Walking Shoes;
do Misses do.;
do Children do,; The above Shoes was very carefully selected, and can be sold lower than by any house in the county, for the same article. HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

A LL persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Isaac Fleming deceased, are requested to settle immediately. Those having claims against the estate are solicited to present them for settlement, properly authenticated.
The undersigned will visit Harpers-Ferry every Saturday, for the purpose of attending to Claims, and in his absence the Claims will be left in the hands of Mr. Basil Avis, for collection. Oct. 4, 1853. SOLOMON FLEMING, Adm'r.

THE purchasers at Capt. Thos. G. Baylon's sale, are informed that their Notes will be due on the 1st of October next, and are in my hands for collection. They are respectfully requested to call and pay them when due—as they will be found in my possession, but for a short time.

MEREDITH EELM.

Lectown, Oct. 4, 1853—3t.

BLACKSMITH SHOP. THE subscriber having permanently located himself at the BLACKSMITH SHOP at Duffield's Depot, is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, at prices as moderate as any other shop in the county. He will at all times be prepared with Iron of all kinds for repairing or making Plough and other Irons used by the Farmers.

I solicit a call from those in want, feeling assured that all who give me a call will not go away dissatisfied. Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853. BLANKETS—A large stock of Negro Blankets; also, Crib Blankets, for sale very low by J L HOOF

VIRGINIA STATE FAIR AND SHOW THE VIRGINIA STATE AGRICULTURAL SO-CIETY will hold its first Cattle Show and Fair at the City of Richmond, on the 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th days of November next, and respectfully but carnestly ap-peals to the Farmers throughout the State who have not yet become members—as also to the Mechanics, Manufacturers, and to all who take an interest in the provement of our various resources, to aid the So-ty in this enterprise. By order of the EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Virginia State Agricultural Society. September 20, 1853.

RECEIVED AT THE CHEAP STORE
From Philadelphia,
1000 Cloth, Green Cloth, Cashmerett, Plush, Tweed,
Silk and Linen Coats, made in fashionable styles.
1800 Cassimere, Cloth, Doe Skin, Gambroon, Linen
and Cotton Pairof Pants, Plain and Fancy colored.
1000 Silk, Satin, Marseille and German Vests, some
French Embroidered, very costly.
1500 Silk, Kossuth and Straw Hats. Also Caps,
Handkerchiefs, Stocks, Shirts, Drawers and Socks.
These Goods will be sold cheaper, and are superior
to any ever brought to this county.
April 26, 1853.

NOTION

NOTICE. A LL persons are warned not to barter or trade with the Slaves under my control, unless they have a written order, as the law will be strictly enforced against those disregarding this notice.

THOS. S. JOHNSON. September 20, 1853-tf

CHANGE OF NIGHT TRAIN FROM HARPERS-FEERY. THE NIGHT TRAIN will wait at the Ferry for the Western Train, which arrives at 1 P. M., (night.) By this change passengers can leave Baltimore at 7 P. M., and connect with this Train; and the local travel to Martinsburg and other points, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad can return same day.

September 20, 1853. TAKEN FOR DEBT. SEVERAL dozen boxes of the very best Cigars, which I will sell either in box or retail, considerably below the usual prices. Samples sold at 2 cents a piece, or ISAAC ROSE. for 6 cents. ISAAC ROSE. WANTED.

I WISH to purchase for my own use, a NEGRO WOMAN, who is a good Cook and Washer. To such as will suit, a fair price will be paid.

Sept. 17, 1853 WELLS J. HAWKS. MULES, HORSES, AND COWS, For Sale. Bring about to close Shannondale Springs
for the present season, I offer for sale 2
young unbroken. Mules, 2 years old; a few
Work Harses, and several fine Milch Cows. Also a
Barouche. All of which I will sell low.
Sept. 27, 1853. G. W. SAPPINGTON.

AT THE LADIES' CHEAP STORE. A FINE assortment of Dress and Needle-worked Goods, bought at auction and sold at a small advance. Calicoes for comforts, fast colors, 18 yards for one dollar. ISAAC ROSE. ISAAC ROSE. Charlestown, August 23, 1853.

TAKEN UP. CAME to my Pen on Friday the 9th inst.

Ca Stray SPOTTED HOG, without any mark, and appraised at \$8, which the owner can have by coming forward, proving property and paying charges.

JONATHAN ANDERSON. paying charges. JONAT. Bolivar, Sept. 27, 1853—3t.\*

To the Farmers of Clarke County, &c. To the Farmers of Clarke County, &c.

WE would respectfully call the attention of the Farmers of Clarke county and all who want the best Thresher, Cleaner and Power, at the lowest price, to a Machine of our pattern, purchased by Mr. H. M. Nelson, near Millwood, from Mott, Lewis & Co., Richmond, who are building our Machine, they having purchased the privilege from us, and as their right to sell in Clarke extended only to Mr. Nelson's Machine, we notify the public that we can at all times supply them at our shop. Price \$275, all complete, with double cleaner and screen, which will make the grain merchantable at one operation. Persons wanting a good Machine will please call on Mr. Nelson, who will take pleasure in showing the machine and who will take pleasure in showing the machine and giving such information as they may desire.

ZIMMERMAN & CO. Charlestown, August 30, 1853-3m

A WATER CAR, WITH an Oil Hogshead, sufficient to hold 126 gallons, and superior running Gear, nearly new, for sale by V. W. MOORE. Charlestown, August 30, 1853.

JUST RECEIVED
BEST Ivory Table Knives and Forks, Roller Ends and Rack Pulleys for Curtains, Worsted Cord for Curtains, Brass Screw Rings, White Coffin Hinges, Screws and Tacks, Halter Chains, Axle Pulleys, Cork Screws, Waiters, Horse-Nails, Wire Rat Traps, Mule and Horse Hames, Revolving Warfle Irons, Matches without subbur. &c. without sulphur, &c.
July 19.
T. RAWLINS & SON.

MR. WILLIAM C. WARNER: SIR: You will please take notice that on Saturday,
It the 15th cay of next month, (October, 1853.) at
the office of Commissioner Cooke, in Charlestown, I
shall take the depositions of sundry witnesses to be
read as evidence in a cause now depending in the
Circuit Court of Jefferson county, in which I am
plaintiff, by my next friend, and you are defendant.
Yours,
MARIA WARNER,
September 13, 1853.
By her Attorney.

BELL HANGING. AM prepared to furnish and hang BELLS of all kinds, and in the latest and most approved manner. Respectable reference given, if required. Orders left at Carter's Hotel, Charlestown, will be promptly executed. P. E. NOLAND. Charlestown, September 13, 1953.

FOR RENT, THE Second Story and Cellar of my store on Main street. Rent low. Possession given immediately. Charlestown, September 6, 1853. SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST. THE undersigned tenders his thanks to the Citizens of Harper's Ferry and Bolivar, for their
liberal patronage, during the time he has been with
them. And having permanently located himself in
West Bolivar, would respectfully solicit a liberal
share of the patronage of that place, and the surrounding Community.

Those desiring teeth extracted—artificial teeth inserted—either on pivots or gold plates, can have it

serted—either on pivots or gold plates, can have it done in the most modern and scientific manner.

J. S. AULABAUGH. NOTICE WHEREAS, my Wife, SARAH MARGARET, has left my Bed and Board without cause, this is to forbid all persons harboring, or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debt of her contracting.
Oct. 4, 1853—3t. THOS. GOWENS.

AT THE LADIES' CHEAP STORE! TUST received, beautiful large pointed Collars, 75 cts.; second quality, 44 cts.; sweet little Collars, (worth 25 cents,) 9 cts.; heavy silk Parasols, latest style, \$1,50; 1000 cakes of Fancy Soap, three cakes for a fip! ISAAC ROSE.

Charlestown, May 17, 1853.

FIFTY HANDS WANTED,

To make Pants, Vests, Shirts and Drawers. I will pay 20 cts, above Baltimore rates to good Hands. No others need apply. August 30, 1553. DISSOLUTION. THE Partnership existing between Thos. RAWLINS and Thos. G. RAWLINS, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. THOS. RAWLINS having become purchaser of the Stock in Trade, and also the Notes and Accounts of the Firm; and become responsible for all the Debts of T. Rawlins & Son, he will constitute the best of the Rawlins & Son, he will constitute the best of the Rawlins & Son, he will constitute the Rawling & S

tinue the business as usual, at the Old Stand at the Market House. THOS. RAWLINS. TAKE NOTICE. THAT at the next Session of the General Assembly of Virginia, there will be made an application for an act to constitute the Potomac river from Strider's Warehouse to the Potomac Mills, a lawful fence. September 27, 1853.

JEFFERSON COUNTY COURT. NOTICE is hereby given that the October Term of said Court was changed by the Court in Jan. last, from the 3d to the 2d Monday in the month.

Teste,
T. A. MOORE, Clerk. BOYS BOOTS.

500 PAIR Youths, Boys and Childrens Boots. We can sell a better article than any house in the county. Call soon before stock is broken. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. HYDRAULIC CEMENT. -- Just received by July 19. H. L. EBY & SC. S.

CIRCUMSTANCES having rendered in necessary that the undersigned should close up his business for the present in Charlestown, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted, that they must come forward at once and liquidate balances. No indulgence can be given, and he hopes his old friends and customers may be disposed to save themselves cost, by an early compliance with this request JOHN AVIS, Jr.

BOOT AND SHOE MAKING. THE undersigned again gives notice to his old friends and customers, that he will hereafter conduct the Boot and Shoe-inaking business in all its branches, at the Shop recently occupied by John Avis, Jr. He solicits the patronage of his old friends, the late customers of the shop, and the public generally, satisfied that he can please all who may favor him with a call.

JOHN AVIS. Sr. JOHN AVIS, Sr. October 11, 1353. NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Winchester and Potomac Railroad Company will be held at the Court House of Frederick County, on Saturday, 22d October, at 11 o'clock.
Oct. 11, 1853—3t.

W. L. BENT, Sec'y. BARRELS.

25 on 30 Etherial Oil Barrels, on hand Oct. 11. L. M. SMITH. SALE NOTICE. A HORSE Cart nearly new, and several good Coal
Stoves, will be offered for sale before the Court House
of Charlestown on the 18th of this month. n Charlestown, on the 18th of this month, Court-day, Oct. 11, 1353. F. P. N. S. WHITE.

NEW GOODS. WE are now receiving our Fall and Winter Goods.
Oct. 11. KEYES & KEARSLEY. A SSORTMENT. -- Screw Wrenches, Brad Awls,
A Gun Caps, Screwdrivers, 3 inch Auger Bits, Gun
Wipers, Bed Casters, Scotch T Hinges, Scales and
Weights, Brass Kettles, Moulders' Steel Shovels, Wagon Boxes, Dusting Brushes, &c., to fill assortment,
just received.

T. RAWLINS & SON;

Let the Afflicted Read and Ponder!

MORE than 500 persons in the City of Richmond,
Va., alone testify to the remarkable cures performed by CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.

The great Spring Medicine and Purifier of the blood is now used by hundreds of grateful patients, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Skin, Laver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affections of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Fernald Complaints, Paines and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this great and inestimable remedy.

For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleasures the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the Stomach, makes the Skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution, enfeebled by disease or broken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vi-FACTSCANNOT BE DOUBTED

gor and strength.

For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of Carter's Spanish Mixture, will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses mantling to the check, give elasticity to the step, and improve the general health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medicines ever heard of.

A large number of certificates of remarkable cures

cines ever heard of.

A large number of certificates of remarkable cures performed on persons residing in the city of Richmond, Virginia, by the use of Carter's Spanish Mixture, is the best evidence that there is no humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Call and see a few hundred so of the certificates around. Call and see a few hundreds of the certificates around None genuine unless signed BENNETT & BEERS,

None genuine unless signed BENNETT & BERRS,
DRUGGISTS.
Principal Depots at M. Ward, Close & Co., No.
83 Maiden Lane, New York. T. W. Dyott & Sons,
and Jeneins & Hartshorne, Philadelphia. BenNETT & Beers, No. 125 Main street, Richmond, Va.
And for sale by Dr. L. M. SMITH, Charlestown,
T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry, and by Dealers
in Medicines every where.
August 16, 1853—19 ATTENTION, FARMERS. MESSRS EDITORS: I beg leave to advertise through your paper, an invention of my own, for which there has been a patent pending, and of which there has been a model for some time in the which there has been a model for some time in the Patent Office at Washington. I claim as my invention a machine called a Guano Attachment, to beaf fixed to any wheat drill whatsoever. The design this attachment is to sow a diminished quantity. Guano through the drill teeth with the seed wheat and thus cover the Guano and Seed Wheat up together, having been long well assured that it was highly important to put a moderate quantity of guano where it would be immediately appropriated by the roots of the wheat; and that it is exceedingly injudicious to spread large quantities of a fertilizer so costly, and so volatile, over the whole surface sown in wheat. In a few days there will be in the Counties of Fauquier, Clarke, Frederick, Jefferson, &c., a number of the Drills of S. & M. Pennock, with this attachment affixed to them. Farmers and Mechanics who take an interest in this matter are invited to examine them.

The attachment works with great regularity, having on a recent trial, sowed several times, without any perceptible variation, at the rate of 50 lbs guano

any perceptible variation, at the rate of 50 lbs guano to the acre, then 25 lbs., 15 lbs., 10 lbs., 4½ lbs. In fact the machine will sow from 5 lbs. to 500 lbs. per acre; or the guano can be shut off altogether.—Should famers who have previously purchased Drills, wish to use this attachment, I can have it affixed to any kind of Drill whatever. Sentember 6, 1853. Free Press; Martinsburg Gazette; Winchester Republican, and Virginian; Loudoun Democrat, copy three times and send bills to this office.

SCHOOL BOOKS. A LARGE assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS, just received, including McGuffey's Speller; Playfair's Euclid; Parke's Arithmetic; 1st Reader; do. Pike's do 4th do Smith's Grammar; Haren's Speller & Definer, Comly's Speller; Bonsal's do. Webster's quarto Dict'y;
Do royal octave do.
Smith's Geog'y and Atlas;
Mitchell's do do Davies' first Lessons in Arithmetic; Davies' Arithmetic;

Do Algebra; Do Surveying; Onley's do do Smith's quarto do Morse's do do ctry;
Do Elementary do. Herschell's Astronomy;
Manual of Elecution and Guinmere's Surveying; | Oratory.

With every variety of Miscellaneous articles to Schools, including Paper, Pens, Pen-Holders, Ink, Inkstands, Copy Books, Slates, Slate Pencils. For sale low by L. M. SMITH. Charlestown, August 30, 1853. PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at private sale, the TRACT OF LAND, near Lectown, in Jefferson county, new in the occupancy of Mr. Eben Trussell, and containing 218 ACRES, 38 acres of which are in prime Timber. This Land is in a good state of cultivation and produces well. The improvements consist of a good brick two-story DWELLING HOUSE and other convenient Out-buildings.

ALSO—THE TRACT OF 139½ ACRES, at present occupied by Mr. Trussell, and adjoining the above Tract and the lands of John C. Wiltshire, Thomas Hite and others. Of this Tract 55½ acres are also infirst-rate TIMBER, equal to any in the county. The improvements consist of a comfortable two-story Log Dwelling House.

Dwelling House.

The above Lands are limestone of fine quality, well situated in a healthy part of the County, and in an excellent neighborhood—and convenient to Charlestown, the county seat of Jefferson, to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, &c.

Terms of Sale made known by personal application to the undersigned at his residence near Kerneysville, in said county, or by letter (post-paid) addressed to him at said place.

JAMES V. MOORE.

July 26, 1853.

July 26, 1853. FARM FOR SALE. THE Farm adjoining Duffield's Depot, on the Balti-more & Ohio Railroad is offered for sale, (occupied by Mr. B. Bennett.) It contains about 100 Acres by Mr. B. Bennett.) It contains about 100 Acres of Prime Land, which is in a first-rate state of cultivation. The Improvements are valuable, with good Fencing, an abundance of good Running Water which never fails, and a SMALL ORCHARD of good Fruit. This Farm is one among the very best locations in this county, being in the immediate vicinity of Elk Branch Church, Stone School House, &c.

Terms will be made accommodating. Apply to the subscriber in Charlestown.

Aug. 30, 1853. SAMUEL RIDENOUR.

JEFFERSON LAND FOR SALE. JEFFERSON LAND FOR SALE.

I WISH to sell two small Farms of good Limestone
Land—one containing 150 Acres, with good
Buildings, Orchard, &c., adjoining the Lands
of John Lock, Fisher A. Lewis and the heirs of Daniel
McPherson, dcc'd—about 40 Acres in Timber.
Theotheron the Shenandoah river, containing 123
Acres of first-rate Land, with 30 Acres in TIMBER,
DWELLING HOUSE on the same, and adjoining a DWELLING HOUSE on the same, and adjoining the lands of George L. Harris and Dr. John H. Lewisheirs. For terms, &c., which will be made easy, apply to the undersigned at Myerstown, or by letter (post paid) to Kabatown, Jefferson county, Va.

Jan. 25, 1853.

JOSEPH MYERS.

THIS establishment, situated on Main street, and formerly managed by E. R. HARRELL, "Agent for E. Hunt," has passed into the hands of Joseph R. Evans, whose experience as a workman is generally known in this place and adjoining country. Being associated with E. Hunt, and having purchased a full set of machines, they are now prepared to do all kinds of work, and flatter themselves that they can give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their orders. ROOFING AND SPOUTING

will be done at the shortest notice, and in the best possible manner. A good assortment of TINWARE will be kept constantly on hand, at fair prices.

In short, every thing in their line, can be had at this establishment. orders from all in want of work of any description.
(In the above business,) are respectfully solicited.
HUNT & EVANS. Charlestown, August 23, 1853-1,

WANTED -- Small Bacon Hams and Lard, in exchange for Hardware, Groceries, &c. July 26. T. RAWLINS & SON. THE subscriber has received lately large quantities of seasonable Domestics and Fancy Dry Goods, bought at auction, also 150 yards Black High Lustre, and boiled Siks. To see the goods and learn the prices, will be inducement enough to buy.

September 6, 1853. SAAC ROSE. CIDER VINEGAR. 6 barrels of Cider Vine-gar, a prime article, for sale by September 6, 1853. JOHN L. HOOFF.

JUST RECEIVED a superior article of Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, for sale by September 6, 1853. JOHN L. HOOFF. TIDER VINEGAR ... Pure and first-rate for Pickling, for sale by
July 26.

T. RAWLINS & SON.

CORDAGE. 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, and 11 inch.
Ropes, Bed Cords, Plough Lines, Halters, Clothes.
Lines, Sash Cords, bag-string Twine, Chalk Lines,
Mason Lines, &c. Every size from a Fishing Line to
a Machine Rope, just received and for sale by
July 26.

T. RAWLINS & SON. WHITE AND BUFF MAPSEILLES VESTS.

Silk, Gingham and Linen Coats, White Linen
Pants, and other seasonable Goods, in the greatest variety, at ISAAC ROSE'S Cheap Store.

Charlestown, June 7, 1853. SPICES, of all kinds, for preserving and pickling July 26. T RAWLINS & SON DRESS TRIMING'S.—Fancy Silk Trimings, Silk Fringe, Silk Lace, Velvet and Ribbons, for sale

EMBROID ERY, &c-Inside Spensers, Under-Sleeves, Needle Work, Cuffs, Jaconet and Swiss Collars, Swiss and Jaconet Edgings, for sale by J L HODFF BONNETT RIBBONS—A large assortment of Rib-

HATS AND CAPS—Extra Mole-skin Hats, Cassimere Curled Brimmed Hats, Saxony Cubins, Cassimere Metropolitan, Planters do., Boys' Saxony Hungarian, Boys' Cloth and Glazed Caps, for sale by J L HOOFF

GENTLEMEN'S GOODS—A large stock of Cloths or for sale low by J L HOOFF

XTRA ARTICLE FOR GLOVES for sale by BOOTS & SHOES-A large assortment of Boots and Shoes of all qualities, for sale low by

A LWAYS on hand, a good supply of the best Flows for sale by R. H. BROWN.

to business still to megit a continuance to business still to megit a continuance (October 18, 1853.

niles from the Capitol before their morning papers

political interest during all the year—the proceedings of the Executive Departments and the information is of so much importance to the interests of every sec-tion of the country—that I shall continue the publication of the daily paper permanently, with a view to become the vehicle of the earliest and most correct in-It is a part of my plan to reduce the price of the daily paper to half that of similar daily papers; and thus I hope to extend its circulation so as to invite advertisements. I will publish advertisements of the Government. To subscribers in the cities I hope to submit such terms as will induce them to advertise their horizontal agrees in the cities of the content of the cities of the cities

their business in every village throughout the Union where the Globe is sent daily under the franks of members of Congress, all of whom take it, and some of

the public mind towards the next Congress with much

therefore I have concluded not to sell them apart, considering that neighbors can have the advantage of both by clubbing in case individuals shall find it too onerous to be at the charge of both.

To facilitate the circulation of the Congressional Globe and cheapen it to subscribers, Congress passed last year a joint resolution making it free of postage. I annex it, as the law may not be accessible to post-

ation between the representative and constituent bodies:

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the present session of Congress, the Congressional Globe and Appendix, which contain the laws and the debates thereon, shall pass free through the mails so long as the same shall be published by order of Congress: Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed to authorize the circulation of the Daily Globe free of mostage.

ceived by them, I will supply any that may miscarry in the mails. This work increases in value as it grows old. The first seventeen volumes will now command three times, and some of the subsequent ones twice, their original subscription price.

NEW PICKLING AND PRESERVING HOUSE.

Call and see them.
Charlestown, Oct 18, 1853

I HAVE on hand, at my nursery, on the farm of Apple, Pear, Peach, Appricot, Plum, and Almond Trees, of the very finest variety. As the public are aware, Mr. Lucas has been at great pains to procure the very choicest kinds from the best nurseries in the United States, and I have been allowed the privilege to bud and propagate from his trees, which, added to my own selections, gives me all the best varieties.—My Peach Trees, especially, sre very fine. My terms are accommodating.

JAMES STRONICK.

October 25, 1853.

(y-Stabler's "Good Medicines" are popular with all who know of them. See their advertisement in another column. Their "CHERRY EXPECTORANT" is admirable for Coughs, &c., and their DIARRHGEA CORDIAL is the best remedy for diseases of the Bowels now extant. [Sept. 6—1m] G-Strange .-- A gentleman Jas seen yesig-Strange. A gentleman Jas seen yesterday looking for a good and cheap Clothing Store.
Being a stranger, he had never heard of Rockhill &
Wilson's at which all the spectators were amazed. He
was soon shown the way to it, and was so satisfactorily
supplied, that he is going to buy all his clothes there,
and send all his friends to the cheap store, No 111 Chesnut street, corner of Franklin Place, Philadelphia.
November 16, 1852.

"V. B. PALMER, the American Newspaper Agent, is the authorized Agent for this paper in the cities of Boston, New York, and Philadelphia, and the cities of Boston, New York, and Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates as required by us. His receipts will be regarded as payments. His Offices are: Boston, Scollay's Building; New York, Tribune Buildings; Philadelphia, N. W. corner Third and Chest-

MUSTANG LINIMENT. for The Ladies will always rejoice at the happy experience of curing eruptions, sore nipples, broken or caked breasts, piles and corns, after a thorough trial of the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment will give the most undoubted satisfaction to every one giving it a trial for stiff joints, stiff neck or sore throat; it has proved itself efficacious in those complaints in many very stubborn cases.

HENRY L. BROOKE, Richmon'd city, S. S. THOMPSON, Lewisburg, Greenbrier co., P. P. DANDRIDGE, Lee-Town, Jen's son co., CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS, FOR MEN AND BOYS, WE have the largest assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings brought to this market, at prices as low as ever have been sold before the great advance in woolen goods. Our stock is entirely new, selected with great care by one whose attention has been directed to this particular part of the trade, gives the purchaser full confidence in getting the best and most desirable goods. We do not wish the public to believe what has been said above, but call and see the evidence, at the Clotir House of

NAILS—50 kegs, which we will sell much under the market price.

Oct. 18:

HARRIS & RIDENOUR. BLANKETS:-100 pair last season, purchased 25 per cent. less than the present prices. Farmers will do well to call soon. SPORTSMEN will find the best Powder, Shot, (all sizes,) Caps, Gun Wads, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, and Bird Bags. Also, one extra double barrel Gun. [Oct. 48.] HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

IQUORS, LIQUORS.—We have some splendid old Bourbon Whiskey, Brandy, Wines, &c., which we will sell very much lower than the usual price, as we wish to close out our stock of liquors,
Oct 18 HARRIS & RIDENOUR. L'RENCH WORK .- Swiss and cambric Collars,

THE First Annual Meeting of the Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire Railroad Company, will be
held at the Company's Office, on St. Asaph Street,
Alexandria, on Thursday, 20th October, at 11 o'clock,
A. M.

Oct. 11, 1953—3t.

Clerk.

SUGAR.--Fresh supply of good fip Sugar, just received and for sale by August 2, 1853.

R. H. BROWN. HERRING AND MACKEREL.—A fresh supply of Herring and Mackerel just received and for sale by (Oct. 18.) R. H. BROWN.

A FRESH supply of Soda, Water, Butter and Sugar Crackers just received, and for sale by Oct. 18 R. H. BROWN. RENCH GLASS 8 by 10 and 10 by 13-just re-A FRESH supply of prime New Orleans and New York Syrup Molasses just received and for sale by (Oct 18) \* R. H. BROWN.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS. WE have now in store a full and complete stock of Fall and Winter Goods. We ask a call from customers and the public generally.

Oct 25 SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

SWEET POTATOES just received by Sept. 27. H. L. EBY & SON 50 KEGS NAILS, prices low.

HARRIS & RIDENOD R. TEACHER WANTED IN District No. 7. THOMAS HITE, Oct 18 Commissioner

CHARLES P. MANNING, Chief Engineer of the above Road, made the following Report to the Board of Direc-tors, at a late meeting of the Company, held in Alexan-dria. As many of our readers are interested on the subject, we give the report entire:

Sin:—In view of the approaching annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, I propose, in submitting this, my monthly report, to review the operations of the department under my charge,—since the date of my appointment by your Board of Directors in June of the current year.

The authority given me by the action of the Board, on the 9th of June was, to organize and equip an Engineer Corps for the purpose of making thorough examinations of the most direct and feasible routes for that portion of your proposed Railroad lying east of the Shenandoah river,—and before the close of that month one company had taken the field and commenced their surveys at the anothern limits of the town of Alexandria.

By the time fixed for the meeting of your Board in July, these surveys had been extended, by way of the valley of Four Mile Rum, some twelve miles westward from Alexandria; and a second company was then on its way to examine the practicability of the Blue Ridge, at a depression in that range of mountains commonly known as Keyes', and formerly called Yestal's Gap.

At this meeting of July 19th, your Board concluded to extend these investigations throughout the country lying to the west of the Shenandoah,—as far as Paddy Town, the western terminus of your chartered privileges,—and

At this meeting of July 19th, your Board concluded to extend these investigations throughout the country lying to the west of the Shenandosh,—es far as Paddy Town, the western terminus of your chartered privileges,—and immediately thereafter steps were taken by me to carry this measure into effect, so that by the 1st of September three additional companies had been organized, equipped and placed in the field for active operations.

Thus your Engineer Corus, as now fully organized under my direction, consists of fifty members—divided into five companies, or parties of ten each—and appended to this report will be found a list of their names, and respective rank and pay.

I will now proceed to report the progress of the surveys and their general results—so far as the necessarily disconnected character of them will permit at the present time—and to submit such conclusions, as these results, and my personal explorations of the country have so far brought me to, respecting the practicability and nature of your proposed improvement.

After a general reconnoisance of the face of the country between Alexandria and the Shenandoah River, the instrumental examinations were confined to the developments of two leading routes—one of which looked to the passage of the Blue Ridge at Keyes' Gap, and the other at Saicker's Gap.

These two routes have but one common line from Alexandria, by way of the valley of Four Mile Run, to the summit of the high lands which divide the tributary waters of this stream from those of Difficult Creek. From this point—and in the neighborhood of the site of the Old Fairfax Court House—the two routes diverge—Thence, the northern, or Keyes' Gap line, descends Wolf Trap Run to Difficult Creek—down the latter a short distance to the "Republican Mill," thence ascending the eastern slopes and crossing the dividing ridge, one m lee to the south of Dranesville, it descends again to the valuey of Sugar-Land Run—where it enters the Country of Loudoun, and leaving the valley of Sugar Land Run crosses over the the north Fork, and ascending the valley of the latter, pass through Short Hill at the town of Hillsborough.—
From Hillsborough the line climbs the eastern slopes of the Blue Ridge in an oblique direction, towards the north, and passes the crest of that mountain, at Keyes Gap-whence it descends its western slopes in an oblique direction, to the south, and reaches the Shenandoah River at a point opposite the mouth of Long Marsh Rua.—
The total distance from Alexandria to the Shenandoah
by this route is computed—for the greater part from actual measurement, and the remainder from careful esti-

mates—to be sixty-five miles.

The southern, or Snicker's Gap route, from the neighborbood of the Old Court House site, in Fairfax Court descends to Difficult Creek by way of the valley of Piney Branches, crosses the former, and passing over the in tervening ridge falls into the valley of Sugar Land Rua about three miles to the south of Dranesville. Thence, ing the last named stream, and the country lying between it and Broad Run, it crosses the latter near the mouth of Horse Pen Run, and pursuing a direct course towards Carter's Gap in Catoctin mot tain, it crosses Goose Creek near Ball's Mill, and th nee across the neck of land formed by a gre bind in the course of Goose Creek, to the neight of Carter's Mill, where it enters the Gap about moned. Keeping the north bank of the Creek, and passing through the Gap the line will recross Goose Creek near Coe's Mill, with abridge sufficiently long to span both the Londoun Branch of the Manassa's Gap Railroad, and the stream with one continuous structure. Leaving C. e's Mill the line will ascend the valleys of the head tributaries of Goose Creek in a pretty direct course to Snickersville, where it will pass through the Bine R dge by a tunnel, and descending to the valley of the Shenandoah River by a devious course, will reach that stream at a point about one mile below Castleman's Ferry, and in a distance, computed -mostly by surveys already made-not to exceed sixty

In regard to the developments of the surveys, upon these two distinct routes from Alexandria to the Shenan doah River, I am not yet prepared to lay before your Board any estimates for a comparison of their respective merits, as to eligibility of position, or cost of construction; but I am happy to say, that the surveys, though as yet incomplete, have sufficiently solved the most important questions, to justify me in the following conclusions,

First. That either of the above described routes are practicable within the limits of grade and curvature assumed as a basis of my present operations—which limits are: for grades ascending westward 79 2-10 feet per mile. Grades ascending eastward 52 8-10 feet per mile. And for curves 1000 feet radius and Secondly, That upon either of the surveyed lines a first class Ratiroad can be constructed for two tracks, and provided with one from Alexandria to the Shenandoah River for a sum of money not exceeding an average of \$30,000 per mile-including tunnels. Gap-passes that smumi with an open cut of 30 feet; but upon the western slope, near the foot of the mountain, requires a tunnel of 1600 feet in leagth, through a spur which cannot be turned with the limit of curvature above mentioned. Also, that the sorveys have determined the length of tunnel required at Saicker's Gap to be less than 4500 feet—and, that it is but f ir to presume, in default of accurate and conclusive estimates, that the longer and much more expensive tunnel upon the Saicker's Gap

has been my purpose to confine the surveys to an ex-tension of the two three just described, to a convergence at Green Spring Gap—a pass in the North Mountain Range about ten miles to the north of the town of Wimone ter-where my explorations have led me to believe is the most accessible route to the summits of the Timber Ridges. Already have our surveys been made from the Shenandoah, at Castleman's Ferry, through Berry-ville. and near Winchester, to Green Spring Gap, and so far with great success as to grades, curves and cost, and a like result may be expected from the surveys that will soon be made upon the extension of the Keyes' Gap line, from the mouth of Long Marsh Run to the point

line, from the mouth of Long Marsh Run to the point of junction with the Snicker's Gap line, just spoken of.

From the re-union of these lines a common royte for their extension westward keeps the valley of Green Spring Run to its confluence with Back Creek, which latter it crosses, and then ascends to the mouth of Brush Run, and thence to the head waters of the latter, near the summit of Little Timber Ridge. Thence, crossing Little Timber, Big Timber and Bear Garden Ridges, which are here separated by the head tributaries of which are here separated by the head tributaries of Sleepy Creek, the line strikes the head of Bloomery Steepy Creek, the line strikes the head of Biodnery Run, and descends its valley through Bloomery Gap, in Cacapon Mountain, to the confluence of the north and south Forks of the Great Cacapon Creek. From this point value valley of Little Cacapon Creek the line must climb Sidling Hill and pass over to the head of Crooked Run, whence it will descend upon the slopes of the latter stream to the yalley of the former, and still with a constituent descend upon the slopes of the latter stream to the yalley of the former, and still with a constituent descend upon the stream to the yalley of the former, and still with a constituent of the yalley of the former, and still with a constituent of the yalley of the former. tinuous descent up the Cacapon, upon its eastern slopes, cross it at the mouth of Stewart's Run.-whence, by the alley of the latter, it will commence the ascent of South Branch Mountain. This mountain is undoubtedly the ected improvement, but it is already ascertained, by in-strumental examination, that it can be surmounted from the eastward by g, ades not exceeding 79 2-10 feet per mile—and I am encouraged in the belief that a descent of the western slopes, with 52 3-10 feet grades per mile, can be accomplished, from the fact that, over six miles of the m st difficult portion of this descending line have already been satisfactorily located. Leaving South Branch Mountain the line will cross

Leaving South Branch Mountain the line will cross the South Branch River at either the mouth of Quarry Run—which empties into it between the upper and lower Hanging Rocks—or the mouth of Mill Creek, near the north-western Turnpike Bridge.

In view of these two distinct crossings of the South Branch, two separate lines are being run from Paddy Town eastward to the river—and one of them has been approximately located across Knobley Mountain into the valley of Patterson's Creek—from the valley of which to that of South Branch no difficulty in obtaining a good line is apprehended. line is apprehended.
Altogether, the surveys west of the Shenandoah have

verified my expectations and confirmed my belief that a route can be obtained for your road, over the face of the country which is here described, without exceeding the limits of grade and curvature already assumed, and an average cost of \$50.000 per mile. The total distance from the Shenandoah to Paddy Town is approximately estimated to be from 97 to 103 miles, which excess in length, over a measured air line, is deemed necessary to the acquirement of the proposed grades.

By one of the lines already traced across Knobly Monutain it is ascertained that it can be passed with a tunnel not exceeding a half mile in length, and upon the line of our present survey over South Branch Monntain that summit is not found to require a tunnel of greater length, they Knoble igth, over a measured air line, is deemed necessary to

that summit is not found to require a tunnel of greater length than Knobly.

Having thus briefly laid before you a sketch of the proposed route by which it is presumed your road will be made to connect Alexandria with the great Coal field of Hampshire County (with some general opinions as to its feasibility and cost) I deem it proper on the present occasion, with the existing state of our instrumental examinations, to refrain from any i rither expression of opinious respecting features which are occurred, and have opinious respecting features which are seing, and have yet to be, thoroughly developed. Nor do I consider that the object of my present report to you calls for any discussion of the merits of this or of that route—or for an expression of my individual sentiments regarding the expression of my individual sentiments regarding the value of your project, and the great benefits which would certainly accrue to the trade and covamerce of a large and important section of the State of Virginia, by its early construction. But, during the coming month of January, I trust that it will be in my power to lay before your Board a report of facts sufficiently minute to develop all the merits, and decide the great question of literal cost of its construction.

with respect, I am your ob'dt serv't,
CHAS. P. MANNING, Chief Engineer. BUSINESS OF ALEXANDRIA.

that done any previous year, in all branches of trade, and has shown to the farmers and country merchants of this section of country, that they can procure their supplies, and sell their produce to as great an advantage here, as they can in other markets. Much of the trade from the upper Counties, which has heretofore been going to Baltimore, has this fall, been brought to this market, over our Rail Roads, and the merchants from those Counties are now buying their supplies here. This is a good sign, and gives evidence of the growing prosperity of our City.—Gazette, The business of Alexandria this fall, exceeds

TO THE PUBLIC. From the Charlestown Tin-Ware, Stove, Roofing, Spouting, Lightning-Rod, Shower-Bath and Bathing-Tub ESTABLISHMENT!!

THE Machinery of this Establishment is in full operation and the above mentioned Wares are now ling out with a rush. TIN-WARE. The assortment of Tin-Ware now on hand is extensive, and all orders from Merchants will receive prompt attention and Wares be delivered at their places of business without extra charge.

The Metropolitan Elevated Oven Cook Stove, for burning wood, is a strong and durable Stove, and will be sold with all fixtures complete, delivered, set up and warranted to operate well, for \$30, \$35 and \$40 for Nos. 3, 4 and 5. All persons in want of a good Stove, will please forward their orders and they shall have the pleasure of seeing one of the best stoves now in use, in operation in their kitchens, and if the Stove does not operate satisfactorily, it will be taken away after not operate satisfactorily, it will be taken away after six days trial and no grumbling. A good selection of other patterns of Stoves kept constantly on hand, which will be sold cheap. ROOFING AND SPOUTING

Will be done in a thorough manner, at short notice and at prices that defy competition. LIGHTNING RODS. Iron Rods with silver-plated Points, Brass Connec-ters, Glass Insulaters and malable fastenings, will be put up in a durable manner at low prices. SHOWER BATHS & BATHING TUBS.

During the Summer months may be found at this Establishment a good assortment of Shower Eaths, Bathing Tubs, Boston-Boats, Hip-Baths, Foot-Tubs, &c., &c., which will be finished in the neatest possible style and sold at Baltimore prices. JOB WORK.

Job Work of every description, connected with the Tin and Sheet Iron business, will be done with neatness and promptitude—in short this Establishment shall be the Emporium for the above mentioned wares and Great Bargains will be given to all its patrons. THOS. D. PARKER. Charlestown, May 10, 1853.

173-Cotton Rags, Wool, Hides, Sheep Skins, Old Copper, Brass, Pewter, Lend, Iron, Dried Fruit, Bees-wax, Beans, Corn, Hay, Oats, Wood and Bacon taken at the highest current prices in exchange for ware or

NEW BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY. THE subscribers would respectfully inform the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and Bolivar, that they have commenced the above business in Harpers-Ferry, on High street, a few doors above Shenandoah, where they will manufacture in the very best manner, and out of the best material, all they will manufacture in the very best manner, and out of the best material, all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES. All work will be warranted to be of the best quality, both in material and workmanshi;

Repairing will also be lically and on the shortest notice.

\* \* All work guaranteed to equal in style, beauty, finish, and material, any that is manufactured in the county.

JOHN T. RIELEY,
A. G. McDANIEL. Harpers-Ferry, February 1, 1853.

SHENANDOAH IRON FOUNDRY. THIS Foundry, situated on the Winchester and Potomac Railroad, 1½ miles from Harpers-Ferry, has been rented for a term of years by the subscriber, who would respectfully inform the public that he is now prepared to do, in a style of workmanship, which cannot be surpassed, if equalled, in this Valley, every description of Machinery and Plough Castings, at short notice.

Having been engaged in the business for many years in the largest foundries in the United States, and being now determined to devote his whole attention to business, he is confident that those who favor him with their work will at the same time, be favoring their own interests, as his prices for Castings shall be as low as at any foundry in the Valley.

Orders, from all in want of Castings of any descripion, are respectfully solicited.

HENRY C. PARKER.

Shenandoah City, August 3, 1852. WM. S. ANDERSON, MARBLE STONE CUTTER,

FREDERICK CITY, MD., RETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Jefferson and adjoining counties for the liberal patronage extended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line—such as MONUMENTS, TOMB-SLABS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES, &c., at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms; and his work shall compare with any other in the country. All Stones delivered at my own risk and

All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. Address WM. S. ANDERSON, Frederick city, Md., J. W. McGINNIS, Agent, Charlestown, Va., or JOHN G. RIDENOUR, Agent, Harpers-Ferry, Va.

THE SHENANDOAH CITY WATER Power and Manufacturing Company, HAVE the MILLS in operation. They will pay the highest price in Cash for Wheat, Corn, and Rye. They will grind all kinds of Grain for Tolls, exchange Flour for Wheat or other Grain—receive and forward all kinds of Produce or other Goods for Baltimore or all kinds of Produce or other Goods for Baltimore or other Northern markets. They have made arrangements with the respectable and responsible house of Newcomer & Stonebraker, of Baltimore, for the transaction of their business, or any that shall be entrusted to their care. Mr. Geo. W. Taylon, well known in this and adjoining counties as miller, has charge of their mills, who will give his attention and spare no maintenance of the conveny have more pains to give satisfaction. The Company have more WATER POWER to dispose of, on sale or rent, will give every encouragement to Manufacturers and Mechanics. They would invite them to call and examine

better location for all kinds of manufacturing business annot be found. They have obtained a charter for a Bridge across the Shenandoah River at their place, which when con-structed and Roads made will open to the fine settle-ments in the Valley of Loudoun, and give a more direct communication with Harpers-Ferry and Charles-town, and must give to this place additional advan-tages. They ask a share of the public interest and shenandoah city, Feb. 1, 1853. ISAAC GREGORY,

r themselves. They feel confident in saying that a

NEW BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY. THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of Halltown and surrounding country that they have commenced the BOOT AND SHOE MAKING BUSINESS in all its various branches. They will manufacture in the very best manner and out of the best material all kinds of Boots and Shoes. All work will be warranted to be of the best quality, both in material and workmanship, and guaranticd to be equal in style, beauty of finish, and material, to any work manufactured in the county.— They will make work as cheap if not cheaper than any shop in the county. Repairing will be neatly and substantially done on the shortest notice. All or-

ders thankfully received and promptly attended to. D. J. CARLISLE & SON. BLACKSMITH SHOP. THE subscriber having permanently located himself at the BLACKSMITH SHOP at Duffield's Depot, is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, at prices as moderate as any other shop in the county. He will at all times be prepared with Iron of all kinds for repairing or making Plough and other Irons used by the Farmers.

Irons used by the Farmers.

I solicit a call from those in want, feeling assured that all who give me a call will not go away GEORGE PENSE. Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853.

CHAINS.--I shall manufacture and keep constantly on hand a supply of all the various kinds of Chains used by the Farmers. Breast and Trace Chains, single and double link, straight or twisted, made of the best iron, and in the best style of workmanship.

GEORGE PENSE.

Description: Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853.

CARPENTERING AND JOINERING. THE subscriber returns his most sincere thanks to the citizens of Charlestown and neighborhood, for the liberal patronage he has received in the last five years; and hopes to merit a continuance of the same. He is always ready to execute work at the chortest notice, and will make it his interest to suit the times in

his prices.

He has procured a set of Draughting Instruments, and having made himself acquainted with Architecture, he is prepared to Draught and give plans and proportions for all kinds of work in wood. He will also make and carve to order Capitals for columns in the different orders of Architecture at the shortest notice. Always on hand SASH of various sizes for win-

Those wishing to patronise him will address him hrough the mail, or verbally at Charlestown.

[3]—All orders shall be strictly attended to, and gen ral satisfaction given. WM. A. SUDDITH.

Charlestown, April 5, 1853-1y JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP & IRON AND BRASS FOUNDR 7. OLD THINGS DONE AWAY AND ALL THINGS BECOME NEW

THE subscribers respectfully call the attention of the farming community to their very large assortment of FARMING IMPLEMENTS, comprising every kind of implement used by the farmer to facilitate and cheapen his operations, including our celebrated Patent Premium Thresher and Cleaner. which received the first premium over the New York Pitt Machine and several others at the Maryland State Agricultural Fair last fall; also, at the Washington County Fair, Hagerstown, Maryland, and at our Valley Fair, Charlestown—which for simplicity, durability, and capacity has no equal in the world. By a recent improvement we can make the machine clean all kinds of grain perfectly clean for market, taking out all cheat, smut, and light wheat if wished, saving altogether the use of a Wheat Fan; thus saving the farmer two-thirds his expense over the common thresher. together the use of a Wheat Fan; thus saving the far-mer two-thirds his expense over the common thresher, requiring but eight hands and from six to eight horses to thresh from 200 to 400 bushels per day, perfectly clean for the mill. This has never been accomplished-by any other machinist but ourselves, and all sceptic minds can have their doubts removed by trying one and if they cannot do what we have represented we will take the machine back without charge.

Shop price of our Thresher and Cleaner from \$250 to \$275, that is: Thresher and Chaffer ..... \$150 Charlestown, February 8, 1853.

BLANKETS—A large stock of Negro Blankets; also, Crib Blankets, for sale very low by

July 9, 1850.

Baltimore Crade.

J. NICODEMUS. GEO. P. THOMAS HEIM, NICODEMUS & CO., Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors, of every description. No. 383 Baltimore street, between Paca and Eutaw sts. Baltimere, April 12, 1853-tf

HENRY A. WEBB. JOHN MOOREHEAD H. A. WEBB & CO. Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c., &c. NO. 14 North Howard Street, Nearly opposite the Howard House, formerly the Wheatfield Inn., Next Door to Davis & Miller's Drug Store, July 12, 1853—1y.

Baltimore.

To the Millers in the Valley. MARTIN & HOBSON, FLOUR AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Corner of Eutano and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, Md. THANKFUL to their friends and the Millers in Virginia who have so liberally sustained their House, offer increased facilities for the prompt and most satisfactory performance of all business commit-ted to their corresponding

JOSEPH S. HASTINGS, Jr., Importer and Wholesale & Petail Bealer in Chine, Glass and Queensware, 202 Dultimore cirect, north side, between St. Paul and Charles streets, Bellimore, DESIRES to inform the public that he has just laid in an entirely new and elegant assortment of every description of

PLAIN AND FANCY WARE,

Baltimore, July 12, 1853-1y.

White, Gold-Band and Painted French China Dinner White, Gold-Band and Painted French China Dinner, Deczert, Ten and Breakfast Sets; Rich Vases of beautiful shapes and styles; Fancy Mugs and Cups, with or without mottoes; Castors, with Cut and Moulded Bottles; Cut and Pressed Tumblers, Goblets, Wines, Champagnes, &c., of new and beautiful styles; Jellies, Bowls and Dishes to match. An extensive and well selected stock of Granite and Common Ware. \$65-Country Merchants, Hotel Keepers, Steamboat and Thip Agents, Private Families, and all others who may want articles in this line, are invited to call and examine the stock and prices. Baltimore, April 12, 1853.-1y

E. L. MATTHEWS. F. HYDE. WM. SMYTH MATTHEWS, HYDE & SMYTH, Importers and Dealers in Foreign & Domestic HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, SADLERY, &c. Corner of Baltimore and Liberty streets, Baltimore.

Baltimore, June 21, 1853-Iy BERRYVILLE HOTEL. THE subscriber having leased the above well know

Hotel, in Berryville, Clarke county, begs leave to inform the travelling public, that he is now ready to receive guests. He is also prepared to accommodate Boarders, either by the day, week, month, or year.

HIS TABLE will always be furnished with all the varieties which the season and market will afford his Bar with the choicest Liquors, and his Stable with the best hay, grain, and ostler. As he intends to make this his permanent residence he will spare no pains in endeavoring to render those who give him their custom, both comfortably and happy. He flatters himself, from his long acquaint ance with business, and the manners of the world that he can please the most fastidious. His charge will be as moderate, as the expenses of any good pub

lic house in this section of country will justify.—
He, therefore, invites all to extend to him a share their custom.

WM. N. THOMPSON. Berryville, April 5, 1853. BLAKE'S PATENT Fire-Proof PAINT The subscriber has received a large supply of thi valuable Paint, which he is prepared to sell at the mos L. M. SMITH. reasonable rates.

RICHARDSON & OVERMAN, Umbrella and Parasol Manufactory No. 106, Market street, Philadeipnia. January 11, 1553-tf

EXCHANGE BANK

OF SELDEN, WITHERS & CO., WASHINGTON, D. C. THE undersigned respectfully announce that they have formed a Copartnership to transact a General Banking and Exchange Business in this city, under the firm of SELDEN, WITHERS & CO.; and are prepared to deal in Foreign and Domestic Exchanges Time Bills, Promisory Notes, Certificates of Deposite Letters of Credit, Bank Notes and Coin. We undertake to make collections and promptly remit the proceeds to any designed point within without the Union. Mr. WILLIAM SELDEN, a member of the firm, and for many years past the Treasurer of the United States e his careful personal attention to all financia business which we may be employed to transact with any of the Departments of the Government. The business which our employers may require us to transact, will be conducted with fidelity and promp-

WILLIAM SELDEN, Late Treasurer of the United States.

JOHN WITHERS, Of Alexandria, Va. R. W. LATHAM, Of Washington, D. C. L. P. BAYNE, Of Baltimore, Md. Washington, February 10, 1852-19

I firm of CAPRON & GOSNELL for the transa tion of a General Commission Business in all kinds of Country produce, was dissolved by mutual consent. R. J. CAPRON. J. L. BUCK GOSNELL.

Baltimore, December 17, 1852.

L. W. GOSNELL & SON, Country Produce Commission Merchants No. 71, Bowly's Wharf, South street, Baltimore. THE undersigned take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that they have closed up their Dry Goods Business, and will hereafter give their entire attention to the Commission Business, in all kinds of Country Produce, under the firm of L. W. GOSNELL & SON, and solicit any favors in that line as we can all times obtain the in that line, as we can at all times obtain the very highest market rates for every thing in the way of Produce sent us.

We intend to keep our friends constantly advised of the state of the market, and will furnish regularly a Price Current.

J. L. BUCK GOSNELL. Baltimore, December 28, 1852-1y WATCHES AND JEWELRY. THE undersigned has just received direct from Philadelphia a small assertment of WATCHES, Breastpins, Cuff Pins, Cuff Buttons, Lockets, Pencils, Rings, Gold Pens, ect. A few fine Fans, all of which he will sell on the most accommodations terms CHAS. G. STEWART.

TO THE JEFFERSON FARMERS. THE subscriber is now ready to buy any amount o highest market rates.

WHEAT and CORN, and will always give the He will buy Wheat and Corn delivered at either o the Depots on the Winchester and Baltimore Roads. July 19, 1863—3m E. M. AISQUITH.. GILBERT'S HOTEL, (LATELY JOHN COE'S,)

At the Railroad Depot, Winchester, Va. THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the well-known HOTEL at the Railroad Depot formerly kept by Mr. John Cop. dec'd. The House formerly kept by Mr. John Coe, dec'd. The Ho has undergone necessary repairs, and is now in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and so-

ourner.
A large and commodious Stable is attached to the premises, which will be furnished with the hest grain and hay and attentive Ostler. His Table will always be furnished with all the varieties which the seasor and market will afford, and the Bar at all times sup plied with the choicest Liquors.

His charges will be moderate. He therefore invites the patrons of the House to give him a call, as he is determined to spare no pains in making his guests

AJ-Boarders taken by the week, month or year.
BARNET GILBERT. (G-The undersigned takes pleasure in recommend-ng Mr. Glebert to the patrons of the House whilst nder the management of my Father, and respectfully solicits for him a continuance of their custom.

June 28, 1853. JAMES W. COE.

RAWLINS' HOTEL, Corner of Queen and Burk streets,

MARTINSBURG, VA. THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley House." The Househas recently undergone a thorough renovation; it is now believed to be in every respect renovation; it is now believed to be in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner.

A large and commodious STABLE is attached to the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors.

Baggage taken to and from the Depot free of charge, and in bad weather a Carriage will run to the Depot for the accommodation of travellers without any additional expense. tional expense.

JOS. C. RAWLINS, March 2, 1852-1y

SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL, Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va. THIS large and very commodious THREE-STORY
BRICK HOTEL, situated in the centre and business part of the town, is now among the most attractive and desirable resting places in the great Valley of The luxuries of the TABLE of this establishment, are surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior Wines and Several large Parlors and airy Chambers have been added since last year.

A Splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends the Charlestown Depot, upon the arrival of the Cars, which will convey visitors to the Hotel, free of charge. Persons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town, will pay a reasonable compensation.

Saddle and Harness Horses, Carriages, Buggies, and careful Drivers always ready for the accommodation of visitors.

GEO. W. SAPPINGTON. GEO. W. SAPPINGTON,

DICKSON & KING, Lumber Merchants, water street, George-town, D. C., KEEP constantly on hand a general assortment of Building Materials. October 12, 1852-1y

Intent Medicines.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, DYE-STUFFS, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, &c. M. SMITH keeps constantly on hand a very

I. large and fresh assortment of Drugs, &c.;
White Lead, ground and dry; Oils of all kinds;
Toilet and Shaving Soaps; Shaving Cream;
Sapophene; Barry's Tricopherous;
Hauel's Eau Lustrale; Wright's ditto;
And other Preparations for the hair;
Perfumery of every kind;
Lubin's Genuise Extract; Wright's Extracts.
All of which are warranted to be of the best quality and which will be sold at reasonable rates.

and which will be sold at reasonable rates.

Charlestown, January 11, 1853. HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. The Great Restorative & Invigorator, AND CURE FOR RHEUMATISM, DYSPEPSIA, SCROFULA, &c. THIS Medicine is altogether from the Vegetable Kingdom, and may be used by any one without

By a wise choice and combination of some of the best By a wise choice and combination of some of the best of each class of co-operative simple remedies, it fully reaches all the essential organs of the human system, and thus it has proved itself so effectually curative of the whole round of CHRONIC AFFECTIONS.

This article was discovered by Dr. Jesse Hampron, now in fine health in the 79th year of his age. He was born in Virginia in 1775, emigrated to Kentucky—then a wilderness—with his father, in 1779. In early manhood he was so reduced by disease as to be almost wrecked in constitution. He spent much of his living for medical advice and attention, and grew nothing better, but worse. Finding no relief from his physicians, he resolved to try the restorative powers of the roots, barks, leaves, plants, cct., of the forest. He then dwelt in the midst of the Red Men of the Western wilds. Having heard much of their skill in the use of vegetable remedies of the forest, and knowing their mode of medicinal practice must be one of practical experience and not of theoretical speculation, he made himself acquainted with their remedies, and also with the practical medicinal knowledge of the early settlers of Kentucky, had obtained from the 'medicine men' of the landians.

He carefully studied the nature of the readistines

of the Indians.

He carefully studied the nature of the medicines used by them, combined them according to the light he had received, used them as he had been taught, and had the cheering satisfaction of finding disease driven from his emaciated body, and vigorous health given in its stead. His case was of no ordinary kind, but astonishing to his friends and neighbors. The fame of it spread; the people far and near sent to the doctor for his successful and was freely given them, until the of the Indians. remedies; which was freely given them, until the cases became so numerous and the demand so great that the doctor was advised by his friends, and induced through justice to himself, to put up his Vegetable Tincture in bottles, and charge a price for it which was freely given. Finding its way into the first and most intelligent families, and astonishing all by its wonderful cures; commanding certificates and testimony in its favor from the leading and some of the most talented men of the country.

UNPARALLELED SUCCESS! The many cures made by it, and the great demand, have induced the proprietors to offer it to the afflicted in this city, with the honest conviction that the same happy results will follow its use here, as in numerous other places. HON. HENRY CLAY AND HON. R. M. JOHNSON have certified to its merits. CAPT. GANOT, brother of the celebrated physician to the EMPEROR OF FRANCE, was cured by it of Chronic-inflammatory Rheumatism of seven years duration after the skill of the physicians was cured by itol Chrome-inflammatory Rheumatism
of seven years duration, after the skill of the physicians
of Paris, London, and of this country had failed Rev.'
Vernon Eskridge, chaplain U. S. Navy, was cured by
it. Also, Judge Davies, Hon. T. H. Shelby, members
of Congress, with members of the State Department,
Washington, and hundreds of others, who give their
testimony to this wonderful discovery.

PHYSICIANS

most talented men of the country

PHYSICIANS h ve cured themselves, and the members of their fami-lis, by its use, after their own remedies had failed: some of them are so generous as to recommend it their patients.

o their patients.

It has shown itself most powerfully curative of NERVOUS DISEASES in their various forms, giving new life and vigor, restoring the shattered constitution, and thus infusing hope in place of despondency. By its mild, pleasant, and safe action on the stomach, liver, kidneys, lungs, and the nervous system, it cures DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DISEASES OF THE URINARY ORGANS, COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHIAL AFFEC-GANS, COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHIAL AFFECTIONS, CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, KING'S EVIL, WORMS, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEU-RALGIA, ST. VITUS' DANCE, FITS, FISTULA, PILES, with all diseases arising from impure blood. THE FEMALE SYSTEM, as, in DR. HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINC-TURE, A CURE for its numerous and complicated derangements. Hundreds who have been debilitated and dispirited, and on the verge of a premature grave, have been restored by its use to blooming health, which we are abundantly able to prove by such a host of LIVING WITNESSES as we think no other medicine can produc

To publish ALL THE TESTIMONY in its favor would make a large volume. us Letters and Certificates, showing RESTORATIVE AND HEALING QUALITIES, are published in a pamphlet, which with their originals, and a host of other commendatory letters not ye ublished, the proprietors will be pleased to exhibit to Attention is not called alone to the quantity of the testimony, but also, to its HIGH CHARACTER.

Thousands will testify to cures on themselves, wives children and friends, after all other remedies had failed. We give below a few extracts. we request ALL to call and get pamphlets (gratis,) and see history of the discovery of this medicine, and read the certificates of its cures, showing a mass of testimony, such, as we believe was never given to any other medicine.

LIVER COMPLAINT, DEBILITY. Extract from James Harris, Esq's., Letter, Alexandria,

After speaking of wonderful cures on himself, he says: "Mrs. H. has been suffering with the liver complaint and with inability, constantly complaining from weakness, through her whole system. She now enjoys better health than for thirty years, being entirely restored by the use of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture." Tincture." DISEASED SIDE, BREAST, EYES.

Extract from a Letter from J. Grimes, Esq., Loudoun county, Virginia.

"My wife has been for years afflicted with great weakness; pain in the breast, side and back; palpitation of the heart; feebleness of the nervous system; loss of appetite; complexion sallow; the sight of one eye almost gone, the other very weak. I am pleased to say, Hampton's Tincture has restored her to perfect health. Her eyes are as good now as ever they were." RHEUMATISM, 38 YEARS. Mrs. E. Bagwell, of Virginia, suffered from Rheu-matism from her 12th to her 50th year of age; at times entirely helpless. Being wealthy, she employed the best medical attention, and tried many medicines, but as cured only by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture.
CHRONIC INFLAMATORY RHEUMATISM.

CHRONIC INFLAMATORY RHEUMATISM.

The wife of Thomas M. Yeakle, 76 Pearl street, was a great sufferer for eight years. Restored to perfect health by Hampton's Vegetable Tincture.

MERCURIAL RHEUMATISM!

Mr. Jarrett Plummer, 158 East Baltimore street, suffered this disease intensely six years; could not sleep; dreadful ulcers formed on his limbs, from which splinters of bones issued. His physician pronounced him incurable; but Hampton's Vegetable Tincture cured him.

HEREDITARY SCROFULA! A boy in the family of Hon. W. P. Thommasson, once member of Congress from Kentucky, was a mass of sores from head to foot. His eyelids turned inside out, protruding over the eyeballs so as to produce blindness. He was cured by Hampton's Vegetable DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DISEASE, &c. Mr. Wm. Oldham, of Baltimore custom house, suffered these complaints for eighteen months, with both body and mind seriously affected. He was cured by

Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, after other things failed. Mr. Henry C. Winn had a cough for five years reat weakness, ect.; had, in all, five or six physins; tried all their remedics, but was cured on HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. (15-Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Bal-more st., Baltimore, and 304 Broadway, New York.

(G-Call and get a pamphlet gratis. L. M. SMITH, Charlestown. T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry. L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester. ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown. And by Dealers every where.

AFFLICTED, READ!! PHILADELPHIA MEDICAL HOUSE. PHILADELPHIA MEDICAL HOUSE.

ESTABLISHED 18 years ago, by Dr. Kinkelin, N.
W. corner Third and Union street; between
Spruce and Pine sts., Philadelphia. Eighteen years of
extensive and uninterrupted practice spent in this city
have rendered Dr. K. the most expert and successful
practitioner; far and near, in the treatment of all diseases of a private nature. Persons afflicted with ulcers
upon the body, throator legs, pains in the head or bones,
mercural rheumatism, strictures, gravel, diseases arising from youthful excesses or impurities of the blood
whereby the constitution has become enfeebled, are all
treated with success. treated with success.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Kinkelin may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as physician. TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Young men who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in —a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at school, the effects of which from evil companions or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt even when asleep, and destroy both mind and body, should apply immediately. Weakness and constitutional debility, loss of muscular energy, physical lassitude and general prostration, irritability and all nervous affection, indigestion, sluggishness of the liver, and every disease in any way connected with the disorder of the procreative functions cured and full views restored. and full vigor restored.

READ!! YOUTH AND MANHOOD. A VIGOROUS LIFE OR A PREMATURE DEATH! Kinkelin on Self-preservation—Only 25 cts. This Book just published, is filled with useful information on the infirmities and diseases of the generative organs. It addresses itself alike to Youth, Manhood and Old Age, and should be read by all.

The valuable advice and impressive warning it gives will prevent years of misery and suffering, and save annually thousands of lives.

Parents by reading it will learn how to prevent the destruction of their children. destruction of their children.

(C)-A remittance of 25 cents, enclosed in a letter, addressed to Dr. Kinkelin, N. W. corner of Third and Union streets, between Spruce and Pine, Philadelphia, will ensure a book under envelope per return of mail.

Persons at a distance may address Dr. K. by letter, (post-p\_id) and be cured at home.

Packages of Medicines, Directions, &c., forwarded by sending a remittance, and put up secure from damage or curiosity. age or curiosity.

Booksellers, News-agents, Pedlars, Canvassers, and all others supplied with the above work at very low [Jan. 18, 1853—1y.

THE undersigned having ocen elected a Constable in District No. 3, offers his services to the public He will collect and pay over with promptness all claims placed in his hands. Collections without warrants will be made with every possible dispatch, and the interests of those employing him fathfully regarded. He therefore solicits public patronage.

[Sheelectown May 21 1858] Charlestown, May 31, 1858.

Patent Medicines.



STABLER'S DIARRHOEA CORDIAL IS a pleasant Mixture, compounded in agreement with the rules of Pharmacy, of theraputic agents, long known and celebrated for their peculiar efficacy in curing Diarrhea, and similar affections of the system. In its action, it allays MAUSEA and produces a healthy condition of the LIVER, thus removing the cause at the same time that it cures the disease.

Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant I S confidently recommended to Invalids, as unsurpassed by any known preparation for the cure of COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and other forms of CONSUMPTION, in an early stage, and for the RELIFF of the patient even in advanced stages of that fatal It combines in a scientific manner, remedies of long estermed value with others of more recent discovery, and besides its soothing and tonic qualities, acts through the skin gently, and with great efficacy for the cure of this class of disease.

The valuable Medicines, above named, have recently been introduced, with the approval of a number of the Medical Profession in the city of Baltimore, and elsewhere, and in practice have succeeded most admirably in curing the diseases for which they are prescribed. They are effered to the country practitioner, as medicines which he can in all respects depend upon, as prepared in agreement with the experience of some of the most learned and judicious physicians, and strictly in conformity with the rules of Pharmacy, and as especially serving his convenience, who cannot so readily as the city physician have his own prescriptions compounded by a practical Pharmaceutist.

See the descriptive pamphlets, to be had gratis of all who have the Medicines for sale, containing recommendations from Doctors Martin, Baltzell, Addison, Payne, Handy, Love, &c.

Dr. S. B. Martin says—"I do not hesitate to recommend your Diarrhæa Cordial, and Anodyne Cherry Expectorant, &c.

Dr. John Addison says—"It gives me much pleasure to add my testimony to that of others, in favor of the extraordinary efficacy of your Diarrhæa Cordial," &c.; and of the Expectorant, "I have no hesitation in recommending it as a most valuable medicine," &c. The valuable Medicines, above named, have recent

Hoff's Row, near the Court-House. or the Expectorant, "I have no nestation in recommending it as a most valuable medicine," &c.

Dr. R. A. Payne says he has used the Diarrhea Cordial in his practice " with the happiest effect, and thinks
it one of the most convenient and efficient combinations ever offered to our profession." Dr. L. D. Handy writes—"I have administered your Anodyne Expectorant, in several cases of Bronchial affection, with the most happy results, and from a knowledge of its admirable effects, I can with the greatest confidence recommend it," &c. confidence recommend it," &c.

Dr. W. S. Love writes to us that he has administered the Expectorant to his wife, who has had the Bronchitis for fourteen years, and that she is first recovering from her long standing malady. It has in a few weeks done her more good than all the remedies she has heretofore used under able medical counsel.

Sixteen of the best Apothecaries and Pharmaceutists in the city of Baltimore, write—"We are satisfied the preparation known as Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant and Stabler's Diarrhea Cordial are medicines of great value and very efficient for the relief and cure of the diseases for which they are recommended, they bear the evidence of skill and care in their preparation and style of putting up, and we take pleasure in recommending them."

Duke. YOU are hereby notified that on THURSDAY, the 13th day of October next, (1853,) at the office of J. Mason Campbell, Esq., an Attorney residing in the City of Baltinore, Maryland, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. of said day, we shall take the depositions of said J. Mason Campbell and others, by virtue of a Commission from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Jefferson co., Va., and which depositions we shall offer as evidence on the trial of suits in said Court, depending therein under the name of J. H. Allstadt against Luther J. Cox and others, and Joseph and Samuel W. Strider vs. Luther J. Cox and others, and Nicholas Koonce vs. Luther J. Cox and others; if said depositions be not taken on that day or being be-Twenty-seven of the most respectable Merchants of Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina, who have sold and also used these medicines themselves, say—"From our own experience, and that of our customers, the depositions to be contained.

Respectfully,

JOHN H. ALLSTADT,

we do confidently recommend them Pro Bono Publico.
We have never known any remedies used for the diseases for which they are prescribed, to be so efficient and to give such entire satisfaction to all." The above notices of recommendation from members of the Medical Faculty, Pharmaceutists of high standing, and Merchants of the first respectability, should be sufficient to satisfy all, that these medicines are worthy of trial by the afflicted, and that they are of a different stamp and class from the "Quackery" ar "Core Alls" so much imposed upon the public, For sale by Druggists, Apothecaries and Country

Store-keepers generally.

E. H. STABLER & CO.,

Wholesale Druggist, 120 Pratt st., Balt.

AGENT at Charlestown,

AGENT at Kabletown,

FRANK ØSBURN,

AGENT at Shannandale Furnace, B. PURSELL,

And Loudoun Merchants generally, [Jan. 18, 1853.

MARRIAGE, HAPPINESS AND COM-WHY IS IT? That we behold many females, scarce in the meridian of life, broken in health and spirits with a complication of diseases and aliments, depriving them of the power for the enjoyment of life at an age when physical health, buoyancy of spirits, and happy serenity of mind, arising from a condition of health, should be predominant.

Many of the causes of her sufferings at first—perhaps years before, perhaps during girlhood, or the first years of marriage—were in their origin so light as to pass unnoticed, and of course neglected.

IN AFTER YEARS,
When too late to be benefitted by our knowledge, we look back and mourn, and regret the full consequences of our ignorance.

What would we not often give to possess, in early life, the knowledge we obtain in after years! And what days and nights of anguish we might not have been spared, if the knowledge was timely possessed.

IT IS MELANCHOLY AND STARTLING To behold the sickness and suffering endured by man a wife for many years, from causes simple and con trollable, easily remedied—or better still—not incurred IF EVERY WIFE AND MOTHER Possessed the information contained in a little vol (within the reach of all) which would spare to herself
YEARS OF MISERY,
And to her husband the constant toil and anxiety of

mind, necessarily devolving upon him from sickness of the wife, without giving him the opportunity of acquiring that competence which his exertions are entitled, and the possession of which would secure the happiness of himself, wife, and children.

SECURE THE MEANS OF HAPPINESS By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the want of which has caused the sickness and poverty of In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is excusable if she neglect to avail herself of that knowledge in respect to herself, which would spare he much suffering, be the means of happiness and pros perity to her husband, and confer upon her children

that blessing above all price—healthy bodies, with healthy minds. That knowledge is contained in a lit tle work entitled The Married Woman's PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION.

Professor of Diseases of Woman.
One Hundredth Edition. 18mo., pp. 250. Price 50 cts.
[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, \$1.00.]
First published in 1847, and it is not surprising or wonderful, considering that every Female, whether married or not, can here acquire a full knowledge of the nature, character and causes of her complaints, with the various symptoms, and that nearly half a million copies should have been sold.

It is investigated.

It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married, or those contemplating marriages, but no female desirous of enjoying health, and that beauty, consequent upon health, which is so conducive to her own happiness, and that of her husband, but either has or will obtain it, as has or will every usband who has the love and affection of his wife a heart, or that of his own pecuniary improvement.

(G-Upwards of one hundred thousand copies have been sent by mail within the last few months.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC. BE NOT DEFRAUDED!

Buy no book unless "Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, 129 Liberty street, N. Y.," is on the title page, and the entry in the Clerk's Office on the back of the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable deal-ers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, as there are spurious and surreptitious infringe LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER No excuse for Ignorance, when Ignorance is Misery to those we hold near and dear, and when to dispet our Ig those we hold near and dear, and when to dispel our Igvorance is within our reach.

To enable every one to decide upon the indispensable necessity of possessing a copy, and that no wife, or mother need remain uninformed upon the many causes, which, sooner or later, are destined to make fearful ravages upon her health, unless guarded against, and that no considerate and affectionate husband have cause to upbraid himself with neglect of the welfare of his wife—a pamphlet of thirty-six pages, constraing full Title-page and Index of Contents, together with extracts from the book, will be sent free of charge to any part of the United States, by addressing, charge to any part of the United States, by addressing post-paid; as herein. When knowledge is happiness, 'tis culpable to be ignorant.

(175-On receipt of One Dollar (for the fine Edition, extra binding,) "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (mailed free)

post-paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Box 1224, New York City. Publishing Office, No. 129 Liberty street, New York. New York, April 19, 1853-6m DOCTOR YOURSELF! Or, Every one his own Physician. THE Fortieth Edition, with one hundred engrav-ings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the Generative System in every shape and form. To which is added a Treatise on the diseases of females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating marriage. By WM. YOUNG

M. D.

(G-Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the Esculapius to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life, without reading the Pocket Esculapius; let no one suffering from hacknied cough, pain in the side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physicians, be another moment without consulting the Esculapius. Have the married or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

(G-Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE cents enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this book by mail, or five copies will be sent for one dollar. Address, (post-paid,)

No. 152 Spruce st., Philadelphia.

July 5, 1853—1y

July 5, 1853—1y PUMP MAKING. To the Citizens of Jefferson, Berkeley, Frederick and Clarke counties. omAGAIN appear before you as a PUMP-MAKER dwand as I hope you have not forgotten me in that acity, you will, one and all, call on me should you d any thing in that way. Please call on me at Charlestown, or my son, Thomas J. Brace, living near Mr. George B. Beall's, on the Charlestown and Shepherdistown road, as I have employed him to do the work. I pledge myself that all orders will be promp by attended to.

March 1 2822 March 1, 1858

Miscellanenus. 500 AGENTS WANTED.

PORTE MONNAIES, POCKET BOOKS,

AND FANCY GOODS.

Winchester, Va., April 12, 1853-1y

July 26, 1853-tf

Sept. 13, 1853.

MULES FOR SALE.

HAVE for sale, on reasonable terms and at mode-

BARTON & WILLIAMS.

JAMES Y. HARRIS.

JOSEPH STRIDER

SAM. W. STRIDER,

THE CHARLESTOWN DEPOT.

numity, such as SALT, FISH, TAR, PLASTER, &c.

Charlestown, January 3, 1853.

strike "for higher wages."

September 13, 1853.

Charlestown, August 16, 1853.

m oeffr on the most favorable tern

we are paid. September 13, 1853.

September 13, 1853.

September 13, 1853-6t

September 13, 1853.

Charlestown, June 7, 1853.

1853.

Charlestown, June 28, 1853.

C. & B. TURNPIK COMPANY.

INDIANA BRAN DUSTER.

Millers are particularly requested to call and see it. CHARLES S. RICE,

TAX NOTICE.

To the Citizens of Charlestown.

CORN, CORN, CORN!

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY.

August 23, 1853.

H. L. EBY & SON A RE now receiving a large and very general sup-ply of FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES, at the

BONNETS.—300 Bonnets on consignment, to be sold at city prices, for sale by April 26. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY.

PARASOLS AND FANS.--Received by Express, 2 dozen handsome Parasols. Some very nice Ivory Fans. Come soon. May 17. HARRIS & RIDENOUR.

CIDER VINEGAR. -- 10 bbls. of pure Cider Vinegar (warranted) just received by

Vinegar (warranted) just received by July 26. H. L. EBY & SON.

RYE, RYE.--20 bushels of Seed Ryc, for sale by Sept. 6, 1853. JOHN L. HOOFF.

TURNIP SEED. -- Another supply just received —Flat Dutch, Red Top Norfolk, White Flat Norfolk, and Swede or Rutabaga Turnip—Aults.

Angust 2. T. RAWLINS & SON.

R. H. BROWN

BACON.--Prime Bacon Sides, for sale by June 21. R. H. BRO

OAK SHINGLES for sale at Aug. 30, 1853.

Cheap Store

NICHOLAS KOONCE.

[F. P.]

BALTIMO RE LOCK HOSPITAL. \$1000 A YEAR. WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY OF THE UNITED STATES, active and enterprising men, to engage in the sale of some of the best Books published in the country. To men of good address, possessing a small capital of from \$25 to \$100, such inducements will be offered as to enable them to make from \$3 to \$10 a day profit.

The Books published by us are all useful in their character, extremely popular and command large sales wherever they are offered.

For further particulars, address, (postage paid,)

LEARY & GETZ,

A Cure Warranted or no Charge. Young Men especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of elequence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence. No. 133 North Second Street, Philadelphia.

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect leath.

Office No: 7, South Frederick street, Baltimore, Md., on the left hand side, going from Baltimore street, T doors from the corner. Be particular in observing the number, or you will mistake the place.

ROASTING COFFEE BY STEAM.--The Rubscribers having purchased the fight to dispose of Francis & Hart's Patent Coffee Roasters in Jefferson, Berkeley and Clarke counties, are now prepared to furnish one of the greatest comforts and economists that can be brought into a family. Roasting Coffee bysicam with this Roaster, preserves the entirestrength—making it at least one-third stronger than when roasted in the ordinary way. It prevents all escape of the aroma, adding greatly to its flavor, and requires only fifteen or twenty minutes in roasting it fit for use. It is very simple and economical, and the price brings it within the reach of every family. Coffee cannot be roasted with as much regularity in the ordinary way.

May 31, 1853. KEYES & KEARSLEY. Dr. Johnston,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Londons, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with a ranging in the ears and head when askep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

THE attention of the Trade, and others, in want of PORTE MONNAIES, POCKET BOOKS, BANK-ERS' CASES, DRESSING CASES, PORTABLE WRITING DESKS, BACKGAMMON AND CHESS BOARDS, CHESSMEN, PEARL, SHELL, and SIL-Take Particular Notice. Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences, that secret and solitary habit, which ruin both body and minit, unfitting them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melaneholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dispessia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c. VER CARD CASES, WORK BOXES, CABAS, NEE-DLE BOOKS, MONEY BELTS, CIGAR CASES, PORTFOLIOS, RAZORS AND RAZOR STROPS, TRAVELLING FLASKS, AND FINE CUTLERY, together with a large variety of FANCY GOODS, which will be sold at the lowest rates. Porte Monnaie and Pocket Book Manufacturer,
205 Arch street, below Sixth, Philadelphia.

August 23, 1853—\$4.

sumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, aversion to society, self distrust, love of solitude, timidity, &c., and some of the evils produced. OUR clients and the public are informed that T. T. FAUNTLEROY, Js., is connected with us in business, and has full authority to attend to any of our professional matters. His office is with ours, in

Nervous Debility.

Weakness of the system, nervous debility and premature decay, generally arising from the destructive habit of youth, that solitary practice so fatal to the healthful existence of man, and it is the young who are most apt to become its victims from an ignorance of the dangers to which they subject themselves. Parents and guardians are often misled with respect to the cause or source of disease in their sons and wards. Alas! how often do they ascribe to other causes the wasting of the frame, Palpitation of the heart, dyspepsia, indigestion, derangement of the nervous system, cough, and symptoms of consumption, also those serious mental effects, such as loss of memory, depression of spirits or peculiar fits of melancholy, when the truth is they have been indulging in pernicious but alluring practices, destructive to both body and mind. Thus are swept from existence, thousands who might have been of use to their country, a pleasure to their friends, and ornaments to society. Nervous Debility. Trate prices, FOUR VERY SUPERIOR.

MULES, now ready for work. They were
gotten by Mr. Willis' Jack.

I wish to purchase a NEGRO BOY, from 16 to 20,
who will make a good farm hand. To Luther J. Cox, the Maryland Silk Com-pany of Baltimore, David Sniveley late Sheriff of Jefferson county, and Talbot

Dr. Johnston's Invigorating Remedy for Organic Weakness. This grand and important Remedy has restored strength and vigor to thousands of the most debilitated individuals, many who had lost all hopes, and been abandoned to die. By its complete invigoration of the nervous system, the whole faculties become restored nervous system, the whole faculties become restored to their proper power and functions, and the fallen fabric of life is raised up to beauty, consistency and duration, upon the ruins of an amaciated and premature decline, to sound and pristine health. Oh, how happy have hundreds of insguided youths been made, who have been suddenly restored to health from the devastations of those terrific maladies which result from indiscretion. said depositions be not taken on that day or being be-gun and not completed, this notice and the taking of the depositions to be continued from day to day, until

Such persons before contemplating Marriage. should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.— THE undersigned have formed a Copartnership in the management and business of the Charlestown Depot, and hope the liberal patronage and confidence extended to the old firm, may be continued to the new. We are prepared to afford every facility for transacting all RECEIWNG AND FORWARDING BUSINESS, at the shortest notice and in the most punctual Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply is

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician. We are determined to leave no effort unspared to ac-To Strangers. The many thousands cured at this institution within the last ten years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the papers and many other persons notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skillful and honorable physician.

N. B. There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks advertising themselves as physicians, ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say to those acquainted with his reputation that his credentials or diplomas always hang in his Office. commodate the old and all the new customers who may favor us with their patronage.

We will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of articles suitable to the wants of the farming comwhich will be sold on the very lowest terms for cash, or exchanged for any marketable commodities.

[C]-COAL will be furnished to order, when desired.

V. W. MOORE & BROTHER.

LUMBER, LUMBER. ang in his Office. WE have on band and for sale, at the Depot in Charlestown, a LARGE LOT OF PLANK. Weakness of the Organs immediately cured, and full vigor restored. 11 inch, I inch and a of an inch, suitable for weather-boarding and planking of wagon beds. Also, a large lot of Gondolas. V. W. MOORE & BRO. ALL LETTERS POST-PAID-REMEDIES December 23, 1852—ly.

Charlestown Depot, July 26, 1853. WHAT NEXT? FALL STYLE FOR 1853. ISAAC ROSE'S CHEAP CLOTHING STORES, in MCPHAIL & BROTHER, FASHIONABLE HATTERS, Charlestown and Berryville, are now filling u with a complete assortment of Fashionable No. 132 Baltimore street, COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, Hats, Caps, and Jewelry. Most of these Goods were recently bought in Phila-delphia for little or nothing and will be offered on a

Will, this day, August 27th, introduce their FALL STYLE OF HATS for Gentlemen and Youths. They will be found to combine beauty of style and finish, and of workmanship equal to any other establishment, and at prices as low.

McP. & B., thankful for the very liberal patronage they have received, promise that nothing shall be neglected on their part to merit its continuance.

Baltimore, September 20, 1853. very small advance. To give a faint idea of the great Bargains that can be had now, a customer can get rigged out in Coat, Pants, Vest, Hat and Standing Collar All for \$2.37; Bankable Money! Now drop in and buy soon, before the Cheap Stores HATS! HATS! HATS!

of unsurpassed beauty of style and finish, and of quality unequalled, at prices as low as any other establishment, can be obtained at J. L. McPHAIL & BRO.'S, Manufacturers, 132 Baltimore st., next to Clipper office. Baltimore, September 20, 1853. THE Stockholders of the Charlestown and Berryville SAMUEL J. C. MOORE. TO THE Turnpike Company are hereby notified that an Election for President and Directors of said Road, will be held in the town of Berryville on Saturday, 15th of

October next. By order, J. D. RICHARDSON, Sec'y, and Tres'r. CITIZENS OF JEFFERSON & CLARKE THE undersigned beg leave to announce that they are engaged in the Mercantile Business, in the Store House at Summit Point, formerly occupied by Seevers & Bro. VINEGAR .-- If you want pure Cider Vinegar send to HARRIS & RIDENOUR. by Scevers & Bro.

They have just received, and now offer a full and complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, of the very latest and the most approved styles. They would call the attention of the Ladies to their Dress Goods, consisting of Silks, Tissues, Grenadines, Berage de Laines, Lawns, &c., which, in beauty and cheapness, will favorably compare with any that can be found. RON, IRON.--Just received Baltimore Tire Iron, Band Irons, Harrow-Tooth Iron, small round Chain Iron, Hoop Iron of all sizes, Sheet Iron,
Hughes' Nail Rods, Horse-Shoe Bars—
together with a large stock Prime Plough
Irons and Hammered Tires—all of which T. RAWLINS & SON.

They have also an excellent stock of Cloths, Casmeres, Summer Cloths, and other goods for gentle-Their stock of Grocriees and Domestics is large and well selected; in short, they have on hand, and intend to keep constantly, all such Goods as are usually found DERSONS indebted to Thomas G. Rawlins & Co., Thomas Rawlins and Thos. Rawlins & Son, if they wish to save Cost had better call and pay. We are owing money and it is impossible for us to pay unless we are paid. THOMAS RAWLINS. t a Country Store.
PRODUCE of all sorts taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market prices.

They solicit a call. MOORE & BECKWITH. PRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS, from 371 P. S. Having leased the Depot and Warehouse, we shall give close attention to the Forwarding and Receiving Business. We have reduced the commissions upon goods received, and they are now as low as at any Depot on the road.

Summit Point, May 10, 1853.—tf. ISAAC ROSE.

ONE of these invaluable machines, is now in successful operation in the Mill of A. H. Herr, Esq., at Harpers-Ferry, who has kindly consented to show it to all persons desirous of examining its performance. CASH FOR NEGROES. THOSE persons having Negroes for sale, can get the highest price by calling on the subscriber at Charlestown. Application in person or by letter will be promptly attended to. C. G. BRAGG. Frederick, Md.

THE Corporation Tax is now due, and all those that have not paid last years' taxes, will be called on for the two years.

C. G. BRAGG, MEAT-EATERS, ATTENTION. THE undersigned have been compelled heretofore to do business under many disadvantages, having to pay cash for all stock purchased, and sell the same upon a credit of at least twelve months. The Trustees of Charlestown, however, having established a Market, which has thus far been most liberally patronized, necessity upon the part of ourselves, no less than what we conceive to be the interest of our customers, compels us to give notice, that hereafter we shall keep the market regularly supplied with the best WANTED IMMEDIATELY 10,000 Bushels of CORN, for which the highest market price will be paid in cash. Also, any quantity of WHEAT.

R. S. BLACKBURN & CO.

market regularly supplied with the best

HEEF, MUTTON AND VEAL,
which meney or labor can procure, and to be sold at
the LOWEST PRICES, which our purchases will afford, for CASH ONLY. As this rule will operate not
only to our own advantage, but subserve the interest of our customers, we hope to be able greatly to
enlarge our business during the year, and furnish such
articles of Meat as have never before been seen in the
Charlestown market, and at prices of which none can
complain. A FEW loads of Wood, Oats or Corn, and a few Bacon Hams, in payment of any dues to July 26, 1853. THIS OFFICE. JALF BOOTS.—2 Cases fine Calfand Kip Boots.
June 7. SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY INEN AND GINGHAM COATS, a new complain.

(7) Those indebted on "old scores," are requested to settle up immediately, as all our capital, no less than our profits, are distributed among the community at large.

WILLIAM JOHNSON. SALT.--100 sacks G. A. and Fine Salt, for sale by July 12. H. L. EBY & SON. MACCARONI AND RICE, just received by July 26. H. L. EBY & SON.

large. SAML. C. YOUNG. Charlestown, January 4, 1853-tf NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been elected and qualified as Constable for District No 2, in Clarke county, offers his services to public for the collection of all claims, placed in his hands, according to law or on commission, and assures those who may entrust their business to his care that no efforts on his part will be spared to render satisfaction. All claims will be paid over as soon as collected.

HENRY D. HOOE. Store-room of Dr. Raum, two doors east of the Old Stand, and opposite the Post Office. Charlestown, April 12, 1853. CANTON CRAPE SHAWLS.

SWISS, Polka and Embroidered Dress Patterns,
French fast-colored Lawns and Silk Mantillas, at
ISAAC ROSE'S Cheap Store. Berryville, August 2, 1853. CLOCKS.--Iron, inlaid with Pearl Cases, and Ma-hogany; a few of the best time-keepers, just re-ceived by T. RAWLINS & SON. May 10. RECEIVED AT THE CHEAP STORE.

A FULL assortment of brown and bleached Mus-lins, Ticking, Irish and Union Linens, and sin-gle, double and treble purple Calicoes. 500 Boys' Cloth Caps, at 182 cts. a piece. Fancy Soap for wash-ing and shaving, 1 cent a cake. Pins, 3 cents a paper. August 30, 1853. ISAAC ROSE.

SHAD.--No. 1 Family Shad, just received and for sale by [June 21.] R. H. BROWN. CRACKERS.--Fresh Soda, Water, and Sugar Crackers, received and for sale by June 21.

R. H. BROWN.

A NOTHER CASE of those Boys Straw Hats.
SIGAFOOSE & HARLEY. HAMS.--Cincinnati Sugar-Cured Hams, just re-August 2, 1853. H. L. EBY & SON.

CORN.—We will give the market price for Corn in Goods or Cash.

Oct. 4.

KEYES & REARSLE Y PRIME COUNTRY CURED BACON, for Sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY. Charlestown, July 12, 1853.

SPICES.--Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Tunerick and Long Pepper, for sale by June 21. R. H. BROWN. WANTED. SCHOOL TEACHER in District No. CHEESE.--Fresh Cheese in store and for sale by R. H. BROWN.